Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje

Separate Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2024

CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Separate Income Statement	3
Separate Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Separate Balance Sheet	5
Separate Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves	6 - 9
Separate Statement of Cash Flows	10 - 11
Notes to the Separate Financial Statements	12 - 126



Independent auditor's report

To the Supervisory Board and Shareholders of Sparkasse Banka AD Skopje

Report on the separate financial statements

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Sparkasse Banka AD Skopje (the "Bank"), which comprise the separate balance sheet as of 31 December 2024 and the separate income statement and the separate statement of comprehensive income, separate statement of changes in equity and reserves and separate statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the separate financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with the regulation of the National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on auditing applicable in the Republic of North Macedonia (the "Standards"). The Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Revizija DOO 16, 8 Septemvri Blvd. Hyperium Business Center, 2nd floor, 1000 Skopje, Republic of North Macedonia, VAT No. MK4030008022586, T: +389 2 3140 900, F: +389 2 3116 525, www.pwc.com/mk



Opinion

In our opinion, the separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank as of 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year than ended in accordance with the regulations of the National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Annual report prepared by the Management in accordance with the requirement of the article 384 of the Company Law.

Management is also responsible for the preparation of the separate Annual accounts and separate Annual Report of the Bank, which were approved by the Supervisory Board of the Bank.

As required by the Audit Law, we report that the historical information presented in the separate Annual Report prepared by Management of the Bank in accordance with article 384 of the Company Law, is consistent, in all material respects, with the financial information presented in the separate Annual Accounts and audited separate financial statements of the Bank as of 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended.

Dragan Davitkov General Manager Sime Jovanovski Certified Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Revizija DOO Skopje

24 April 2025 Skopje, Republic of North Macedonia

Separate Income Statement For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

Interest income Interest expense Net interest income/(expenses)
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income/(expenses)
Trading income, net Net income from other financial instruments carried at fair value Foreign exchange gains/(losses), net Other operating income Share of profit of associates
Impairment losses of financial assets and special reserve for off-balance exposure, net Impairment losses of non-financial assets, net Personnel expenses Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses Share of loss of associates Profit before tax
Income tax expense Profit for the year
Profit/(Loss) on financial assets and liabilities held for sale Profit/(loss) for the year
Profit/(loss) attributable to: Owners of the Bank Non-controlling interest
Earnings per share Basic (in Denars) Diluted (in Denars)

	In thousands	in denars
Note	Current year 2024	Previous year 2023
3-100-131	4.130.578	3.497.651
	(1.360.611)	(918.380)
6	2.769.967	2.579.271
	4 204 055	4 000 040
	1.321.255	1.208.610
7	(568.727) 752.528	(517.493)
7	/52.528	691.117
8	_	_
9	-	-
10	318.593	346.774
11	70.340	74.613
24	-	-
12	(94.487)	(335.122)
13	(15.147)	(20.522)
14	(827.291)	(782.221)
15	(202.364)	(181.128)
16	(743.396)	(763.296)
24	-	-
	2.028.743	1.609.486
17	(292.537)	(147.185)
	1.736.206	1.462.301
	1.736.206	1.462.301
	1.730.200	1.402.301
	-	-
[-	_
41		
	829	698
	829	698

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.

The separate financial statements are approved by the Supervisory Board on April 24, 2025.

Signed on behalf of Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje:

Sanel Kusturica

47

President of the Management Board Nina Nedanoska

Deputy President of the Management

Board

Zlatica Civkaroski

Member of the Management Board

Aleksandar Djordjevic

Member of the Management Board Milka Rataikoska Joleska Head of Finance Directorate/Certified

Directorate/Certified Accountant – license number 0109038

In thousands in denars

Separate Statement of Comprehensive Income For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

	Note	Current year 2024	Previous year 2023
Profit/(loss) for the year Other gains/(losses) for the period, not recognized in the separate Income statement (before tax)		1.736.206	1.462.301
Revaluation reserve of assets available for sale - unrealized net- changes in fair value of assets available for sale - realized net gains/(losses) from equity instruments available for sale,		-	-
reclassified in Other reserves Change in credit risk of the Bank, for financial liabilities at fair value Income tax for other gains/(losses) not recognized in separate the Income		- 1	-
statement	17	-	-
Total other gains/(losses) for the period, not recognized in the separate Income statement			-
Other gains/(losses) in the period that are or can be reclassified in the separate Income statement (before tax)		-	-
Revaluation reserve for debt instruments available for sale - unrealized net-changes in fair value of debt instruments available for sale		161.743	170.623
 realized net-changes in fair value of debt instruments available for sale, reclassified in the separate Income Statement additional impairment of debt instruments available for sale 		915	-
- release of impairment of debt instruments available for sale Revaluation reserve of foreclosed assets		-	(4.825)
 revaluation reserve at the date of foreclosure decrease of revaluation reserve, reclassified in the separate Income 		-	-
Statement Reserve for instruments for hedging cash flow risk		-	-
- unrealized net changes in fair value of instruments for hedging cash flow risk - realized net gains/(losses)from instruments for hedging cash flow risk,		-	-
reclassified in the separate Income statement Reserve for instruments for hedging net-investment in international operations		-	-
risk Foreign exchange reserve of investment in operations abroad		-	-
Share in other gains/(losses) of associates not recognized in the income statement		-	-
Other gains/(losses) not recognized in the separate Income statement Income tax on other gains/(losses) that are or can be reclassified in the separate		(16.270)	(16.575)
Income statement Total other gains/(losses) in the period that are or can be reclassified in the separate income statement		146.388	149.223
Total other gains/(losses) in the period		146.388	149.223
Total comprehensive income for the year		1.882.594	1.611.524
Total comprehensive income for the year, attributable to:		-	
non-controlling interest		-	-

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.

Signed on behalf of Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje:

Sanel Kusturica

President of the Management Board Nina Nedanoska

Deputy President of the Management Board Zlatica Civkaroski

Member of the Management Board Aleksandar Djordjevic

Member of the Management Board Milka Rataikoska Joleska Head of Finance Directorate/Certified

Accountant – license number 0109038

TRANSLATION OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ORGINAL ISSUED IN MACEDONIAN

In thousands in denars

Separate Balance Sheet

For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Held-for-trading assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management Loans and advances to barks Loans and advances to other customers Loans and adva			III triousariu	s in denais
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Held-for-trading assets Held-for-trading assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management Loans and advances to banks Loans and advances to other customers Loans and advances to other loans and advances to o		Note		
Cash and cash equivalents	ASSETS		2024	year 2023
Held-for-trading assets 19		10	24 720 404	20.044.024
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition			24.729.404	20.014.631
Derivative assets held for risk management			-	-
Loans and advances to banks	Derivative assets held for risk management		-	-
Loans and advances to other customers			4 000	-
Investments in securities 23		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000 70 0000	00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/
Investments in associates 24 46.598 46.598 16.5		Manager 100 No. 10	TO POSSESSE AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY.	
No.000 N				
Other receivables 25 953,505 737,942 Assets pledged as collateral 26 7 7,942 Foreclosed assets 27 60,588 75,735 Intangible assets 28 352,506 345,281 Property and equipment 29 964,350 924,984 Deferred tax assets 30,2 - 16,264 Non-current assets held-for-sale and disposal group 31 - - Total assets 106,566,998 94,145,843 LIABILITIES 32 - - - Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition 33 - - - Derivative liabilities self for risk management 21 7 5,94,955 61,040,327 Due to other customers 34,2 72,065,575 61,040,327 61,040,327 61,040,327 Debt instruments issued 35 9,621,940 10,094,241 10,094,241 10,094,241 Storowings 36 9,621,940 10,094,241 10,094,241 10,094,241			46.598	46.598
Assets pledged as collateral Foreclosed assets F			-	-
Foreclosed assets		25	953.505	737.942
Intangible assets		26	-	-
Property and equipment 29 964,350 924,984 29 29 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 16.264 30.2 30.2 16.264 30.2		27	60.588	75.735
Deferred tax assets 30.2 31 16.264 Non-current assets held-for-sale and disposal group 31 106.566.998 94.145.843		28	352.506	345.261
Non-current assets held-for-sale and disposal group 31	Property and equipment	29	964.350	924.984
Total assets	Deferred tax assets	30.2	-	16.264
Total assets	Non-current assets held-for-sale and disposal group	31	-	_
Trading liabilities 32	Total assets		106.566.998	94.145.843
Trading liabilities 32				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	Trading liabilities	32	_	_
Derivative liabilities held for risk management 21 34.1 7.594,935 7.185.762 Due to banks 34.2 72.065.575 61.040.327 Debt instruments issued 35 7.205.755 61.040.327 Debt instruments issued 35 7.205.755 61.040.327 Debt instruments issued 35 7.205.755 61.040.327 Debt instruments issued 36 9.621.940 10.094.241 32.040.773 Special reserve and provisions 38 372.550 399.755 Income tax payable (current) 30.1 158.378 59.637 Deferred tax liabilities 30.2 6 60.4873 Deferred tax liabilities 39 668.984 664.873 Deferred tax liabilities 39 668.984 664.873 Deferred tax liabilities 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Deferred tax liabilities 40 5.594.758 Deferred tax liabilities 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Deferred tax liabilities 40 5.594.758 Deferred tax liabilities	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition		_	_
Due to banks 34.1 7.594.935 7.185.762 Due to other customers 34.2 72.065.575 61.040.327 Debt instruments issued 35 - - Borrowings 36 9.621.940 10.094.241 Subordinated debt 37 1.931.362 2.430.573 Special reserve and provisions 38 372.550 399.755 Income tax payable (current) 30.1 158.378 59.637 Deferred tax liabilities 30.2 6 - Other liabilities 39 668.984 664.873 Liabilities related to disposal group 31 - - Total liabilities 92.413.730 81.875.168 EQUITY AND RESERVES 92.413.730 81.875.168 Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares (58) (58) (146.446) Other equity instruments (58) (58) (146.446) Other reserves (58) (58) (7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equit				
Due to other customers		200 200 20	7 504 025	7 105 760
Debt instruments issued 35				
Borrowings		100 100000	72.065.575	61.040.327
Subordinated debt 37	NO PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY	1000.00	0.004.040	40.004.044
Special reserve and provisions 38 372.550 399.755 Income tax payable (current) 30.1 158.378 59.637 Deferred tax liabilities 30.2 6 - Other liabilities 39 668.984 664.873 Liabilities related to disposal group 31 - - Total liabilities 92.413.730 81.875.168 EQUITY AND RESERVES 92.413.730 81.875.168 Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares (58) (146.446) - Other equity instruments (58) (146.446) 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 104.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest 14.153.268 12.270.675 - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 - Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilitie				
Income tax payable (current) 30.1 158.378 59.637 30.2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			No. of Section 1997 and 1997 a	
Deferred tax liabilities 30.2 6 - -				
Other liabilities 39 668.984 664.873 Liabilities related to disposal group 31 - - Total liabilities 92.413.730 81.875.168 EQUITY AND RESERVES 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares - - - Other equity instruments - - - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) 00 Other reserves (58) (146.446) 00				59.637
Liabilities related to disposal group 31 Total liabilities 92.413.730 81.875.168 EQUITY AND RESERVES 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares - Other equity instruments - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - Total labilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 36.176.084 33.831.617		30.2	6	-
Total liabilities 92.413.730 81.875.168 EQUITY AND RESERVES 5.594.758 5.594.758 5.594.758 5.594.758 5.594.758 5.594.758 666.348 665.341 6.59.476 50.197 7.332.744 5.59.476		39	668.984	664.873
EQUITY AND RESERVES Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares		31	-	-
Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares - - Other equity instruments - - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 36.176.084 33.831.617	Total liabilities		92.413.730	81.875.168
Subscribed capital 40 5.594.758 5.594.758 Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares - - Other equity instruments - - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 36.176.084 33.831.617	FOURTY AND DECERVES			
Share premium 666.348 666.348 Treasury shares - - Other equity instruments - - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - - -				
Treasury shares	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40		
Other equity instruments - - Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - -	500.00000000000000000000000000000000000		666.348	666.348
Revaluation reserves (58) (146.446) Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - - -			-	-
Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - -			-	-
Other reserves 559.476 502.197 Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss) 7.332.744 5.653.818 Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675 Non-controlling interest - - Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - - -			(58)	(146.446)
Total equity attributable to the shareholders	Other reserves		559.476	502.197
Total equity attributable to the shareholders 14.153.268 12.270.675	Retained earnings /(Accumulated loss)		7.332.744	5.653.818
Non-controlling interest	Total equity attributable to the shareholders			
Total equity 14.153.268 12.270.675 Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - - -				
Total liabilities, equity and reserves 106.566.998 94.145.843 Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - - -	Total equity		14.153.268	12 270 675
Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - -				
Contingent liabilities 42 36.176.084 33.831.617 Contingent assets 42 - -	Total liabilities, equity and reserves		106.566.998	94.145.843
Contingent assets 42	Contingent liabilities	42		
	Contingent assets	I	-	-
	The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.			

Signed on behalf of Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje:

Sanel Kusturica

Nina Nedanoska

Zlatica Civkaroski

Aleksandar Djordjevic

Member of the Di Management Board Ad

Milka Rataikoska Joleska

Head of Finance Directorate/Certified Accountant – license number 0109038

President of the Management Board Deputy President of the Management Board

Member of the Management Board

A Dus

The proof

TRANSLATION OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ORGINAL ISSUED IN MACEDONIAN

Separate Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

For t	he perior	Trom J	anuary 1	1, 2024 to	For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	r 31, 2024												
		Eq	Equity				Revalued reserves				Other reserves		Retained earnings	amings		Total equity		
In thousands denars	Subscribe d capital	Share	(Treasury shares)	Other equity instrumen ts	Revalued reserves for assets available for sale	Revalued reserves for foreclosed assets	Reserves for risk mitgation	Foreign exchange reserves on investments in foreign operations	Other revalued reserves	Statutory	Capital component of hybrid financial instruments	Other	Available for distribution to shareholder s	Limited for distributio n to sharehold ers	(Accu mulate d loss)		Non- control ling interes t*	Total equity and reserves
As of January 1, 2023 (previous year)	5 594 758	666.348			(398.579)	102.910				450.544			1.033.059	3.210.110		10.659.150		10.659.150
Adjustments to the opening balance	-				-	1		•	-				,				'	
As of January 1, 2023 (previous year), adjusted	5.594.758	666.348	'		(398.579)	102.910	•			450.544	•		1.033.059	3.210.110		10.659.150		10.659.150
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year											2	1		1 462 301	,	1 462 301	,	1 462 301
Profit/(loss) for the year Other gains/(losses) not recognized in the separate income statement				1		•	1							1.402.30	'	00.50	(
Changes in fair value of financial assets available for sale	•	•	1	1	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	ī	1	•		1		•
debt instruments	,	ï	•	•		•	•	ì	ī		1		•	•	, ,	170 623		170 623
 unrealized changes in fair value, net realized changes in fair value, net, 	'		1	•	170.623	1	•	•	•		•			•		20:01		
transferred to Income Statement	•	ï	1		•	•	•	r	r		•	ı	,	•	'		ı	
instruments available for sale	•	ï		•		1	ï	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	ļ	•
 release of impairment of debt instruments available for sale 	•	1			(4.825)	•	i	•	•	1	•		•	ì	'	(4.825)	•	(4.825)
equity instruments	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	í	•				•				
 unrealized changes in fair value, net 	•	•		1	•	1	•		•	L	•	r	•	•		i		
transferred to Other reserves	•	T	•	•	•	•	ī	•	•		•	1	1	·		1	1	•
Changes in fair value of instruments for hedging cash flow risk	'	,		ĭ	•	T	×	•	•	•	•			•	•	ì	1	•
Changes in fair value of instruments for hedging net-investments in foreign							,		,	•			1	1	,	•	,	i
operations Foreign exchange gains/(losses) of	•							•		,	,	,	٠			,	1	
Toreign operations Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	•							•	,	i		,	,	•	1	ì	,	ī
Changes in credit risk of the Bank for					,	٠		,	•			,	•	,	•	·	1	•
Other gains/(losses) not recognized in						•	•	•	,	•	•		•	1	•	,	1	
Revaluation reserve for funds taken for	•	. 9							٠			,	•		i	•	1	
uncollected receivables Revaluation reserve for deferred tax													•	,	,	(16,575)		(16.575)
liabilities Derecognition of equity securities					(6/6:91)									٠	,			,
Total unrealized gains/(losses) recognized directly in equity and										,	,		٠			149.223	,	149.223
reserves Total comprehensive income/(loss)			1		440 222									1.462.301		1.611.524	•	1.611.524
for the year	•				149.223													

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.

Separate Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves (continued) For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

	Total equity and reserves			,	,	t	1		•	1				•	12.270.675	
	Non- control ling interes			1	•	1	,			•	ï	1				
Total	reserves, attributable to the shareholder s of the bank			'	6	•	1	2)				12.270.675	12 270 675
	(Accumul ated loss)			•					1	,	,	1				
amings	Limited for distributio n to sharehold ers			1	•	581.406	٠		•		'	400.000		961.406	5.653.818	5 653 818
Retained earnings	Available for distribution to shareholder s			•	(51.653)	(581.406)	,					(400.000)	200	(BCO:CCO:1)		
	Other				ı		•		9						•	
Other reserves	Capital component of hybrid financial instruments			•	ï	•	•				1					
	Statutory			1	51.653	ī	•	,					2	502 102	202.131	502.197
	Other revalued reserves			1		10	r	•			'	•	,			
	Foreign exchange reserves on investments in foreign operations			•	•	•	1				j	•	,			
Revalued reserves	Reserves for risk mitigation				•	•	•	,	,					,		
	Revalued reserves for foreclosed assets			•	•	•	T	,	•		ı	•		102.910		102.910
	Revalued reserves for assets available for sale			,	•	č	•				T.		,	(249.356)		(249.356)
	Other equity instrumen ts			•	•				ì				,			,
iţ	(Treasury shares)								•		1	,		,		1
Equity	Share		,	. 1	0	•	•	•						666.348		666.348
	Subscribe d capital					1	•	,	,		'	1	1	5.594.758		5.594.758
	In thousands denars	Transactions with the shareholders, recognized directly in equity and reserves	Share issued in the period	Allocation of statutory reserve	Allocation of other reserves	Dividends		Purchase of treasury shares	Sale of treasury shares	Other changes in equity and reserves - other	Allocation for investment investments		Transactions with shareholders, recognized directly in equity and reserves	As of December 31, 2023 (previous year)/ January 1, 2024 (current year)	Adjustments to the opening balance	As of December 31, 2023 (previous year)/ January 1, 2024 (current year)

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.

Separate Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves (continued)

	Equity	Ēģ	Equity				Revalued reserves				Other reserves		Retained earnings	amings		Total		
In thousands denars	Subscribe d capital	Share	(Treasury shares)	Other equity instrumen ts	Revalued reserves for assets available for sale	Revalued reserves for foreclosed assets	Reserves for risk mitigation	Foreign exchange reserves on investments in foreign operations	Other revalued reserves	Statutory	Capital component of hybrid financial instruments	Other	Available for distribution to shareholder s	Limited for distributio n to sharehold ers	(Accumul ated loss)	equity and reserves, attributa ble to the sharehol ders of the bank	Non- controllin g interest	Total equity and reserves
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year										,				1 736 206	,	1.736.206	,	1.736.206
Profit/(loss) for the year Other gains/(losses) not recognized	•	•	1			•	•		•									
In the separate income statement Changes in fair value of financial	,	,		•		•	1	i	•	•		•		,	•			
debt instruments				•	1	,	•	1	1		•	•	•	,	•			
 unrealized changes in fair value, net 	•			•	161.743	•	•	1	•	,	•	ì	•		•	161.743	•	161.743
 realized changes in fair value, net, transferred to Income 											,			a.	1		,	
Statement - additional impairment of debt					•	•		1	•	•						018		915
instruments available for sale		•	•		915	•	1	,	'		ı			•		2		•
instruments available for sale	1	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	1	1 1							
equity instruments - unrealized changes in fair value.		•	'				'	'				U				2		
	1	1	,	•	•	•	•	1	1	•	•				ı	•	•	
 realized changes in fair value, net transferred to Other reserves 				•	,	1	,	ì		•	•		•	•			•	
Changes in fair value of instruments								•	,		,	,		•			1	
tor nedging cash flow risk Changes in fair value of instruments																		
for hedging net-investments in foreign operations	•			•	,	1	•	1	•	•	,	•	,	•		•	ì	
Foreign exchange gains/(losses) of				1	,	'		•			,		•		•	•	ī	
roreign operations Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)															•	•	•	
recognized in equity		•		'	'	•		•	1									
for financial liabilities at fair value	•	ï	•		1	'	,			ī					•	•	•	
Other gains/(losses) not recognized in the separate income statement	1	•	•	•	1		ť		•	3	1	1		•		•	•	
Revaluation reserve for funds taken for uncollected receivables	•	,			1	1	,	,		•	1	•	100	,	•	•		
Revaluation reserve for deferred tax	•	,		1	(16.270)	'				•	•	•	•			(16.270))	(16.270)
Derecognition of equity securities	•	•		•	1	1	,	,	'	•	1							
Total unrealized gains/(losses) recognized directly in equity and		,			146 388	,		•		•	•			,		146.388		146.388
reserves Total comprehensive														1 736 306		4 000 504		1 882 594

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements.

Separate Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves (continued) For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

	Total equity and reserves					1	,	1	,	,		14.153.268
	Non- control ling interes				,	,	,	•	,	1		
-	oral equity and reserves, attributable to the shareholder s of the bank				i	,	,	ī	,			14.153.268
	(Accumulate d loss)					,	'	•	,	,	,	
amings	Limited for distributio n to sharehold ers			(57.279)	(21				,		(57 279)	7.332.744
Retained earnings	Available for distribution to shareholder s					1	,	,	,			
Se	Other							1			,	
Other reserves	Capital compone nt of hybrid financial instrumen ts		3					,		,		
	Statutory		0	57.279	. '					1	57.279	559.476
	Other revalued reserves		1			•	•	,			,	,
	Foreign exchange reserves on investments in foreign operations			. ,	1			. 1				
Revalued reserves	Reserves for risk mitigation			1 1		1		1	•	•		
	Revalued reserves for foreclosed assets		,		,	i	1	1	•			102.910
	Revalued reserves for assets available for sale		,		,	1	,	1	T		,	(102.968)
	Other equity instrumen ts					,	,	•		•		
iity	(Treasury shares)		1	1	•		1	•				•
Equity	Share		,	,	•	,	,		1			666.348
	Subscribe d capital		1	,	,	,	,	1	1	,		5.594.758
	In thousands denars	Transactions with the shareholders, recognized directly in equity and reserves	Share issued in the period	Allocation of statutory reserve	Allocation of other reserves	Dividends	Purchase of treasury shares	Sale of treasury shares	Other changes in equity and reserves	Allocation for investment investments	Transactions with shareholders, recognized directly in equity and reserves	AS of December 31, 2024 (current year)

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements

Signed on behalf of Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje:

Deputy President of Nina Nedanoska the Management Board President of the Management Board Sanel Kusturica

AD Skopje Bank

Management Board Zlatica Civkaroski Member of the

Member of the Management Board Aleksandar Djordjevic

Directorate/Certified Accountant – license Milka Rataikoska Head of Finance Joleska

number 0109038

TRANSLATION OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ORGINAL ISSUED IN MACEDONIAN

Separate Statement of Cash Flows For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

		In thousan	ds denars
	Note	Current year 2024	Previous year 2023
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before taxation		2.028.743	1.609.486
Adjustment for:			
Non-controlling interest, included in consolidated Income statement		- 1	-
Depreciation of:			
Intangible assets	15	105.285	93.361
Property and equipment	15	97.079	87.767
Capital gain from:			
Sale of intangible assets		-	-
Sale of property and equipment		(3.422)	(7.426)
Sale of foreclosed assets		· _ /	(1.239)
Capital loss from:			(/
Sale of intangible assets		-	-
Sale of property and equipment		-	-
Sale of foreclosed assets		_	_
Interest income	6	(4.130.578)	(3.497.651)
Interest expense	6	1.360.611	918.380
Net trading income	-	-	-
Impairment losses of financial assets and special reserve for off-balance			
exposure, net			
Additional impairment losses	12	4.126.071	3.850.337
Release of impairment losses	12	(4.031.584)	(3.515.215)
Impairment losses of non-financial assets, net		(,)	(0.0.0.2.0)
Additional impairment losses	13	15.147	20.522
Release of impairment losses		- 10.117	
Provisions:			
Additional provisions	38	8.980	8.828
Release of provisions	38	(39)	0.020
Dividend income	11	(00)	(4.705)
Share of profit /(loss) of associates		_	(, 00)
Other adjustments		8.876	(302)
Interest received		4.056.897	3.462.483
Interest paid		(1.147.981)	(807.992)
Profit from operations before changes in operating assets:		2.494.085	2.216.634
(Increase)/decrease of operating assets:		2.101.000	2.210.001
Trading assets		_	_
Derivative assets held for risk management		_	_
Loans and advances to banks		137	43.469
Loans and advances to other customers		(5.212.546)	(6.870.387)
Assets pledged as collateral		(0.212.010)	(0.070.007)
Foreclosed assets		(15.147)	(18.533)
Obligatory deposit in foreign currency		(82.506)	(1.219.329)
Obligatory deposit held with NBRM according to special regulations		(02.000)	(1.210.020)
Other receivables		(215.563)	(165.550)
Deferred tax assets		(210.000)	(100.000)
Non-current assets held-for-sale and disposal group		_	_
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:			_
Trading liabilities		_	_
Derivative liabilities held for risk management			_
Due to banks		409.173	2.844.034
Due to other customers		11.201.497	5.625.794
Other liabilities		4.111	198.457
Liabilities directly related to group of assets for disposal		_	
Net cash flow from operating activities before taxation		8.583.241	2.654.589
(Paid)/received income tax		(391.278)	(158.361)
Net cash flow from operating activities		8.191.963	2.496.228
not oddi nom nom operating activities	L	0.131.303	2.730.220

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statement

Separate Statement of Cash Flows (continued) For the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024

Cash flow from investing activities (Investments in securities) Inflows from sale of investment in securities (Outflows from investment in subsidiaries and associates) Inflows from disposal of investment in subsidiaries and associates (Purchase of intangible assets) Inflows from sale of intangible assets (Purchase of property and equipment) Inflows from sale of property and equipment (Outflows from non-current assets held-for-sale) Inflows from non-current assets held-for-sale (Other outflows from investing activity) Other inflows from investing activities
Cash flow from financing activities (Repayment of debt securities issued) Issued debt securities (Repayment of borrowings) Increase of borrowings (Repayment of issued subordinated debts) Issued subordinated debts Inflows from issued shares/equity instruments during the period (Purchase of treasury shares) Disposal of treasury shares (Dividends paid) (Other financing outflows) Other financing inflows from financing Net cash flow from financing activities
Effect from allowance for impairment of cash and cash equivalents

	In thousan	ds denars
Note	Current year 2024	Previous year 2023
	(4.910.608) 3.181.769	(2.294.253) 1.624.830
28	(112.530)	(122.219)
29	(145.067) 3.531	(96.940) 8.435
	-	4.705
	(1.982.905)	(875.442)
	(2.128.459) 1.665.234	(1.833.808) 2.162.783
	(491.960)	70
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	(955.185)	329.045
	(3.174)	(403)
	5.250.699	1.949.428
	14.189.149	12.239.721
	19.439.848	14.189.149

The accompanying notes are integral part of these separate financial statements

Signed on behalf of Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje:

AD

Net increase of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as of 1 January

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31

President of the Management Board

Sanel Kusturica

Nina Nedanoska

Deputy President of

the Management

Board

Effect from foreign exchange differences of cash and cash equivalents

Zlatica Civkaroski

Management Board

Member of the

Aleksandar Djordjevic

Member of the Management Board Milka Rataikoska Joleska Head of Finance Directorate/Certified Accountant – license number 0109038

1. INTRODUCTION

a) General Information

Sparkasse Bank AD Skopje (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank") is a shareholding company established in the Republic of North Macedonia. The company is headquartered at st. Vasil Iljovski 14, Skopje, Republic of North Macedonia.

The Bank is licensed by the National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia for performing the following activities:

- Collecting deposits and other recurrent sources of funds;
- Lend in the country, including factoring and financing commercial transactions,
- Lend abroad, including factoring and financing commercial transactions;
- Issuance and administration of payment instruments (payment cards, cheques, traveler's cheques, bills of exchange);
- Financial leasing;
- Foreign exchange operations;
- Domestic and international payment operations, including purchase/sale of foreign currency funds;
- Issuing payment guarantees, backing guarantees and other forms of security;
- Providing services of renting safe deposit boxes, depositories and depot;
- Trade in instruments at the money market;
- Foreign exchange operations (including commodities trading);
- Trading with securities;
- Trading with financial derivatives;
- Safeguarding of securities for clients;
- Giving advices to legal entities in relation to the structure of capital, business strategy or other related issues, or providing services related to merging or acquisition of legal entities;
- Sale of insurance policies;
- Intermediating in concluding agreements for loans and borrowings;
- Data collection and analysis of companies' credit rating;
- Economic and financial consulting;
- Intermediating in selling insurance policies;
- Purchasing and selling, guaranteeing or placement of securities issuance;
- Rendering services of custody bank to investments and pension funds;
- Marketing and sale of capital-funded pension insurance.

The Bank operates in the Republic of North Macedonia with a network of 36 branches. (2023:36 branches).

The Bank is a member of Steiermärkische SPARKASSE headquartered in Graz, Austria, owing 96,55% (2023: 96,55%) of the Bank's capital. Indirect and ultimate owner of the Bank is ERSTE Bank, Republic of Austria.

As of December 31, 2024, the Bank owns 49% of the voting shares of SPARKASSE LEASING DOO Skopje, as well as 100% of the shares of the company for construction, trade and services S-AMC 1 DOOEL Skopje, which until June 3, 2016 was previously owned by SPARKASSE LEASING DOO Skopje.

S-AMC 1 DOOEL Skopje is a company which operates with buying and selling of own real estate. It was initially founded on December 16, 2014 by SPARKASSE LEASING DOO Skopje with a special purpose of completion and sale of residential buildings, set as collateral by the legal entity to which the Bank had dysfunctional claim.

The shares of the Bank are listed on the official market on the Macedonian Stock Exchange and are traded in the sub-segment of joint stock companies with special reporting obligations, the ID quotation code is the following:

Symbol

ISIN code

INB (common shares)

MKINBA101012

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

a) General Information (continued)

The audited financial statements were approved by the Supervisory Board of the Bank on April 24, 2025.

b) Basis of Preparation of the Separate Financial Statements

Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period for Separate Financial Statements

The Bank's separate financial statements (unconsolidated) were prepared in accordance with the Company Law (Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No, 28/04, 84/05, 71/06, 25/07, 87/08, 42/10, 48/10, ,24/11,166/12,70/13, 119/13, 120/13, 187/13, 38/2014, 41/2014, 138/14, 88/15, 192/15, 6/16, 30/16, 61/16, 64/18,120/18 and 290/20 and Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No 215/2021 и 99/22), Banking Law (Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No 67/07, 90/09, 67/10, 26/13, 15/15, 153/15, 190/16 and 7/19 and Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No. 101/19, 122/21), the by laws issued by the National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia (hereinafter referred to as "the NBRNM"), and in accordance with the Decision on the Methodology for Recording and Valuation of Accounting Items and Preparation of Financial Statements (hereinafter referred to as "Methodology") (Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No 83/17) and the Decision on the Types and Contents of Banks' Financial Statements, and the notes to those statements (Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No 83/17 and 149/18) as prescribed by the NBRNM, applicable since January 1, 2018.

The criteria for classification of active balance sheet and off-balance sheet items according to the degree of risk are defined in the Decision on the methodology for credit risk management. As of January 1, 2024, a new decision Official Gazette 57/23 and 27/24 will be in force.

Application of the principle of continuity in the preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of the principle of continuity. In its assessment, the Bank's management takes into account the Bank's financial position, current intentions, profitability of the business as well as the availability of financial resources.

Standards that have been published, but are not yet in force

As of the date when these separate financial statements were approved for issue by the Bank's Supervisory Board, there are no standards published by the NBRNM that are not yet applicable.

As of 1.1.2025, the application of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 16 "Leases" as amended by the Decision on the Methodology for Recording and Valuation of Accounting Items and for the Preparation of Financial Statements ("Official Gazette of the RSM" No. 275/2024) will come into force, according to which banks using leased assets, which, in accordance with the provisions of the previous methodology, were classified as operating leases, are obliged, upon commencement of the application of the amendments to the Methodology, to re-evaluate all leases as of December 31, 2024, and on January 1, 2025, to classify and measure them in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution. The bank has made a revaluation of all lease agreements and the effect of the application of the amendments to the regulation for active lease agreements on 1.1.2025, the value of the right-of-use assets is MKD 100.692 thousand and the value of the liabilities is MKD (100.692) thousand.

The separate financial statements of the Bank are presented in accordance with the form prescribed in the Decision on the Types and Contents of the Financial Statements of the Banks ("Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia" No.83/17, 149/18)

The Bank's management estimates the impact of the changes in IAS, new IFRS, and their interpretations on the financial statements in a way as it's incorporated in the Methodology, as well as the requirements for the form and contents of certain balance sheet schemes under the Decision and the valuation of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses under the Methodology requirements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost principle, except for the valuation of investment in financial assets available for sale which have been stated at fair value, based on the assumption of the principle of continuity.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

b) Basis of Preparation of the Separate Financial Statements (continued)

Presentation of the separate financial statements

The presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with the Decision on the Types and Contents of Banks' Financial Statements, and the notes to those statements, prescribed by NBRNM, requires the use of best estimates and reasonable assumptions by the Bank's management, that affects the presented values of assets and liabilities, as well as revenues and expenses within the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for estimation of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for which no other data is available. Actual results in subsequent period may differ from these estimates. The presented separate financial statements are expressed in thousands of Denars (MKD thousand). The Denar represents the functional and reporting currency of the Bank for the purpose of reporting to NBRNM.

The bank has also prepared consolidated financial statements for the Bank and its subsidiary ("Group"). In consolidated financial statements, the subsidiary is fully consolidated. Consolidated financial statements are available on the Bank's website.

Use of estimates and assumption

The preparation of the separate financial statements pursuant to the Decision on the Methodology for Recording and Valuation of accounting Items and for Preparation of the Financial Statements and the Decision on the Types and Contents of Banks' Financial Statements, prescribed by NBRNM, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, contingent assets and contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and income and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumption are based on the management's best knowledge of the current events and actions, and previous experience as well.

Impairment losses on loans and advances

The bank is considering a portfolio of loans and demands to assess the impairment on a monthly basis. In determining whether an impairment should be expressed in the separate Income Statement, The bank is considering whether there is noticeable data suggesting that there is a measurable reduction in the estimated future cash flow from a loan portfolio before the reduction can be identified by an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include notable data indicating that there is an unfavorable change in the payment of the bank's recipients, or in state or local economic conditions relating to non-compliance with the bank's asset obligations.

The Bank estimates the level of credit risk losses on an individual basis for material receivables, and at the group level for the rest of the portfolio. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed on a continuous basis to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss occurred.

An individual review is carried out for Group 3 assets that have been assessed as non-functional, based on information about significant financial problems faced by the client in connection with breach of contractual obligations, such as arrears in the settlement of obligations, restructured credit obligations, and the likelihood that the client will initiate bankruptcy proceedings. For the rest of the portfolio, group value adjustments are made that are not evaluated on an individual basis. The financial asset group determines whether the expected loss of the loan should be taken into account for 12 months or for the entire life of the loan. The calculation of expected credit loss is based on the probability of default and loss due to default, which is calculated using historical data and statistical modeling, as well as predicted macroeconomic parameters. The models used to estimate future risk parameters are validated on a regular annual basis.

During 2022 as a result of the current geopolitical crisis, the Bank implemented new Stage Overlay criteria for industries that, according to the analysis by the Steiermaerkische Sparkasse Group, can potentially be affected by this crisis, namely Cycle consumer products, Energy, Metals and Chemicals. The same criteria continued to apply during 2023 until 30.06.2024. In June, the Stage Overlay and Stage 2 customer transfer was lifted for energy industry clients and they were classified into appropriate risk categories in accordance with the Bank's IFRS 9 methodology. The bank continued to apply only the Stage Overlay measure as a result of future economic uncertainty and a potential recession from the Ukraine crisis (applied to the portfolio as of 30.06.2022).

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

b) Basis of Preparation of the Separate Financial Statements (continued)

Use of estimates and assumption(continued)

The measure covers the credit rankings of legal entities in industrial activity Cyclical consumer products and their calculated probabilities of non-collection for the first year is higher than 250 basis points. Included in this measure were also customers in the Metals and Chemical industries and simultaneously falling into a cyclical industry, and the criterion of calculating the probability of non-charge for the first year higher than 250 basis points was applied. As of November 2024, the Stage Overlay measure for the credit ratings of entities in the Cyclical Consumer Products industry has been replaced by the new Industry Stage Overlay measure. According to the categorized risk profile of the industry and the criterion applied, the calculated probability of non-charge for the first year higher than 250 basis points is applied, the "Industry Stage Overlay" rule applies.

That is, according to the current assessment and categorization of the risk of industrial activity

- Risk profile "high" or
- A risk profile of 'medium' and a bank's 'hold' or 'decrease' risk strategy would be categorized for Stage Overlay only if the criterion of probability of default for the first year is higher than 250 basis points. The Bank used FLI (forward looking information) to measure Expected credit losses. The most important assumptions in the FLI (forward looking information) concept and which correlate with the level of Expected credit losses and their assigned average values are as follows for December 31, 2024.

Macro Variable	Scenario	Assigned weight	2025	2026	2027	
GDP growth	Donwside	49%	0,40	0,39	0,42	
	Baseline	50%	2,60	3,30	3,10	
	Upside	1%	4,95	5,65	5,45	
Inflation rate	Donwside	49%	4,60	6,81	5,45	
	Baseline	50%	2,70	3,50	3,20	
	Upside	1%	0,70	1,50	1,20	
Unemployment rate	Donwside	49%	14,90	14,54	14,05	
	Baseline	50%	11,70	11,40	11,00	
	Upside	1%	10,65	10,35	9,95	

To include different macro scenarios, the bank uses three different scenarios (Negative, Basic, Positive). The basic scenarios are taken from IMF forecast data. The negative scenario is expertly stressed according to the expected stressed economic movements of macro variables. During 2024, the Bank has implemented two FLI (forward-looking information) scenarios in June and November 2024. The total effects of the application of FLI (forward looking information) amounted to MKD 30,923 thousand.

Off-Balance Sheet Records

In the normal course of business, the Bank enters into credit commitments recorded on off-balance sheet accounts, which primarily include financial guarantees and letters of credit. These financial liabilities are recorded in the separate Balance Sheet when they can be recovered. Provision for impairment of off-balance contingent liabilities is presented within the "Impairment of Financial Assets" section within this Note and is presented as a liability in the separate Balance Sheet.

Changing the ponder from negative to basic scenario will lead to a decrease in the reservation of damage losses.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to settle a liability under market conditions. Detailed information on the fair value of the financial instruments is given in Note 5.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

b) Basis of Preparation of the Separate Financial Statements (continued)

Use of estimates and assumption(continued)

The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if it affects only that period, or in the period of estimation and future periods if the revised estimation affects both current and future periods.

Information regarding the significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying the accounting policies with the most significant impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements are presented in Note 1 d) to the financial statements.

The Bank's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in Note 1 c) to the separate financial statements.

The accounting policies presented below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these separate financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into Denars at exchange rates set by NBRNM at the dates of the transactions.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are denominated in Denars using the official exchange rates ruling as of the date of compilation of the separate Balance Sheet, while all positive and negative exchange rate differences arising from the conversion of foreign currency amounts are included in the separate Income Statement in the period in which they are incurred. The average exchange rates that were applied to show the positions of the separate Balance Sheet denominated in foreign currency are the following:

	<u>31.12.2024</u>	<u>31.12.2023</u>
1 EUR	61,4950 MKD	61,4950 MKD
1 USD	58,8807 MKD	55,6516 MKD
1 CHF	64,1775 MKD	66,4093 MKD

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and net amount is presented in the Separate Balance Sheet statement when the Bank has a legal right to offset the recognized amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Comparative Figures

Where necessary, certain prior-year figures are reclassified to conform with changes to the current year's presentation for comparative purposes.

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the Separate Income Statement for all interest-bearing financial instruments on an accrual basis, measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Bank estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and commissions paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Interest Income and Expenses (continued)

If, during the lifetime of the financial instrument, any significant changes in the contractual cash flow (except impairment) occur, but not leading to de-recognition of the financial asset (example: prolongation of contractual period of payment, change in interest rate etc.), and for which the Bank has determined that the conditions for classification and measurement at amortized cost are still met, the Bank recalculates a new carrying amount of the changed asset, which is equal to the present value of future changes cash flows, discounted with the original effective interest rate.

The difference between the new and the old carrying amount is recognized as gain or loss in the Income statement in the position net interest income, as well as in the accumulated depreciation position within the balance sheet receivables.

Fee and Commission Income

Fee and commission income mainly consists of financial services provided by the Bank and includes issuing letters of guarantee, letters of credit, payment operations in the country or abroad and other services. Fee and commission income is recorded on an accrual basis when the service has been provided.

Dividend Income

Dividends are recognized in the separate statement of profit or loss when Bank's right to receive payment is established and inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Net Trading Income

Net trading income includes all realized and unrealized fair value changes during the subsequent measurement, profit or loss on disposals, dividends, interest income and interest expenses relating to trading assets and trading liabilities as well as trading derivatives.

Net trading income is measured at fair value changes of trading assets and trading liabilities, which is a difference between their carrying amount and fair value as of the separate balance sheet date.

Net Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses

Net foreign exchange gains/(losses) are realized or unrealized exchange differences arising from:

- offsetting foreign currency transactions, cash and non-cash items, throughout the entire financial year, and
- converting cash items denominated in foreign currency on the separate balance sheet date.

Other Operating Income

Other operating income consists of:

- · gains from sale of available-for-sale financial assets;
- income from dividends of available-for-sale financial assets;
- gains from sale of property and equipment and intangible assets, which is the difference between sale inflows and their carrying amount on the disposal date;
- gains from collection of previously written-off loans and receivables;
- operating lease income;
- income from previous years;
- net release of provisions by type (for pension and other employees' benefits, potential liabilities of court proceedings and other provisions), and
- other income.

Income is recognized and measured by the relevant standard referred to the asset based on which the income is realized.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment Losses / Impairment of Financial Assets

Impairment losses are measured as the difference between the financial asset carrying amount and its recoverable amount, which is a present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the financial asset's original effective interest rate:

- loans and advances to banks and other clients;
- · held-to-maturity financial assets; and
- available-for-sale financial assets

Impairment losses are recognized when there is an evidence that the financial asset carrying amount is higher than its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recorded in the separate statement of profit or loss as allowance for impairment (impairment losses) of financial assets, on a net basis.

In the case where the causes for the impairment loss cease to exist, it is necessary to annul previously recognized impairment loss through the separate income statement item "Net impairment loss of financial assets". Subsequent release of allowance for impairment of financial asset is recognized only for financial asset recorded at depreciated cost and available-for-sale debt instruments.

Subsequent releases of the impairment loss are not recognized for financial assets measured at cost and available-for-sale equity instruments as well.

Impairment allowance (impairment loss) is measured and recognized as follows:

- on individual base, for financial assets that are individually significant items/exposures;
- on group base, for a group of similar financial assets for which individual impairment loss may not be determined or has not been determined.

Impairment Loss of Non-financial Assets

Impairment loss of non-financial assets is a difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount of:

- property and equipment;
- intangible assets;
- foreclosed assets based on outstanding receivables;
- non-current assets held for sale and disposal group; and
- other assets

The Bank assesses, on each separate Balance Sheet date, whether objective evidence exists that the non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired.

Impairment loss is recognized once there is evidence that the carrying amount is higher than the estimated recoverable amount of the non-financial asset and it is recognized in the separate Income Statement as net impairment loss of the non-financial assets.

When the causes for impairment loss have ceased, previously recognized loss through the separate Income Statement item net impairment loss of non-financial assets, should be annulated, but only up to the amount of the previously recognized impairment loss. Subsequent release of the impairment loss is not recognized in the case of foreclosed assets.

Expenses for Employees

Expenses for employees include:

- short-term benefits for the employees (salaries, compulsory allowances for social and health insurance, personal tax, short-term paid leaves, bonuses and etc.):
- long-term benefits for the employees (jubilee rewards, pension benefits and etc.); and
- defined contribution plan (payment of contributions in special fund).

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Expenses for Employees (continued)

Short-term benefits are recognized at the period when they have been incurred and when obtaining the relevant service. Short-term benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount, which is expected to be paid off based on employment and is recognized in the separate Income Statement as expenses. Long-term benefits are measured at the present value of the defined benefit liability on the separate Balance Sheet date, reduced for the fair value of the planned assets on the separate Balance Sheet date, which are to be paid directly. Each actuarial gain or loss is recognized in the separate Income Statement in the period in which it was incurred.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of intangible assets is distributed on systematic base in the time of the best respective life assessment. The Bank assesses whether the useful life of the intangible asset is finite or indefinite and, if finite, then the length of the application is its respective useful life.

The calculation of amortization begins when the asset is available for use and ceases when the assets is classified as held-for-sale or is derecognized. Amortization continues to be calculated for intangible assets placed out of use. The Bank will amortize all intangible assets individually, classifying the assets with equivalent useful life and amortization method in amortization groups.

Amortization rates are determined in a way that the value of tangible assets is allocated to costs in the estimated period of their usefulness.

Amortization is calculated by straight-line method, and the amortization expense for each period is recognized as cost in the separate Income Statement item "Depreciation and amortization". The estimated useful life of intangible assets is as follows:

- Intangible assets (software and license): 4 years.

The amortization period (residual value and useful life of the asset) and the amortization method is revised at the end of each financial year and if a change is determined it should be recorded as a change of accounting assessment, prospectively in the current and future periods.

Depreciation of Tangible Assets

Depreciation of tangible assets is distributed on systematic base during the best estimate of their useful life. The Bank assesses whether the useful life of the tangible asset is definite or indefinite and if definite, the length of usage represents its useful life. The calculation of depreciation begins when the asset is available for use and ends when the asset has been classified as held for sale and is derecognized. Depreciation continues to be calculated for tangible assets placed out of use. The Bank will depreciate all tangible assets individually, classifying the assets with equivalent useful life and depreciation method in depreciation groups.

Land has indefinite useful life and is not depreciated, Works of art are not depreciated.

Depreciation rates are determined so that the value of tangible assets is allocated to costs in the estimated period of their usefulness.

Depreciation is calculated according to the straight-line method, and the depreciation expense for each period is recognized as cost in the separate Income Statement item "Depreciation". Estimated useful life of tangible assets is as follows:

- Buildings: 20-40 years
- Transport vehicles: 4 years
- Furniture and other equipment: 4-10 years

The depreciation period (residual value and useful life of the asset) and the depreciation method is revised at the end of each financial year and if a change is determined it should be recorded as a change of accounting estimation, prospectively in the current and future periods.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other Operating Expenses

The group of other operating expenses includes: administrative expenses, loss from sales of financial assets available-for-sale, loss from disposal of property and equipment, loss from disposal of intangible assets, expenses for special reserve and provisions on net base and other expenses that may not be categorized in a specific item.

Other operating expenses are recognized based on the matching principle.

Other operating expenses are recognized and recorded based on the actually incurred expenses presented in credible accounting documents (invoices, agreements, calculations).

Financial Assets

In compliance with the new Methodology for recording and valuation of the accounting items and for preparation of the financial statements, the Bank classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Bank classifies its investments at initial recognition, based on the Bank's business model for managing financial assets and the characteristics of the contractual cash flows of the assets.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

In this category, the Bank classifies the financial assets which are held with intention to collect contractual cash flows and the criteria for only collection of principal and interest (SPPI) is met. The Bank's loan portfolio meets the criteria for measurement at amortized cost.

Loans and advances are initially measured at fair value, increased for any transactional cost directly connected to acquisition or issuance of the financial asset. Loans and advances are initially recognized at cost only when becoming contractual party of the financial instrument. After initial recognition, loans and advances are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss occurred at subsequent measurement is recognized in profit or loss only when the asset is impaired or derecognized, as well as through the process of amortization.

This category also includes cash, trade receivables, lease receivables, fee and commission receivables and all other financial assets which are treated as credit risk exposure in accordance with the Decision for credit risk management and for which the SPPI criteria is not applicable. For these assets the SPPI criteria is not mandatory.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank classifies in this category those financial assets which are held for collection and/or sale for liquidity management, maintaining certain interest yield, maturity matching of financial assets with maturity of financial liabilities (funding) etc. and which meet the SPPI criteria.

Acquisitions and sales of financial assets are recognized at the transaction date i.e. the date at which the Bank has the obligation to buy or sale the asset. Subsequently, after initial recognition financial assets available for sale are measured at fair value without reducing the transactional costs that may occur at sale or disposal. Gains or losses that occur from changes in fair value are recognized directly in equity, until the moment of de-recognition or in case of impairment, in which accumulated gains or losses previously recognized in equity, are now recognized as current gains or losses. However, the interest income calculated by using the effective interest rate method, positive or negative foreign exchange differences, as well as dividends are recognized in Income statement for the current period.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

In order to classify its instruments in this category the Bank needs to manage these assets through active and frequent trading with purpose of gaining from change in fair value, realization of the fair value and having decision making process based on their fair value. The category includes: trading assets,

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Assets (continued)

derivatives held for risk hedging, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss designated upon initial recognition. The Bank does not hold such type of financial instruments.

Quantitative information on the classification of the Bank's financial instruments is given in Note 1 A.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Bank assesses, on a continuous basis, the expected credit loss (ECL) for debt instruments and loans to customers, measured at AC and FVOCI, and for the exposures arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts (off balance sheet exposures), as well as lease receivables, trade receivables and any other receivables subject to credit risk exposure as defined in the Decision for credit risk management.

The measurement of ECL reflects the following principles: measurement and recognition of expected credit loss for the lifetime of the financial asset and/or off-balance sheet credit exposure; should reflect expectations for credit quality, deterioration and improvement during the entire lifetime of the asset; should react to information on changes in credit quality of the financial asset and/or off-balance sheet credit exposure, in such manner that in case of information for expected significant deterioration of credit quality, it shall be shifted to riskier category.

Financial assets with low credit risk (Stage 1) are those which fulfill following criteria:

- have low risk of default
- the debtor is assessed on short-term as capable for settlement of its obligations
- bank's expectations on long-term are positive regarding the negative changes in economic and business conditions may, but insignificantly reduce the capability to fulfill his obligations.

Stage 2 is characterized by assets with significant deterioration of the credit quality after initial recognition, but still there is no objective evidence for default.

Stage 3 is intended for those financial assets to which one or more objective evidence for impairment exists. Objective evidence for impairment is:

- · significant financial difficulties of debtor or issuer of the debt instrument
- Failure to fulfill the contract terms and conditions, such as: significant delay of payment or missing payment;
- Creditors have approved certain facilitating terms due to the worsen financial condition;
- Possibility of opening bankruptcy or other type of financial reorganization of the debtor;
- non-existence (lack) of active market for the financial asset due to financial difficulties of the issuer:
- buy or issuance of financial asset at significant discount due to occurred credit losses

The Bank assesses whether an objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant as well as individually or collectively for financial assets which are not individually significant.

If the Bank determines that no objective evidence exists for impairment of individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it shall include that asset in the group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assess the impairment.

Impairment loss of functional accounts receivable is the amount determined as a difference between the book value of the financial asset and the present value of the expected future cash flows.

The present value of functional accounts receivable is obtained by discounting expected future cash flows of those accounts receivable applying the initial effective interest rate determined based on the contract.

The special reserve for functional off-balance sheet positions on individual base is equal to the present value of the expected future cash flows based on the Bank's payments of the potential obligations and collection from the client, discounted under current market price of the risk-free securities issued in same

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

currency and maturity term as those of the expected payment or collection, or unless such price exists, current market price of risk-free securities is taken with closest maturity term to that of the expected payment.

If the loan or asset held to maturity has flexible interest rate, measurement rate of any impairment loss is effective interest rate determined under the contract, valid on the present value determination date of the expected cash flows.

The calculation of the present value of expected future cash flows of the financial asset secured by collateral is expressed by the cash flows that may arise from the realization of the collateral reduced for the costs of acquiring and selling the collateral, only if the conditions from the Credit Risk Management Decision that refer to the collateral are met.

For the purpose of group assessment of impairment loss, the financial assets are classified on the grounds of similar credit risk characteristics (i.e. based on the Bank's policy on financial assets classification, taking into consideration the type of asset, industrial and geographic locations, type of collateral, the status of overdue period and other relevant factors).

These characteristics are relevant for the assessment of the future cash flows for the given group, as they are indicators of debtors' ability to service their debt in accordance with the agreed terms and conditions.

Restructuring of Receivables

Restructuring of receivables means establishing credit exposure by the Bank to substitute one or more existing receivables or to modify the existing credit exposure, with changes in the contractual terms and conditions as a result of the client's deteriorated financial state, which, among others, includes:

- · Extending the maturity period;
- · Reducing the interest rate;
- Reducing the amount of receivable (principal and/or due interest and commission) through write-off;
- · Capitalization of Interest;
- Consolidation of more than one receivable in one by changing the contract terms and conditions; or
- Other similar activities.

Interest capitalization is converting the interest receivable into a principal receivable.

When restructuring a receivable, the Bank is obliged to observe the credit exposure classification criteria occurred as a result of the restructuring.

The net effect of a restructuring receivable must not lead to increase of the Bank financial result, other than in cases of reducing the credit exposure as a result of collection. Within a six-month period after the restructuring, the Bank must not record income based on impairment release/special reserve, which is not a result of collection of the credit exposure.

As exemption, the Bank may determine a better risk category and/or calculate lower impairment risk/special reserve amount, only if the credit exposure occurred as a result of restructuring is secured by first-class collateral.

The Bank may capitalize the interest only if it is a part of restructured receivable.

The Bank is obliged to make an analysis of the causes for restructuring for each restructured receivable.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

Writing-off of Receivables

When a loan becomes non-performing, it is written off against the relevant provision for impairment. Such loans are written off after all necessary procedures have been completed and loss amount determined.

The Bank may perform partial or full write-off of receivables in which case the written-off receivable should be transferred to a special off-balance sheet account and the Bank should keep special records for it for a period of at least ten years.

The Bank is obligated to write off credit exposure if one year is passed from the date when the Bank had recognized impairment or special reserve of 100%.

Subsequent reimbursements of previously written-off amounts reduce the provision for loan impairment in favor of current gains. If subsequently the impairment loss amount is decreased, and this decrease can objectively be related to an event that occurred following the recognition of the impairment (such as improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the previously recognized impairment loss is reduced by adjusting the provision account. The reduction amount is recognized in the current gains. Impairment for investments in equity instruments is not being calculated.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired by the Bank are initially recognized at cost, and subsequently are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated losses due to impairment.

Computer Software

Expenses related to upgrade or maintenance of computer software programs are recognized as such in the period they are incurred. Expenses directly related to distinguishable and unique software products controlled by the Bank, which are likely to create economic benefits, which will exceed the expenses one year later, are recognized as intangible assets.

All other expenses are recognized in the separate Income Statement in the period they are incurred. Upgrade expenses incurred for computer software recognized as assets are amortized by applying the straight-line method within a period of four years.

Other Intangible Assets

Expenses for acquiring rights and licenses are capitalized and amortized by applying the straight-line method within a period of four years.

Property and Equipment

Property includes land and buildings. Property and equipment are recognized at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. The cost value includes expenses directly related to the acquisition of the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset book value or are recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, as long as there is a probability of inflow of future economic benefits for the Bank related to the item and when its purchase value can be measured reasonably. All other regular maintenances and repairs are recorded as expense in the separate Income Statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property and Equipment (continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the separate Income Statement.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Bank's management regularly assesses the carrying amount of non-current assets and intangible assets. If there is any indication that such assets are impaired, the recoverable amount of the asset is calculated to determine the impairment. In cases where the asset carrying amount is higher than its estimated recoverable amount, it is immediately written off against its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's net selling price, or its value in use.

Foreclosed Assets

Foreclosed assets include land, buildings, equipment and other valuables acquired through foreclosure proceedings in full or partial recovery of a related loan.

Foreclosed assets are recognized when the legal rights for asset's ownership are given to the Bank or the following criteria are met: the loan or other receivable is legally considered as collected when the asset pledged as collateral is foreclosed so that the loan/receivable de-recognition criteria are satisfied; all foreclosed asset's rights and risks are assigned to the Bank; foreclosed asset will provide future economic benefits for the Bank and its cost value can be reliably measured.

Initially, these assets are measured at the initial carrying amount i.e. the lower of cost of the loan (book value) before the impairment on the date of foreclosure i.e. the value of the foreclosed asset referred to in the legal act passed by the authority in the foreclosure proceeding, which represents the legal basis for acquiring the ownership rights and the apprised fair value less estimated cost to sell (notary fees, taxes, etc) which will be borne by the Bank.

The Bank is obliged to appraise the fair value of the foreclosed asset on the foreclosure date and to recognize an allowance for impairment in the separate balance sheet by at least 20% of the initial carrying amount of the foreclosed asset.

In case where the allowance for impairment/special reserve is higher than the impairment recorded as of the foreclosure date, the Bank shall recognize the difference as a revaluation reserve, which is a part of the Bank's additional capital.

If the previously impaired certain receivable is collected by securities or shares than the allowance for impairment (impairment loss) shall be released through separate statement of profit or loss.

The part of receivable which is not collected by the foreclosed asset, could be written-off.

Foreclosed assets (other than acquired securities and shares) are subsequently measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. At least once in a period of twelve-months, the Bank is obliged to appraise the fair value and recognize an impairment loss in the separate income statement equal to at least the higher between: 1) negative difference between the appraised value and the carrying amount of the foreclosed asset; and 2) 20% of the carrying amount of the foreclosed asset.

In the period between two appraisals of the foreclosed assets' market value, the Bank recognizes an additional amount of impairment loss in the separate income statement equal to the negative difference between the net book value and the amount of the announced reduced selling price of the foreclosed asset.

If the Bank fails to sell the foreclosed asset until the date on which the Decision on the Accounting and Regulatory Treatment of Foreclosed Assets" become effective ("Official Gazette of RNM No, 50/13 26/17"), the Bank is obliged to reduce its carrying amount to zero at the end of the fifth year.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreclosed Assets (continued)

The Bank derecognizes the foreclosed asset and the amount of impairment recorded in the balance sheet when the asset is sold, permanently called in or in case it is reallocated into fixed asset in favor of the bank. Depending on the sales value of the foreclosed asset, the bank shall record a capital gain in the separate Income Statement under the item "Other Operating Income" or capital loss in the separate Income Statement under the item "Other Operating Expenses" for the difference between market value and net book value of the foreclosed asset.

The Bank will derecognize the revaluation reserve on foreclosed asset by releasing the impairment loss on non-financial assets through the separate Income Statement, as well as in case of excluding the revaluation reserve from the additional capital of the Bank only for an amount that is equal to the amount of after-tax profit, for which Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders decided to allocate to the reserve requirement (reserve fund) or the retained earnings.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents include balances with maturity up to three months as of the date of acquisition including cash in hand and balances with the NBRNM.

For the purpose of preparing the Separate Cash Flow Statement, the mandatory reserve requirement in foreign currency and the restricted deposits are excluded.

Investment in Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are legal entities in which the Bank, directly or indirectly has control, has the right of return of the investment and may use its controlling power to influence the amount of return on investment.

Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at their cost, less impairment.

Investments in Associates

An associate is an entity, in which the Bank participates in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not controlled by the Bank. Participation is a direct or indirect ownership of at least 20% of the total number of shares of other legal entities, unless significant influence is evidenced.

Investment in an associate in these separate financial statements are initially recognized at cost less any impairment. The Investment in Associates is an equity investment in SPARKASE LISING DOO Skopje, with 49% of the voting shares and the right of profit distribution. The equity investment in the associated company was made in December 2016.

Other Assets

This group of assets includes: receivables from customers, prepaid expenses, receivables from employees, advance payments, assets for other purposes, receivables in and on behalf of others, fees and commissions receivables and other assets not presented in any other items of the assets in the separate Balance Sheet.

Short-term receivables without indicated interest rate are usually measured at their initial invoiced amount, unless the imputed interest effect is significant.

Assets acquired without purchase shall be recognized under their fair value, unless the transaction is made on non-commercial base, or their fair value (supplied or provided) cannot be accurately measured. In that case, the assets are recognized under their purchase value.

Subsequently, the asset is measured at the lower of the carrying amount and the net realizable value. The net realizable value is equal to the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion, repairs and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other Assets (continued)

Future expenses that have been paid in advance are recognized as deferrals and they are calculated as expenses in the period they refer to based on a relevant accounting document. Such costs are the following: paid insurance premiums, rents, subscription for magazines and official gazettes etc.

Income related to the current accounting period that is due in a future period is recognizes as deferral. Such income is the accrued income not due yet, other than accrued interest income. In a future period when those deferrals are due, they are transferred in the accounts receivable.

The Bank classifies equity instruments as financial liabilities or capital instrument in accordance with the contractual terms of the instrument.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Bank will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Employee Benefits

The pension plan contributions for the employees are paid by the Bank in accordance with the national legislation on social security. Salary-based contributions are paid to the State Pension Fund and the mandatory private pension funds. There is no additional liability related to these pension plans.

In addition, all employers in the Republic of North Macedonia are obliged to pay to their employees a special minimum sum for retirement in an amount defined by laws, currently totaling to two average monthly salaries paid off in the Republic of North Macedonia. The Bank calculates provision for employee benefits to allocate the expense through the relevant periods. In compliance with IAS 19, these benefits are determined as defined benefits for employees and the book value of the liabilities arising from employees' benefits is calculated at the end of the reporting period. The amount of these liabilities at the end of the reporting period is the discounted value of the future payments. Other long-term benefits for employees include jubilee awards.

The Bank does not operate with retirement plans or plans for other retirement benefits, so there are no pension liabilities. The Bank is not obliged to provide additional compensation for current or previous employees.

Income Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is calculated and paid in accordance with the Macedonian Income Tax Law, according to which the Bank calculated income tax for 2024 to the gross profit determined as a difference between the total income and total expenses determined pursuant to the accounting regulations and standards increased for non-deductible expenses defined by the Law. The income tax rate is 10% (2023: 10%).

Global tax

On 27.12.2024, the Assembly of the Republic of North Macedonia passed the Minimum Global Income Tax Bill and the same was published in the Official Gazette of the RSM No. 3/2025 of 03.01.2025. The Minimum Global Income Tax Act comes into effect on the date of publication – 03.01.2025 and applies to fiscal years commencing on 01.01.2024. The by-laws provided for in the Act are to be enacted by 31.12.2025. The law harmonizes with Council Directive (EU) 2022/2523 of 14 December 2022 on providing for a global minimum level of taxation for groups of multinational companies and large domestic groups in the Union (CELEX number: 32022L2523).

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Global tax (continued)

This law applies to constituent entities that are members of a group of multinational companies (hereinafter referred to as: "group of MNCs") or of a large domestic group whose annual income in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent company in at least two of the four fiscal years immediately preceding the fiscal year under review amounts to EUR 750 million or more.

The minimum effective taxation of the profits of these entities shall be provided by applying the rules for the payment of additional tax, determined under the provisions of this Act, as follows: (a) a rule for determining a qualified domestic surcharge, according to which additional tax is calculated and paid on the excess profits of all constituent entities subject to a low tax rate located in the Republic of North Macedonia;

- (b) the profit inclusion rule, whereby the parent company of an MNC group or a large domestic group calculates and pays its assigned share of the additional tax in respect of the group's constituent entities subject to a low tax rate;
- (c) the less-taxed profit rule, according to which a constituent entity of an MNC group is subject to an additional tax equal to its share of the additional tax that was not levied on the basis of the profit inclusion rule for constituent entities of the group subject to a low tax rate.

The less-taxed profit rules apply for fiscal years beginning on January 1, 2025.

A separate application for information on additional tax as well as an application for domestic supplemental tax shall be submitted no later than 15 months after the end of the last day of the fiscal year by electronic data transmission. A separate application for payment of additional tax shall be filed within 30 days after the deadline for filing a separate application for information on additional tax as well as an application for domestic supplemental tax.

In the calculated income tax for 2024, an amount of MKD 81,647 thousand of qualified domestic additional tax is included in accordance with the Minimum Global Income Tax Act.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. Financial liabilities are classified as deposits from banks, financial institutions and customers, loans payable, other payables, subordinated liabilities and securities issued.

Deposits, loan payables, subordinated liabilities and securities issued are major sources for financing the Bank's activities. The Bank initially recognizes the deposits, loans payables, subordinated liabilities and securities issued on the date of their occurrence.

The deposits, loan payables, subordinated liabilities and securities issued are initially measured at their cost value increased for the transaction costs, and they are subsequently measured at amortized cost by using the effective interest rate method.

Amortized cost of the financial liability is the amount at which it is initially recognized, less repayments of the principal, decreased or increased for the accumulated depreciation of each difference between the initial amount and the amount at maturity.

Other Liabilities

The Other liabilities line item includes the following: MKD and foreign currency fees and commission liabilities, gross salary and other liabilities to employees, dividends, liabilities to customers, liabilities arising from given payment instrument, liabilities in and on behalf of others, received advances, non-matured calculated liabilities, deferred income and other liabilities that are not presented in any other liability item of the separate Balance Sheet.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other Liabilities (continued)

Other liabilities are recorded at their nominal value based on a relevant accounting document (invoice, agreement, calculation) in compliance with the Bank regulations and decisions. Inflows from assets that are not recognized as income in the current period are deferred for a future period and recorded as accrued liabilities. When the income is earned then the accrued liability is debited, and the income is credited.

The expenses which can be certainly determined that refer to the current accounting period and represent a liability in the future are recorded as accrued liabilities. When liabilities become due and payable, accrued liabilities are derecognized and liabilities are presented.

Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The Bank derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Bank's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, which means received inflows (fair value of received considerations) less transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently recorded at amortization cost.

Equity, Reserves and Dividend payments

(a) Share capital

Share capital is the nominal value of shares issued (subscribed and paid-in capital).

(b) Share premium

Share premium is the difference between the nominal value and the realizable price of the shares.

(c) Share Issue Costs

The costs for issue of new shares, options or acquiring business are presented in the equity as a deduction, net of tax returns.

(d) Equity Shares

When the Bank purchases its own equity, paid considerations are deducted from the total equity as equity shares, until they are sold. When such shares are subsequently sold, the received considerations are included in the equity.

(e) Reserves

Reserves consist of statutory reserves, allocated in accordance with the local regulations. The Bank is obliged each year to allocate statutory reserve fund as a percentage from the net profit, which cannot be less than 5% of the profit until the reserve of the Bank reaches an amount equal to one tenth of the capital. If the reserve generated in this way decreases, it has to be supplemented in the same manner. Until the legal reserve exceeds the minimum amount, it can only be used to cover losses. When the legal reserve exceeds the minimum level and after the recovery of all losses of annual financial statements, with a decision by the Shareholders Assembly, the excess can be used for distribution of dividend, if within that business year it had not reached the minimum amount prescribed by the Law or the Statute. The amount recorded in the reserve based on additional payments by the shareholders, cannot be used for dividend distribution.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

c) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Revaluation reserves and other revaluation differences

These reserves comprise net cumulative change in the fair value of assets directly recognized in equity.

Gains and losses from change in the fair value of financial instruments available for sale are recorded in revaluation reserve (except for gains and losses from foreign-exchange differences, which are directly recognized in income statement). When the decreased value of the financial asset available for sale is recognized directly in revaluation reserve and when an objective evidence for impairment exists, the cumulative loss should be eliminated from equity and reserves and recognized in the income statement.

(g) Undistributed Profit

Undistributed profit includes retained earnings from current and past periods.

(h) Dividends on Ordinary Shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognized as liabilities within the period when the Bank's shareholders have approved them. Current year dividends declared following the separate balance date are disclosed in the Subsequent Events Note (1e).

Fiduciary Activities

The Bank usually acts as a creditor and has other fiduciary functions which results in safekeeping or placement of assets on behalf of individuals or other institutions. Those assets and the income resulting thereof are not included in these financial statements as they are not Bank's assets.

Off-balance sheet potential and assumed liabilities

The Bank undertakes liabilities during its business activities on the basis of credit placements recorded on the off-balance sheet accounts, which primarily include guarantees and letters of credit. These financial liabilities are recognized in the separate Balance Sheet when they can be recovered. Impairment loss related to off-balance sheet contingent liabilities is stated under "impairment of financial assets" in this Note, and is included in the separate Balance Sheet as a liability.

d) Change in Accounting Policies, Accounting Estimates and Correction of Errors

During 2024, the Bank did not make any additional changes to its accounting policies and estimates, nor did it record any correction of an error.

e) Compliance with Regulation

The Bank complies with the legal regulations, i,e, the Banking Law (Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No 67/2007, 90/2009, 67/2010, 26/2013, 15/15, 153/15, 190/16, 7/19 and "Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia" No. 101/19, 122/21), as well as with all other bylaws governing its operations.

f) Risk Management Disclosures

The nature and the Bank's exposure to different types of risk, as well as the Bank's objectives, policies and processes for risk management are disclosed in Note 2 and 3.

g) Events After the Reporting Date

These subsequent events, which provide additional information about the Bank's financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the separate financial statements. Those subsequent events that are not adjusting events, if material, are disclosed in certain notes.

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

1.A Classification of financial assets and liabilities

	At fair value t	hrough profit loss	At fair valu		At	
In MKD thousand	Held-for- trading	At fair value at initial recognition	Debt instruments	Equity instruments	Amortized Cost	Total
2024 (current year)						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	24.729.404	24.729.404
Held-for-trading assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	-	-	-	-	1.839	1.839
Loans and advances to other customers	-	-	-	-	69.495.552	69.495.552
Investments in securities	-	-	9.877.905	84.751	-	9.962.656
Other receivables	-	-			953.505	953.505
Total Financial Assets	-	-	9.877.905	84.751	95.180.300	105.142.956
Financial liabilities						
Trading liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial	-	-	-	-	-	-
recognition Derivative liabilities held for risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
management	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	-	-	-	-	7.594.935	7.594.935
Due to other customers	-	-	-	-	72.065.575	72.065.575
Debt instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings Subordinated debt and hybrid	-	-	-	-	9.621.940	9.621.940
instruments	-	-	-	-	1.931.362	1.931.362
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	668.984	668.984
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	91.882.797	91.882.797

1. INTRODUCTION (continued)

1.A Classification of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

	At fair value t		At fair valu		At	
In MKD thousand	Held-for- trading	At fair value at initial recognition	Debt instruments	Equity instruments	Amortized Cost	Total
2023 (previous year)						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	20.014.631	20.014.631
Held-for-trading assets Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	-	-
profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	- -
Loans and advances to banks Loans and advances to other	-	-	-	-	1.902	1.902
customers	-	-	-	-	63.829.487	63.829.487
Investments in securities	=	-	8.068.288	84.751	-	8.153.039
Other receivables	=	ı	-	-	737.942	737.942
Total Financial Assets	-	-	8.068.288	84.751	84.583.962	92.737.001
Financial liabilities						
Trading liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial	-	-	-	-	-	-
recognition Derivative liabilities held for risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
management	-	-	-	-	7 405 700	7 405 700
Due to banks	-	-	-	-	7.185.762	7.185.762
Due to other customers	-	-	-		61.040.327	61.040.327
Debt instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings Subordinated debt and hybrid instruments	-	-	-	-	10.094.241 2.430.573	10.094.241 2.430.573
Other liabilities	_	_	_	_	664.873	664.873
Total financial liabilities	_	-		-	81.415.776	81.415.776

2. RISK MANAGEMENT

Description of the Risk Management Systems of the Bank

Risk management operations are run by the three main pillars of risk management of the Bank, under the competence of three Directorates, as follows: Credit Risk Management Directorate, Collection and Collateral Management Directorate and Strategic Risk Management Directorate.

Departments, units and teams within the mentioned risk management directorates are staffed with professional personnel contributing to adequate lending management process in terms of managing the risk of individual placements, implementing and managing the provisioning process, implementing and managing the liquidity risk, market risk, operational risk, managing the collection of non-performing loans and collateral.

In 2024, the focus of the risk management was put primarily on the credit risk management as the main risk exposure of the Bank. Nevertheless, other risks such a the market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk were appropriately observed as well. During 2024, in compliance with the regulations, the Bank was also monitoring the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP).

2.1 Credit Risk

In order to monitor credit risk, the Bank has established adequate organization of the lending process in terms of client segmentation, pouvoir decision-making process (loan authorizations, minimum standards and rules on financing retail and corporate loans; retail and corporate rating models, lending policy of the Bank, collateral management and collection of non-performing loans).

The Strategic Risk Directorate has focused its risk management activities identifying, measuring and monitoring credit risk. Monitoring is performed by observing the Bank loan portfolio quality and its divisional and geographic dispersion. This involves continuous monitoring of the credit exposure to separate entities or a group of related entities and for that purpose on a monthly basis the Bank performs a risk assessment of placements and classification according to the level of risk. This Directorate regularly fulfills the obligation to inform the Risk Management Committee, the Supervisory Board and other stakeholders and functions in the Bank about the movement of the loan portfolio in terms of its risk.

The total assets of the Bank exposed to credit risk include the loans and advances to customers, regular interest-based receivables, the Bank's off-balance sheet credit exposure as well as other receivables which besides the Bank capital investments in other companies, comprise of receivables from customers, commission and fee receivables and other receivables for which a credit risk is assessed by the Bank

Description of the Level and Changes in the Value Adjustment and the Separated Special Provision

The Bank classifies each functional balance sheet and off-balance sheet item by the level of credit risk exposure in a manner and criteria determined in the Credit Risk Management Decision.

Credit risk exposure subject to classification by the Bank covers functional balance sheet receivables based on: matured and not-matured loans, non-performing loans, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, interest-bearing receivables, non-performing interest, commission and fee receivables, other matured and non-performing receivables as well as other receivables exposing the Bank to a credit risk.

The Bank is not obliged to classify the credit risk exposure of the following functional balance sheet items: cash, Bank's accounts in the National Bank, intangible assets, property and equipment, natural resources, operational assets and inventories; Items exposing the Bank to market and/or other type of risk, other than the credit risk – investments in securities and in other types of financial instruments held for trading, investments in securities and in other types of financial instruments measured at their fair value through the separate income statement.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.1 Credit Risk (continued)

Description of the Level and Changes in the Value Adjustment and the Separated Special Provision (continued)

When classifying the credit risk exposure, the Bank considers the following criteria:

- · client's creditworthiness;
- · client's regular settling of its obligations:
- · quality of the collateral,

The Credit Risk Exposure Classification complies with the Credit Risk Management Decision adopted by the NBRNM (Official Gazette of RM No 50/13, 157/13, 223/15, 149/18, 76/20 and 116/20) and the same for 2024 move within the following parameters:

- From 0% to 5% of the credit risk exposure classified in risk category A;
- Over 5% to 20% of the credit risk exposure classified in risk category B:
- Over 20% to 45% of the credit risk exposure classified in risk category V;
- Over 45% to 70% of the credit risk exposure classified in risk category G;
- Over 70% to 100% of the credit risk exposure classified in risk category D.

In 2024, the Bank continued calculating credit risk provisions by applying the requirements of the Methodology, which assumes use of 1 year default rate for portfolio with lowest risk, and lifetime default rates in case of increased credit risk in loans. According this, the Bank's portfolio is divided by risk groups: Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3.

- RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) Credit Risk (continued) 2.
- 2.1
- **Analysis of Total Exposure to Credit Risk** A.

	Loans and to ba		Loans and to cust		Investments in Investments in financial assets financial assets available for sale held to maturity		Cash and cash equivalents Fees and commission receivables		Other receivables		Off-balance sheet exposures		Total					
In MKD thousand	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	t year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Credit risk exposure classified in Stage 1 Carrying amount, before impairment/special reserve	1.841	2.591	58.495.209	51.508.537	9.967.578	8.157.046			19.619.061	16.947.411	44.757	32.469	688.316	500.153	10.688.309	10.322.429	99.505.071	87.470.328
(Impairment and special							-	-										
reserve) Carrying amount, less the	(3)	(692)	(969.473)	(838.195)	(4.922)	(4.007)	-	-	(4.388)	(1.214)	(480)	(345)	(1.096)	(629)	(114.102)	(108.428)	(1.094.464)	(953.510)
impairment and special reserve	1.838	1.899	57.525.736	50.670.342	9.962.656	8.153.039	-	-	19.614.673	16.946.197	44.277	32.124	687.220	499.524	10.574.207	10.214.001	98.410.607	86.516.818
Credit risk exposure classified in Stage 2 Carrying amount, before impairment/special reserve	1	3	12.827.638	14.328.589	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.862	12.974	404	352	723.032	2,535,696	13.564.937	16.877.614
(Impairment and special		Ü										(1.966)		(22)				
reserve) Carrying amount, less the	-	-	(1.201.518)	(1.475.096)	-	-	-		-	-	(3.381)	(1.966)	(56)	(22)	(45.459)	(105.379)	(1.250.414)	(1.582.463)
impairment and special reserve	1	3	11.626.120	12.853.493	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.481	11.008	348	330	677.573	2.430.317	12.314.523	15.295.151
Credit risk exposure classified in Stage 3 Carrying amount, before impairment/special reserve (Impairment and special reserve)	-		1.557.402	1.481.767 (1.176.115)	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.065 (36.216)	32.764 (31.182)	15.256 (15.208)	13.328	167.698 (154.353)	159.052 (151.161)	1.778.421	1.686.911
Carrying amount, less the impairment and special			,	,							, ,	,	, ,	,	, ,		, ,	
reserve	-	-	343.696	305.652	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.849	1.582	48	58	13.345	7.891	358.938	315.183
Total carrying amount of credit risk receivables before impairment and special reserve	1.842	2.594	72.880.249	67.318.893	9.967.578	8.157.046	_	-	19.619.061	16.947.411	96.684	78.207	703.976	513.833	11.579.039	13.017.177	114.848.429	106.034.853
(Total impairment and special reserve)	(3)	(692)	(3.384.697)	(3.489.406)	(4.922)	(4.007)			(4.388)	(1.214)	(40.077)	(33.493)	(16.360)	(13.921)	(313.914)	(364.968)	(3.764.361)	(3.907.701)
Total carrying amount of credit risk receivables, less the impairment and special reserve	1.839	1.902	(3.384.697)	63.829.487	9.962.656	8.153.039	-		19.614.673	16.946.197	56.607	44.714	(16.360)	499.912	(313.914)	12.652.209	(3.764.361)	102.127.152

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 2.

2.1

Credit Risk (continued)
Value of Collateral (Fair Value) for Credit Risk Mitigation В.

B. Value of Collateral (Fail Value) for Credit Risk Willigation																
	Loans and a bar	nks	Loans and ac custon		financia	al assets e for sale	Investments assets held		Cash a equiv	nd cash alents	Other red	ceivables	Off-balance	exposures	T	otal
	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous	current	previous
In MKD thousand	year	year	year 2024	year 2023	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year 2023
	2024	2023	, ou. 202 .	, ca. 2020	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	700. 2020
Value of collateral of the credit exposure assessed for impairment on individual basis																
First class collateral instruments																
cash deposits (in depot and/or limited on bank accounts)	-	-	178.690	59.400	-	-	-	-	-	-	206	533	20.578	2.105	199.474	62.038
government securities government unconditional guarantees	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
bank guarantees Guarantees from insurance companies and insurance policies	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Corporate guarantees (except for banks and insurance companies)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Guarantees from individuals	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Mortgage on real estate	-	-	4 000 040	- 881.482							64.899	118.836	40.044	31.689	1.141.831	1.032.007
property for private use (flats, houses) business facility		-	1.060.318 5.775.317	5.121.558			-	-			52.992	101.347	16.614 124.195	73.601	5.952.504	5.296.506
Pledge over movables	_	_	474.372	352.627	_	_	_	_	-	_	4.026	18.632	7.205	10.912	485,603	382.171
Other types of collateral	-	-	520.981	832.640	-	-	-	-	1	-	4.477	14.575	22.239	2.515	547.697	849.730
Total value of collateral of credit exposure assessed for impairment on individual basis	-	-	8.009.678	7.247.707	-	-	-	-	-	-	126.600	253.923	190.831	120.822	8.327.109	7.622.452
Value of collateral of the credit exposure assessed for																
impairment on groupl basis																
First class collateral instruments	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-
cash deposits (in depot and/or limited on bank accounts)	-	-	1.742.996	1.656.163	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.889	2.250	85.686	76.336	1.831.571	1.734.749
government securities	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
government unconditional guarantees bank quarantees				-					_	_				37.000	-	37.000
Guarantees from insurance companies and insurance														01.000		07.000
policies	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Corporate guarantees (except for banks and insurance companies)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Guarantees from individuals	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-					-	-
Mortgage on real estate property for private use (flats, houses)	1	1	37.307.077	32.925.284							30.986	37.551	338.351	351.079	37.676.415	33.313.915
business facility	174	76	28.871.654	34.506.032	-		-			-	15.027	19.343	4.350.591	3.938.690	33.237.446	38.464.141
Pledge over movables	86	118	6.477.945	3.796.550	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.628	18.626	170.410	364.157	6.653.069	4.179.451
Other types of collateral	-	-	12.509.783	10.585.817	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.871	4.544	947.293	891.302	13.467.947	11.481.663
Total value of collateral of credit exposure assessed for impairment on group basis	261	195	86.909.455	83.469.846	-	-	Ē	Ē	-	-	64.401	82.314	5.892.331	5.658.564	92.866.448	89.210.919

- RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) Credit Risk (continued) 2.
- 2.1

C. **Concentration of Credit Risk by Industry**

	Loans and to ba		Loans and	advances to omers	Investm financia available	l assets	Investme financial as to mat	sets held	Cash and equival		Fees comm receiv		Other re	eceivables	Off-balance	exposures	To	otal
In MKD thousand	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Non-residents	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	2		510.921	374.615	-			-		-	173	96	-		21.151	12.535	532.247	387.246
Ore and stone extraction	-		262.255	110.418	_						43	18		_	6.140	1.006	268.438	111.442
Food industry	3	6	1.654.007	1.282.425		-	_	_	_	_	119	85	_		43.166	123.544	1.697.295	1.406.060
Industry for clothing and footwear	-	-	658.641	892.452	_	-	-	-	-	_	155	97	_	_	93.000	98.385	751.796	990.934
Chemical industry, production of																		
construction materials, production and			000 000	744.050							07	7.4			400.004	100.000	070 407	044.004
processing of fuels, pharmaceutical industry	-	-	860.206	711.858	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	74	-	-	109.864	132.092	970.137	844.024
Production of metals, machines, tools																		
and equipment	-	6	1.582.999	1.683.319	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.151	405	-	-	927.862	1.241.712	2.512.012	2.925.442
Other processing industry	-	2	1.193.236	790.022	-	-	-	-	-	-	752	131	3	3	1.014.421	902.994	2.208.412	1.693.152
Electricity supply, gas, steam and air			6.173.368	4.915.769							171	342			492.643	244.091	6.666.182	5.160.202
conditioning	-	-	0.173.300	4.913.709	-	-	-	-	•	-	171	342	-	-	492.043	244.091	0.000.102	5.100.202
Water supply, disposal of wastewater,																		
waste management and remediation	-	-	226.427	138.770	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	7	-	-	15.287	22.036	241.762	160.813
activities on the environment																		
Construction	13	27	4.081.343	3.692.014	-	-	-	-	-	-	962	642	-	-	1.633.707	2.264.326	5.716.025	5.957.009
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles,	14	54	12.251.517	12.037.673	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.944	2.254	40	-	3.701.095	4.294.335	15.954.610	16.334.316
Transport and warehousing	6	16	2.061.489	2.089.332	_	_	_	_	_	_	1.111	889	2	2	1.358.762	1.361.354	3.421.370	3.451.593
Hotels and restaurants	-	10	976.879	784.758	-	-	_	-	_	-	244	180	-	-	9.836	22.486	986.959	807.424
Information and communications	_		307.786	337.427	_	-	_	_		_	133	99	_	-	199.914	257.584	507.833	595.110
Finance and insurance activities	1.801	1.791	289.991	385.240	_	-	-	-	19.614.673	16.946.197	37.725	29.099	531.565	16.033	46.095	46.817	20.521.850	17.425.177
Activities related to real estate	-	-	2.495.563	1.594.181	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	23	-	-	35.719	191.744	2.531.372	1.785.948
Professional, scientific and technical			1.322.931	889.311							489	359			113.117	84.248	1.436.537	973.918
activities	-	-	1.322.931	009.311	-	-	-	-	-	-	409	359	-	-	113.117	04.240	1.436.537	973.910
Administrative and utility services	-	-	312.547	1.155.026	-	-	-	-	-	-	202	114	-	-	47.329	43.801	360.078	1.198.941
Public administration and defense;	-	-	270	3.034	9.962.656	8.153.039	-	-	-	-	8	6	154.290	415.145	-	-	10.117.224	8.571.224
mandatory social security			40.000	57.047							0.5				04 500	00.000	00.507	07.000
Education Health care and social work	-	-	49.032 360.535	57.947 269.358	-	-	-	-	-	-	35 27	23 73	-	-	31.520 37.374	29.868 2.729	80.587 397.936	87.838 272.160
Art, entertainment and recreation	-	-	42,784	40.502		-	-	-	-	-	97	73 99	-	-	194	2.729	43.075	40.601
Other utility	_	_	146.571	169.944	_	-	_	-	_	-	179	216	_	_	673	_	147.423	170.160
Private households with employed			140.071	100.044							175	210			0/0		147.420	170.100
persons, household activities that																		
produce goods and perform a diverse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
range of services for own needs																		
Services of exterritorial organizations																		
and bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Individuals	-	-	31.674.254	29.424.092	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.660	9.362	1.715	1.242	1.326.256	1.274.522	33.012.885	30.709.218
Individual merchants and individuals not regarded as merchants	-	-	-	-		-		-			22	21	1	67.487		-	23	67.508
Total	1.839	1.902	69.495.552	63.829.487	9.962.656	8.153.039	-	-	19.614.673	16.946.197	56.607	44.714	687.616	499.912	11.265.125	12.652.209	111.084.068	102.127.152

- RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) Credit Risk (continued) 2.
- 2.1

D. Concentration of Credit Risk by Geographic Location

	Loans and to ba			l advances tomers	Investm financia available	lassets	Investm financia held to r	l assets	Cash ar equiva		Fees comm receiv		Other rece	eivables	Off-balance	exposures	То	tal
In MKD thousand	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previou s year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Geographical location																		
Republic of North Macedonia	1.839	1.902	69.495.263	63.829.181	8.840.548	7.168.557	-	-	12.125.965	12.846.210	56.597	44.701	687.616	499.912	11.228.107	12.132.999	102.435.935	96.523.154
EU member countries	-	-	8	2	1.122.108	984.482	-	-	6.042.013	3.045.372	5	6	-	-	36.996	37.002	7.201.130	4.066.864
Europe (other) ECD member countries (without European OECD member	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1.273.591	953.506	2	2	-	-	-	482.207	1.273.593	1.435.715
countries) (the exposure that represents more than 10% of total credit	-	-	281	304	-	-	-	-	173.104	101.109	1	3	-	-	22	1	173.408	101.417
exposure)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1.839	1.902	69.495.552	63.829.487	9.962.656	8.153.039	-	-	19.614.673	16.946.197	56.607	44.714	687.616	499.912	11.265.125	12.652.209	111.084.068	102.127.152

Exposure to loans and receivables according to the geographical location of the debtors is 100% concentrated in the Republic of North Macedonia (2023: 100%),

- 2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
- 2.1 Credit Risk (continued)

E. Analysis of the credit risk of assets measured at fair value through profit and loss

		Trading assets				Financial ass	sets at fair v	alue through	n profit or los	s upon initia	al recognition	1		
	Debt sector		Equity sec		Debt se	ecurities	Debt se	ecurities	Loans and to ba	advances anks		l advances tomers	То	otal
In MKD thousand	current year 2024	previous year 2023												
Carrying amount of financial assets measured at fair value														
Risk category	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Risk category	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
Risk category	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Risk category	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total carrying amount	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is a risk that the Bank may be unable to provide sufficient monetary assets to settle its short-term liabilities when they come due, i.e. a risk that the necessary liquid assets will be provided at much higher cost.

2.2.1. Liquidity Risk Management

The main objective of the Bank's liquidity management is to maintain adequate liquid assets, primarily cash and cash equivalents, to enable normal business operation of the Bank. The matching and controlled mismatch of asset maturity and liability maturity is fundamental to the management of the Bank

The Bank manages its liquidity risk through the constant monitoring of the maturity of its asset and liability components.

The Bank actively monitors, manages and controls the liquidity risk exposure including management of assets and resources in accordance with the cash flows and their concentration for harmonization of cash inflows and outflows. Liquidity risk exposure is measured through externally and internally determined limits, i.e. the Bank's compliance with them.

Besides external liquidity indicators, the Bank calculates and monitors the internal liquidity indicators that are part of the liquidity management process and imply compliance with the Group Requirements and the Requirements of European Regulation (LCR, NSFR).

The new methodology from the NBRSM for liquidity risk management is in force from 01.01.2021.

As a part of the liquidity risk management process, the Bank analyzes the level of concentration and participation of the 10 largest depositors in the average deposit base as well as their compliance with the internally established limits.

The Bank continuously fulfilled the legal requirements related to mandatory reserve in MKD and foreign currencies fully complying with the legislation governing this area.

In the tables below, there is an analysis of the Bank's assets and liabilities grouped by their maturity, or the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual date. Reported amounts are reduced by the amounts of accumulated depreciation, impairment and allocated special reserve. There are indications of maturity non-compliance for the period from 1 to 12 months, and the reason for maturity non-compliance mostly refers to the off-balance sheet exposure The main reason for this discrepancy is that short-term sources of funds have been engaged for loans with longer maturities. For the purposes of liquidity risk management, the Bank prepares expected maturity structure in which an element of prediction is integrated and having in mind the experience from the previous years, it indicates a stable liquidity position.

A negative gap of up to 1 month is not a realistic liquidity situation, and arises from deposits from principals for which the contractual terms provide for early withdrawal at any time, as well as all deposits at sight without a defined term. The real maturity of these positions is higher and the bank monitors the stability of the deposit base of customers by monitoring the deposit rearrangement rate of the population as well as monitoring the movement of deposits by sight. The bank maintains an appropriate level of liquidity according to the actual expected maturity of the positions and the appropriate level of liquidity coverage rate.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.2 Liquidity Risk (continued)

Maturity of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Residual Maturity)

Analysis by maturity of financial assets and liabilities (remaining maturity)

In MKD thousand	Up to 1	From 1 to 3	From 3 to 12	From 1 to 2	From 2 to 5	Over 5 years	Total
	month	months	months	years	years	Over 5 years	Total
2024 (current year)							
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	19.439.848	1.054.161	3.828.742	-	-	-	24.322.751
Trading assets	-	=	-	=	=	=	=
Financial assets carried at a fair	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
value through separate statement of							
profit and loss at initial recognition							
Derivative assets held for risk	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
management Loans and advances to banks	1.804	_	19	19	-	-	1.842
Loans and advances to customers	2.573.150	4.717.594	16.212.990	9.785.436	21.808.439	17.902.764	73.000.373
Investments in securities	908.409	548.239	1.437.342	3.147.425	3.521.602	399.751	9.962.768
Investments in associates	46.598	-	-	-	-	-	46.598
Current income tax receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	725.249	104.896	89	154.521	9	-	984.764
Assets pledged as collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	23.695.058	6.424.890	21.479.182	13.087.401	25.330.050	18.302.515	108.319.096
Total financial assets	23.093.036	0.424.090	21.479.102	13.067.401	25.550.050	16.302.515	106.319.090
Financial liabilities							
Trading liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Financial liabilities carried at a fair							
value through separate statement of profit and loss at initial recognition							
Derivative liabilities held for risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
management							
Due to banks	2.183.375	-	2.767.275	2.644.285	-	-	7.594.935
Due to other customers	65.720.387	1.348.963	2.612.520	2.012.755	290.061	80.889	72.065.575
Debt instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	87.325	-	1.003.201	832.486	2.668.166	5.030.762	9.621.940
Subordinated debt	25.017	-	-	368.970	1.537.375	-	1.931.362
Current income tax liabilities	-	-	158.378	=	=	=	158.378
Deferred tax liabilities	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Other liabilities	668.984	-	-	-	-	-	668.984
Total financial liabilities	68.685.094	1.348.963	6.541.374	5.858.496	4.495.602	5.111.651	92.041.180
000							
Off-balance items							
Off-balance assets	- 25 424 420	-	-	-	-	-	25 424 420
Off-balance liabilities	35.431.439	5.075.927	14.937.808	7.228.905	20.834.448	13.190.864	35.431.439
Net liquidity gap	(80.421.475)	5.075.927	14.937.808	7.228.905	20.834.448	13.190.864	(19.153.523)

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.2 Liquidity Risk (continued)

Maturity of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Residual Maturity) (continued)

Analysis by maturity of financial assets and liabilities (remaining maturity)

		•	ianciai asseis		`	ituity)	
In MKD thousand	Up to 1	From 1 to 3	From 3 to 12	From 1 to 2	From 2 to 5	Over 5 years	Total
	month	months	months	years	years		
2023 (previous year)							
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	14.189.149	-	-	5.826.696	-	-	20.015.845
Trading assets	-	-	-	=	=	-	-
Financial assets carried at a fair							
value through separate statement of							
profit and loss at initial recognition	-	=	=	=	-	-	-
Derivative assets held for risk							
management	-	=	=	=	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	2.483	=	=	70	42	-	2.595
Loans and advances to customers	3.324.097	4.243.737	18.756.289	8.696.514	13.802.541	18.614.354	67.437.532
Investments in securities	201.846	49.201	1.295.103	1.827.962	4.778.992	-	8.153.104
Investments in associates	46.598	-	-	-	-	-	46.598
Current income tax receivables	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	361.792	76.753	26.332	62	48.894	-	513.833
Assets pledged as collateral	-	=	=	=	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	16.264	-	-	-	-	-	16.264
Total financial assets	18.142.229	4.369.691	20.077.724	16.351.304	18.630.469	18.614.354	96.185.771
Financial liabilities							
Trading liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities carried at a fair							
value through separate statement of							
profit and loss at initial recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative liabilities held for risk							
management	_	=	=	=	-	_	-
Due to banks	2.450.647	4.735.115	=	=	-	_	7.185.762
Due to other customers	56.863.211	813.546	2.086.097	1.178.588	41.190	57.695	61.040.327
Debt instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	76.463	=	55.905	1.937.867	2.522.488	5.501.518	10.094.241
Subordinated debt	32.268	-	491.960	-	1.906.345	-	2.430.573
Current income tax liabilities	_	=	59.637	=	-	_	59.637
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	659.381	407	3.353	598	455	679	664.873
Total financial liabilities	60.081.970	5.549.068	2.696.952	3.117.053	4.470.478	5.559.892	81.475.413
	30.00	2.2 .2.2		2			3
Off-balance items							
Off-balance rems	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-balance liabilities	31.548.133	-	-	-	-	_	31.548.133
		- (4 470 077)	47 200 770	42 224 254	44450004	12.054.400	
Net liquidity gap	(73.487.874)	(1.179.377)	17.380.772	13.234.251	14.159.991	13.054.462	(16.837.775)

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk

The Bank is exposed to market risks. Market risks derive from the Bank open position in relation to the effect of the market interest rate fluctuations, as well as in relation to the effect of the exchange rate fluctuations. The Bank Management determines acceptable risk limits based on their daily monitoring.

For the purpose of interest rate risk monitoring, the Bank has developed internal acts as an integral part of the market risk management process. In addition to internal documents, the interest rate risk analysis and duration of equity is performed at least on a quarterly basis. Main objective is to limit the potential loss due to fluctuations in market interest rate level, to maintain the level of profitability, operational stability, and the Bank's equity market value.

Interest rate risk, as part of market risk, is an important part of the risk management process and it is under constant monitoring and control in order to be enabled an efficient management and the planned financial results to be achieved, as well as to increase the economic and the market value of the Bank's assets and capital.

The Bank manages active interest rate policy based on the Strategic Plan of the Bank, as well on the competitive position as compared to the other banks in the market. Throughout the year, continuous analyses of the interest-bearing assets and liabilities are conducted; the level of sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations, average weighted active and passive interest rate, value of interest-bearing assets and liabilities with internal and external determination of the interest rates as well as other relevant indicators. Based on all those analyses, ALCO makes further decisions on interest rates fluctuations.

Currency risk management, which is also a part of the market risk management process, is achieved in conditions of stable MKD rate, or in conditions of continuous restrictive monetary policy at state level. The Bank takes effective activities for adequate identification, measurement, monitoring and control of the currency risk exposure, which cover determination of currency risk sources, measurement methods, establishing limits and other control measures.

The basic currency risk management instrument, open foreign currency position of the Bank, is calculated on aggregate level as well as separately by currencies and by monitoring their compliance with the externally and internally determined limits. The Bank also assesses the potential maximal loss from currency risk by applying VaR - Value at Risk method according Group standards.

- 2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
- 2.3. Market Risk (continued)
- 2.3.1. Sensitivity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities on the Change in Market Risk
- A. Sensitivity Analysis on the Changes of Market Risk on Assets and Liabilities

	Profit/Loss	Own Funds	Risk weighted assets	Capital adequacy ratio
	In MKD thousand	In MKD thousand	In MKD thousand	in %
2024 (current year) Amount before sensitivity analysis / stress-tests (as of December 31, 2024)	1.736.206	15.040.798	78.260.302	19,22%
Effects from scenarios implementation Currency risk (list separately various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario)				
MKD to depreciate by 15%	1.818.675	15.123.267	86.303.246	17,52%
MKD to depreciate by 10%	1.791.186	15.095.778	83.654.977	18,05%
MKD to appreciate by 15%	1.653.737	14.958.329	70.413.632	21,24%
MKD to appreciate by 10% Interest rate risk (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario)	1.681.226	14.985.818	73.061.901	20,51%
Interest rate of 300 basis points, which affect the withdrawal of 30% of deposits of physical and legal entities whose interest rate, is variable and adjustable,	1.590.453	14.895.045	77.838.075	19,14%
Risk of change in market prices for investments in equity securities (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario The investments in equity securities is insignificant in terms of total assets, and accordingly, the Bank does not perform stress test				
Combined scenarios (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario) Combination of 10% MKD depreciation and	1.549.862	14.854.454	83.413.653	17,81%
an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 10% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	110 101002		3311131333	,6.7
Combination of 10% MKD depreciation and an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 30% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	1.420.289	14.724.881	83.284.080	17,68%
Combination of 10% MKD depreciation and an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 50% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	1.290.715	14.595.307	83.154.507	17,55%

- 2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
- 2.3 Market Risk (continued)
- 2.3.1 Sensitivity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities on the Change in Market Risk (continued)
- A. Sensitivity Analysis on the Changes of Market Risk on Assets and Liabilities (continued)

	Profit/Loss	Own Funds	Risk weighted assets	Capital adequacy ratio
	In MKD thousand	In MKD thousand	In MKD thousand	in %
2023 (previous year) Amount before sensitivity analysis / stress-tests (as of December 31, 2023) Effects from scenarios implementation Currency risk (list separately various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario)	1.462.301	13.615.004	74.070.588	18,38%
MKD to depreciate by 15%	1.482.741	13.635.444	82.043.679	16,62%
MKD to depreciate by 10%	1.475.928	13.628.631	79.385.982	17,17%
MKD to appreciate by 15%	1.441.861	13.594.564	66.097.497	20,57%
MKD to appreciate by 10%	1.448.674	13.601.377	68.755.194	19,78%
Interest rate risk (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario)		10.001.017	33.1.33.1.3	,
Interest rate of 300 basis points, which affect the withdrawal of 30% of deposits of physical and legal entities whose interest rate, is variable and adjustable,	1.266.627	13.419.330	74.056.955	18,12%
Risk of change in market prices for investments in equity securities (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario The investments in equity securities is insignificant in terms of total assets, and accordingly, the Bank does not perform stress test	/	/	/	/
Combined scenarios (list separately the various scenarios, including the basic features of the scenario)				
Combination of 20% MKD depreciation and an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 10% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	1.185.078	13.337.781	79.095.132	16,86%
Combination of 20% MKD depreciation and an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 30% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	1.024.449	13.177.152	78.934.503	16,69%
Combination of 20% MKD depreciation and an increase in the total amount of loans classified in risk categories V, G and D by 50% by transferring an equal amount of credits from categories A and B	863.819	13.016.522	78.773.873	16,52%

- 2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
- 2.3 Market Risk (continued)
- 2.3.1 Sensitivity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities on the Change in Market Risk (continued)
- B. Analysis of Value Exposed to Market Risk in Trading Portfolio

In	MKD	thousand
,,,	שו וועו	uiousaiiu

Risk exposure value of interest-bearing instruments Risk exposure value of foreign currency instruments Risk exposure value of equity instruments Variance (off-setting effect)

Total

		Current y	ear 2024			Previous	year 2023	
, [balance as of December 31	average value	highest value (maximum)	lowest value (minimum)	balance as of December 31	average value	highest value (maximum)	lowest value (minimum)
Ī	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	•	-	•	-	-

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk (continued)

2.3.2. Sensitivity analysis of Changes in Interest Rates of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Excluding Trading Assets)

A. Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

In the table below there is an overview of the Schedule "TWA" from the Guidelines for the implementation of the Decision for managing the interest rate risk in the banking book in accordance with the valid prescribed regulation of the NBRSM on December 31, 2024 and 2023.

	In MKD thousand	Currency	Current year 2024	Previous year 2023
1.1	Net weighed position for currency MKD (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	MKD	956.622	599.783
1.2	Net weighted position for currency EUR (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	EUR	611.583	496.957
1.3	Net weighted position for currency USD (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	USD	(632)	(3.476)
1.4	Net weighted position for other currencies (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	Other	(2.147)	(2.128)
1.5	Net weighed position for currency MKD cl EUR (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	MKD cl EUR	197.315	270.642
1.6	Net weighed position for currency MKD cl USD (fixed + variable + administrative interest rate)	MKD cl USD	(11.677)	(14.154)
3.	Total weighted amount – Change in the economic value of the banking portfolio $(1,1+1,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6)$		1.751.064	1.347.624
3.	Own Funds		13.330.282	12.122.264
4.	Total weighted amount / own funds (2/3*100)		13,14%	11,12%

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk (continued)

2.3.2 Sensitivity analysis of Changes in Interest Rates of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Excluding Trading Assets) (continued)

Interest Rates gap analysis

The Bank is exposed to various risks associated with the effects of fluctuation in the prevailing level of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. Interest margins may increase as a result of such changes but may decrease or create losses in the event of unexpected movements. Assets and liabilities management is performed based on Bank's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The Bank is always careful not to reduce the interest margin. However, the actual effect will depend on various factors, including economic stability, environment and inflation rate.

The table presents gap analysis of interest rates of financial assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

In MKD thousand	Up to 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total interest-bearing assets/liabilities
2024 (current year)							
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss at initial recognition	15.123.608 -	- -	-	-	-	-	15.123.608 -
Loans and advances to banks	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Loans and advances to other customers	19.522.977	4.010.530	17.494.707	6.438.331	10.432.792	11.245.998	69.145.335
Investments in securities	-	547.926	1.436.890	3.205.779	3.459.679	399.522	9.049.796
Other interest sensitive assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total interest sensitive financial assets	34.646.585	4.558.456	18.931.597	9.644.110	13.892.471	11.645.520	93.318.739
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	3.628.205	-	922.425	2.644.285	-	-	7.194.915
Due to other customers	1.593.602	3.597.934	13.282.865	8.848.032	1.593.765	160.735	29.076.933
Debt instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	751.387	2.884.182	2.038.545	762.691	1.535.313	1.585.418	9.557.536
Subordinated debt and hybrid capital instruments	-	307.475	-	368.970	1.229.900	-	1.906.345
Other interest sensitive liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total interest sensitive financial assets	5.973.194	6.789.591	16.243.835	12.623.978	4.358.978	1.746.153	47.735.729
Total interest sensitive financial assets	28.673.391	(2.231.135)	2.687.762	(2.979.868)	9.533.493	9.899.367	45.583.010
Off balance sheet interest sensitive assets Off balance sheet interest sensitive liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net off-balance sheet gap					-		
Total net-gap	28.673.391	(2.231.135)	2.687.762	(2.979.868)	9.533.493	9.899.367	45.583.010

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk (continued)

2.3.2 Sensitivity analysis of Changes in Interest Rates of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Excluding Trading Assets) (continued)

B. Interest Rates gap analysis (continued)

In MKD thousand	Up to 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total interest-bearing assets/liabilities
2023 (previous year) Financial assets	10.502.588						10.502.588
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss at initial recognition	10.302.300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to other customers	19.482.589	3.542.772	17.721.243	6.512.403	7.945.656	8.593.571	63.798.234
Investments in securities	-	47.540	1.293.501	1.702.007	4.031.569	-	7.074.617
Other interest sensitive assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total interest sensitive financial assets	29.985.177	3.590.312	19.014.744	8.214.410	11.977.225	8.593.571	81.375.439
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	4.796.610	2.090.830	7.004.040	- 0000 040	- 4 040 004		6.887.440
Due to other customers	1.197.965	1.951.643	7.231.240	8.266.346	1.316.391	207.484	20.171.069
Debt instruments issued	-			-	-	-	40.000.700
Borrowings	853.901	2.608.730	2.137.741	954.560	1.662.182	1.803.648	10.020.762
Subordinated debt and hybrid capital instruments Other interest sensitive liabilities	-	307.475 -	491.960 -	-	1.598.870 -	-	2.398.305
Total interest sensitive financial liabilities	6.848.476	6.958.678	9.860.941	9.220.906	4.577.443	2.011.132	39.477.576
Net balance sheet gap	23.136.701	(3.368.366)	9.153.803	(1.006.496)	7.399.782	6.582.439	41.897.864
5 .							
Off balance sheet interest sensitive assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off balance sheet interest sensitive liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net off-balance sheet gap Total net-gap	23.136.701	(3.368.366)	9.153.803	(1.006.496)	7.399.782	6.582.439	41.897.864
i otal liet-gap	23.130.701	(3.300.300)	3.100.003	(1.000.490)	1.333.102	0.302.433	71.031.004

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk (continued)

2.3.3. Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk management, which is also part of the market risk management process, is achieved in conditions of stable exchange rate of Denar, in conditions of continuation of the restrictive monetary policy at the state level. The Bank actively undertakes activities for adequate identification, measurement, monitoring and control of currency risk exposure, which include determining the sources of currency risk, methods of measuring it, establishing limits and other control mechanisms.

The basic instrument for currency risk management, the open foreign exchange position of the Bank, is calculated on an aggregate level as well as separately by currencies and their compliance with the externally and internally determined limits.

In MKD thousand	MKD	EUR	USD	m	specify separately currencies more than 10% of total monetary assets / liabilities				Other Currencies	Total
2024 (current year)										
Monetary assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	11.003.275	10.116.765	2.361.563	_	_	-	_	_	1.247.801	24.729.404
Trading assets	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial assets carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
at initial recognition										
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	1.839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.839
Loans and advances to customers	37.383.175	32.102.750	9.627	-	-	-	-	-	-	69.495.552
Investments in securities	5.609.522	4.353.134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.962.656
Investments in associates	46.598	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46.598
Income tax receivable (current)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	930.937	19.359	1.843	-	-	-	-	-	1.366	953.505
Assets pledged as collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Monetary Assets	54.975.346	46.592.008	2.373.033	-	-	-	-	-	1.249.167	105.189.554
Manatam, liabilitia										
Monetary liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Trading liabilities Financial liabilities carried at a fair value		_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
through separate statement of profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
at initial recognition										
Derivative liabilities held for risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
management Due to banks	134.825	7.392.262	41.574	١_	_	l _	_	_	26.274	7.594.935
Due to other customers	40.569.414	28.259.311	2.074.107	_	_	_	_	_	1.162.743	72.065.575
Debt instruments issued	-0.000.414	20.200.011	2.07 4.107	_	_	١.	_	_	-	-
Borrowings	119.208	9.376.040	126.692	_	_	_	_	_	_	9.621.940
Subordinated debt	- 110.200	1.931.362	120.002	_	_	_	_	_	_	1.931.362
Income tax payable (current)	158.378	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	158.378
Deferred tax liabilities	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6
Other liabilities	385.402	142.803	100.649	_	-	_	_	_	40.130	668.984
Total monetary liabilities	41.367.233	47.101.778	2.343.022	-	-	-	-	-	1.229.147	92.041.180
Net foreign currency position	13.608.113	(509.770)	30.011		-	1	-	-	20.020	13.148.374

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.3 Market Risk (continued)

2.3.3 Foreign Currency Risk (continued)

In MKD thousand	MKD	EUR	USD	tha	sep Irrer an 1 onet	0%	tely s mo of to asse	otal	Other Currencies	Total
2023 (previous year)										
Monetary assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	8.568.076	9.597.121	807.342	-	-	-	-	-	1.042.092	20.014.631
Trading assets Financial assets carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss at initial recognition	-	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	-
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	1.902	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.902
Loans and advances to customers	29.947.430	33.876.148	5.909	-	-	-	-	-	-	63.829.487
Investments in securities	4.011.089	4.141.950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.153.039
Investments in associates	46.598	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46.598
Income tax receivable (current)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	723.840	10.980	1.726	-	-	-	-	-	1.396	737.942
Assets pledged as collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	16.264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.264
Total Monetary Assets	43.315.199	47.626.199	814.977	-	-	-	-	-	1.043.488	92.799.863
Monetary liabilities										
Trading liabilities Financial liabilities carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
at initial recognition Derivative liabilities held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	122.292	7.001.513	21.094	-	_	-		-	40.863	7.185.762
Due to other customers	30.183.311	27.602.410	1.953.291	-	_	_		_	1.301.315	61.040.327
Debt instruments issued	-	27.002.410	1.500.251	_	_	_		_	1.001.010	01.040.027
Borrowings	174.315	9.785.711	134.215	-	_	_	_	_	_	10.094.241
Subordinated debt	-	2.430.573	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	2.430.573
Income tax payable (current)	59.637		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	59.637
Deferred tax liabilities	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other liabilities	353.455	231.596	72.523	-	_	_	-	_	7.299	664.873
Total monetary liabilities	30.893.010	47.051.803	2.181.123	-	-	-	-	-	1.349.477	81.475.413
Net foreign currency position	12.422.189	574.396	(1.366.146)	-	-	-	-	-	(305.989)	11.324.450

2. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.4 Operational Risk

Within its own internal acts, the Bank defines operational risks as risks arising from deficiencies or mistakes in conducting internal processes, systems and personnel or from external events. Operational Risk includes the legal risk also, but does not include strategic risk and reputational risk. However, reputational risk is still considered in operational risk management due to its importance.

Operational risk management objective is to limit the number of potential losses and probability of their realization at a level that is acceptable for the Bank from a financial point of view, as well as from the aspect of the Bank's reputation. The Bank accepts those operational risks which, if realized, will not have a significant effect on the separate financial results i.e. they will not jeopardize the further operation of the Bank. The policy and the acts arising from this objective have established consistent approach to the operational risk management.

In 2024, the Bank applied Key Risk Indicators (KRI) to control and assess the level of operational risk as well as the Risk Control Self Assessment method for assessing key risks.

The Bank makes estimation of the capital requirement to cover the operational risks by applying standardized approach under the local legislation.

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Capital Management

Main objective of the Bank is to maintain its equity capital at an optimum level, thus observing stipulated regulatory minimum requirement. The Bank is obliged to constantly maintain the capital adequacy rate at a level not less than 8%.

According to the amendments of the Decision on methodology for capital adequacy as of 2017, the structure of own funds has changed, with greater emphasis on the regular core capital (improved quality), stricter requirements for the capital instruments in the primary and additional capital; an appropriate change in the minimum capital requirements in accordance with the new structure:

- Regular capital ratio 4,5% (Common Equity Tier 1 Capital ratio);
- Core capital ratio 6% (Tier 1 Capital ratio);
- Own funds ratio 8%,

In addition, in accordance with the amendments to the Banking Law from October 2016, NBRNM also introduced new bylaws for the purposes of alignment with the Basel Capital Accord Basel 3, as well as with the relevant European regulations. With the amendments banks are obliged to maintain an adequate amount of capital for covering the protective four layers of capital: protective layer for capital maintenance at the level of 2.5% of the risk weighted assets; counter-cyclic protective layer of capital in the amount up to 2.5% of the risk weighted assets or more, depending on other systemic factors / indicators; protective layer of capital for systemically significant banks in the range between 1% - 3.5% of the risk weighted assets; and a systemic protective layer of capital in the range between 1% - 3% of the risk weighted assets, The new regulation refers to the following:

- Decision on methodology for debt risk management;
- · Decision on methodology for determining the maximum amount for distribution of the profit;
- Decision on the methodology for determining the rate of counter-cyclic protective layer of capital for exposures in the Republic of North Macedonia.
- Decision on methodology for identifying systemically significant banks;
- Decision on methodology for plan development for recovery of systemically significant banks;

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Capital Management (continued)

The bank was identified as a systemically significant bank by NBRNM and therefore is obliged to allocate a regular core capital of 2% of the risk-weighted assets. In addition, according to the supervisory assessment of the risk profile of the Bank, the Bank is obliged to allocate an additional capital allowance of 3,25%, which can be met with any quality of capital i.e. any component of the own funds. As of December 31, 2024, the minimum capital adequacy rate for the Bank was 17.00% and by the end of 2023, the minimum rate was 16.25%.

The Bank strives to reliably measure the current risk, to estimate the future risk and the need of own funds for maintaining an optimum capital adequacy level.

The Bank has established a system for maintaining adequate level of own funds in relation to the risk-weighted assets and continuously maintains a high level of capital adequacy.

If asset risk increases, the Bank may increase its own funds capital or take measures to reduce risk-weighted assets to maintain an optimal level of capital adequacy.

The Bank's policy of reinvesting profits is an instrument for increasing its own funds.

The capital required to cover the risks is the sum of the capital required to cover the credit risk, the currency risk, the risk of change in commodity prices, the market risks and the operational risk. The bank is required to have an adequate level of capital required to cover all these risks.

In the risk management process, the Bank introduces procedures and methodology for determining capital adequacy and calculates it on a quarterly basis. The Bank performs a stress test of the capital adequacy where it checks whether the capital adequacy ratio maintains the prescribed level according to the legislation i.e. the set business policy of the Bank and the recommendation from the regulator.

The capital adequacy as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 is shown in the tables below.

Own Funds

The table below gives an overview of the Report on the own funds (Form "SS") prepared in accordance with the "Instructions for enforcing the Decision on the Methodology for determining the capital adequacy" in compliance with the applicable regulation prescribed by the NBRNM as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Own Funds (continued)

		current year	previous year
	In MKD thousand	2024	2023
1. Own fo	ınds	15.040.798	13.615.004
2. Tier 1	Capital	14.148.346	12.266.667
Comm	on Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	14.148.346	12.266.667
3.1. Positio	ns in CET1	14.148.352	12.250.403
3.1.1. Capita	instruments of CET1	5.594.758	5.594.758
3.1.2. Premiu	m on capital instruments of CET1	666.348	666.348
3.1.3. Manda	tory genera reserve (general reserve fund)	559.476	502.197
3.1.4. Retain	ed unallocated earning	5.596.538	4.191.516
3.1.5. (-) Acc	umulated loss from previous years	-	-
3.1.6. Curren	t profit or year-end profit	1.736.206	1.462.301
	ehensive income or loss	(4.974)	(166.717)
3.2. (-) Dec	uctions of CET1	(6)	16.264
3.2.1. (-) Los	s at the end of the year or current loss	-	-
* *	ngible assets are assets associated with the Bank's establishment,		
license	s, patents, concessions and trademarks (including the pre-		
agreer	nents for their acquisition/use) and goodwill, The software support or		
softwa	e in development are not considered as intangible assets, Intangible		
assets	are recorded at net amount i,e, less any accumulated amortization		
	y accumulated impairment losses;	-	-
	erred tax assets that rely on future profitability of the bank	(6)	16.264
3.2.4. (-) Inve	stments in own capital instruments from CET1	-	-
` '	rect investments in own capital instruments from CET1	-	-
3.2.4.2. (-) In	direct investments in own capital instruments from CET1	-	-
3.2.4.3. (-) Sy	Inthetic investments in own capital instruments from CET1	-	-
	vestments in own capital instruments from CET1 for which the bank		
	ntractual obligation to buy	-	-
	ect, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from		
	of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies		
	vestments in the bank	-	-
	ect, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from		
	of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not		
	gnificant investment	-	-
	ct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from		
	of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has		
J	ant investment	-	-
, ,	ount of deductions from AT1 which exceeds the total amount of AT1	-	-
` '	ount of exceeding the limits on investments in non-financial institutions	-	-
3.2.10. (-) tax		-	-
	ference between the necessary and the actual allowance for		
•	nent provision/special reserve	-	-
J	tory adjustments from CET1		-
	ease of CET1 that arises from the position of securitization	-	-
` '	ns or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow		-
* *	ns or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value	-	-
(-) Gai 3.3.4. at fair	ns or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured		
		-	-
	ns as a result of consolidation	-	-
	introlling (minority) participation that is recognized in CET1 on		
3.4.1. consol 3.4.2. Other	dated basis	-	-
	positions from CET1	-	-
J.J. Other	DOSILIONS HOLLI CE I I	-	-

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued) Own Funds (continued)

Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1) 1.1 Position of AT1 1.2 Capital instruments of AT1 1.2 Capital instruments of AT1 1.3 Capital instruments of AT1 1.4 Capital instruments from AT1 1.5 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.6 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.8 Capital (Capital) 1.9 Capital (Capital) 1.0 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.0 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.1 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.2 Capital (Capital) 1.0 Capital instruments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investments in the bank 1.0 Direct, indicet and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 1.0 Direct, indicet and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 1.2 Capital (Capital) 1.2 Capital (Capital) 1.3 Capital instruments (Capital) 1.3 Capital instruments (Capital)		Own Funds (continued)		
Additional Tar 1 Capital (ATT) 1.1. Position of AT1 1.2. Partial instruments of AT1 1.2. Partial instruments of AT1 1.3. (-) Deduction of AT1 1.4. (-) Deduction of AT1 1.5. (-) Deduction of AT1 1.6. (-) Deduction of AT1 1.7. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 1.7. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank 1.7. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments of securitization 1.8. (-) Capital (-) Dissess from italialities of the bank measured at fair value 1.9 Capital (-) Dissess from italialities of the bank measured at fair value 1.9 Capital (-) Dissess from italialities of the bank measured at fair value 1.9 Capital (-) Direct investments in capital instruments from T2 1.1 Capital ins		In MKD thousand	current year 2024	
4.1.1. Capital instruments of AT1 4.1.2. () Petenium on capital instruments of AT1 4.1.2. () Debutchin of AT1 4.2. () Divect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2. (.) () Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2. (.) () Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2. (.) () Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2. (.) () Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2. (.) () Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 () Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 4.2. (a) Indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 4.2. (a) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 4.2. (a) One () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 4.2. (a) One () One of AT1 that arises from AT2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 4.2. (a) () Tax costs 4.3. Regulatory adjustments from AT1 4.3.1. (b) Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization 4.3.2. (c) Gains or (+) losses from itselfilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 4. Positions as a result of consolidation 4.4. Position as a result of consolidation 4.4. Position as a result of consolidation 4.5. One of the position from AT1 5. Ter 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. (a) Indirect and synthetic investments from T2 5.2. (b) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1. (c) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 6. (c) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 6. (d) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 6. (e) Univestments	4.	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	-	2023
4.1.2. Premium on capital instruments of AT1 4.2. Obduction of AT1 4.2.1. Ol Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.1. Ol Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.2. Ol Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. Symthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.4. Ol Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.5. Oly Symthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of which the bank has 4.2.1.4. outcome of a symthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank 4.2.1.4. outcome of a symthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment in the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 4.2.4. Oly Tax costs Oly T			-	-
4.2.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.4. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.5. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from AT1 of which the bank has 4.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy 4.2.1.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment	4.1.1.	Capital instruments of AT1	-	-
4.2.1.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.4. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 (-) Investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments of Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments of Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investment and the capital instruments from Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from Equation (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instrum	4.1.2.		-	-
4.2.1.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.3. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 4.2.1.4. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank 4.2.1. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 (-) Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments of securitization (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments of securitization (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in own capital instruments from the positions of securitization (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in Direct, and Direct	4.2.	(-) Deduction of AT1	-	-
4.2.1.3. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 () (-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 () (-) Investments in own capital instruments in capital instruments from AT1 () (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (4.2.1.	(-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1	-	-
4.2.1.3. () Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from AT1 () Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of which the bank has () Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Tax costs () () Tax costs () () Tax costs () () Tax costs () () Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization () () Gains or () Osses from covering risk arising from the cash flow () () Gains or () Osses from covering risk arising from the cash flow () () Gains or () Osses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value () Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated has a capital instruments of T2 () Defice in the properties of T2 () Desition of T2 () Experiments of T2 () Experiments of T2 () Experiments of T2 () Deductions of T2 () Deductions of T2 () Deductions of T2 () Deductions of T2 () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from T2 () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 () Direct, indirect	4.2.1.1.	(-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from AT1	-	-
(-) Investments in own capital instruments from AT1 for which the bank has companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investment in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Cains or (-) Invesses from Inbilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (-) Invesses from Inbilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (-) Invesses from Inbilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (-) Invesses from Inbilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (-) Invesses from Inbilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (-) Invested from AT1 (-) Tax costs (-) Tax	4.2.1.2.	(-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from AT1	-	-
4.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Carlis or (-) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Carlis or (-) losses from localities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses reflact with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Carlis or (-) Deductions of T2 (-) Deductions of T2 (-) Deductions of T2 (-) Deductions of T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic invest	4.2.1.3.		-	-
(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T2 (-) Tax costs (-) Amount of deductions from T4 (-) Amount of deductions from T5 (-) Amount of the same stream from T2 (-) Amount of the same stream from T2 (-) Amount of the same stream from T2 (-) Deductions from T2 (-) Deductions from T2 (-) Deductions of T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 (-) D	4.2.1.4.		-	-
4.2.2. In the bank () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment () Tax costs () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 4.2.6. () Tax costs () Tax costs () Amount of deductions from AT1 4.3.1. () Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization () Gains or () losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow () Gains or () losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value () Gains or () losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value () Gains or () losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value () Gains or () losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value () Cher position from AT1 () Capital (T2) () Cher position from AT1 () Capital (T2) () Excitation of T2 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) () Explain (T2) () Explain instruments of T2 5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans () Explain instruments of T2 5.1.3. Premitum on capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 () Direct indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those compan		(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the		
(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment () Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 () Amount of deductions from T2 () Amount of deductions of securitization () Amount of deductions of the property of the deductions of securitization () Amount of deductions of the property of the deduction of the deduction of the deduction of the property of the deduction of the ded	4.2.2.		-	-
(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from AT1 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment				
4.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 4.2.5. (
4.2.5. () Amount of deductions from T2 which the bank has significant investment 4.2.5. () Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2	4.2.3.	investment	-	-
4.2.6. (-) Amount of deductions from T2 which exceeds the total amount of T2 4.3.6. (-) Tax costs 4.3. Regulatory adjustments from AT1 4.3.1. (-) Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization 4.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 4.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 4.3.4. value 4.4. Positions as a result of consolidation Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated 4.4.1. basis 4.4.2. Other 4.5. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital instruments of T2 5.1. (-) Deductions of T2 5.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Opirect, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital ins				
4.3.1. (-) Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization		·	-	-
4.3.1 (-) Increase of AT1 that arises from AT1 4.3.2 (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 4.3.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 4.3.4 (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 4.3.4 (-) Gains or (+) losses refrom liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 4.4.4 (-) Positions as a result of consolidation Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated 4.4.1 (-) Differ of the consolidation from AT1 5. Ter 2 Capital (T2) 5.1 Position of T2 5.1.1 Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2 Subordinated loans 5.1.3 Premium on capital instruments from T2 5.1.1 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.1 (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2 (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3 (-) Synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 5.2.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 5.2.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 5.3.4 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 6. Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 7. Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 7. Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 7. Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arisi				
4.3.1 (-) Increase of AT1 that arises from the positions of securitization 4.3.2 (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the Capital rist value (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the Capital rist value (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the Capital rist value (-) Gains or (+) losses from Liabilities of the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the c		()		
4.3.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 4.3.4 value 4.4. Positions as a result of consolidation Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated basis 4.4.2 Other 4.5. Other Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.1 Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2 Subordinated loans 5.1.3 Premium on capital instruments from T2 5.1.1 (-) Deductions of T2 5.1.2 (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.1 (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.1 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2 (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3 (-) Orther own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4 (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.5 (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.1 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.3 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of t				
4.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value				
(-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 4.4. Positions as a result of consolidation Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated basis 4.4.1. basis 4.4.2. Other 4.5. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. Position of T2 5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans 5.1.3. Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.1. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 5.2.2. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.2. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Univestment in the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 7. Capital instruments from T2 892.452 892.452 1.348.337				
4.4. Positions as a result of consolidation Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated 4.4.1. basis Cother Cother position from AT1 Tier 2 Capital (T2) Subordinated loans Subordinated l	4.3.3.		-	-
Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated 4.4.1. basis 4.4.2. Other 4.5. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5. 1. Position of T2 5. 2 Subordinated loans 5.1.2 Subordinated loans 5.1.2 Subordinated loans 5.1.3 Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.1.1 (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3 (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4 (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.5 (-) Indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 5.2.2. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6.2.4. Companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6.3.2 (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 6.3.3 (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 6.3.4. Value 6.4.1 Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 6.4.2 Other	4.3.4.		-	-
4.4.1. basis 4.4.2. Other 4.5. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. Position of T2 5.1. Subordinated loans 5.1.3 Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.1. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Uniffect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Univestments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6.2.4. contractual obligation to buy 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6.2. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant inv	4.4.	Positions as a result of consolidation	-	-
4.4.2. Other 4.5. Other position from AT1		Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in AT1 on consolidated		
4.5. Other position from AT1 5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5. Position of T2 5.1. Position of T2 5.1. Subordinated loans 5.1.2 Subordinated loans 5.1.3 Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.2. (·) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (·) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 6. Investments in own capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Oil Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Oil Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Oil Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6. Oil Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the			-	-
5. Tier 2 Capital (T2) 5.1. Position of T2 5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans 5.1.3. Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.1.4. (-) Deductions of T2 5.1.5. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.4. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.1.5. (-) Indirect and synthetic investments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment investment 5.2.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3.1. (-) Cincrease of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from labilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from labilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis Other			-	
5.1. Position of T2 5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans Fremium on capital instruments of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from T2 of the companies from T2 of the companies from T2	4.5.	Other position from AT1	-	-
5.1. Position of T2 5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans Fremium on capital instruments of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from T2 of the companies from T2 of the companies from T2	_	Tion 2 Conital (T2)	902.452	4 240 227
5.1.1. Capital instruments of T2 5.1.2. Subordinated loans 5.1.3. Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.5. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 5.2.2. in the bank 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6. Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 7. Sa. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 7. Sa. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 7. Sa. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 7. Sa. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 7. Sa. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from T2 o		, , ,		
5.1.2. Subordinated loans 5.1.3. Premium on capital instruments of T2 5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.1. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.5. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from labilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other			692.432	1.346.337
5.1.3. Premium on capital instruments of T2 (-) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.1. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other		•	902 452	1 2/9 227
5.2. (-) Deductions of T2 5.2.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from the positions of securitization 5.3.4. value			092.432	1.340.337
5.2.1. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 5.2.2. in the bank 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 6.2.3. investment 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 6.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 6.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 6.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 6. Gains or (+) losses from liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 7. Control of the consolidation 7. Control of the consolidation consolidated basis 8. Control of the consolidation consolidated basis 9. Control of the consolidation consolidated basis control in the cash flow consolidated basis control consolidated basis control in the cash flow consolidat		•		
5.2.1.1. (-) Direct investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 5.2.1.4. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments 5.2.2. in the bank 6. (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. investment 6.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 6.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 6.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 6.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 6.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 6. Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 6. Positions as a result of consolidation 6.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 7. Cother				
5.2.1.2. (-) Indirect investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value - Control 12 - Control 12 - Control 13 - Control 14 - Control 15 - Control 15 - Control 16 - Control 17 - Cont		·		
5.2.1.3. (-) Synthetic investments in own capital instruments from T2 (-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 for which the bank has 5.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.3.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other		·		
(-) Investments in own capital instruments from T2 for which the bank has 5.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.3.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other		· ·		
5.2.1.4. contractual obligation to buy (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment 5.2.3. investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other	0.2	•		
companies from the financial sector, whereas those companies have investments in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 8.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 1.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 1.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 1.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value 1.3.4. value 1.3.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 1.3.4. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 1.3.4. Other	5.2.1.4.	·	-	-
5.2.2. in the bank (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.3.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.5. Other				
(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value				
companies from the financial sector in which the bank does not have significant investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.4.1. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis Other	5.2.2.		-	-
5.2.3. investment (-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other				
(-) Direct, indirect and synthetic investments in capital instruments from T2 of the companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis Other	500			
5.2.4. companies from the financial sector in which the bank has significant investment 5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other	5.2.3.		-	-
5.3. Regulatory adjustments from T2 5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other	521		_	
5.3.1. (-) Increase of T2 that arises from the positions of securitization 5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other				
5.3.2. (-) Gains or (+) losses from covering risk arising from the cash flow 5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other				
5.3.3. (-) Gains or (+) losses from liabilities of the bank measured at fair value (-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other				
(-) Gains or (+) losses related with liabilities based on derivatives measured at fair 5.3.4. value 5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other				
5.3.4. value	0.0.0.		-	-
5.4. Positions as a result of consolidation 5.4.1. Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis 5.4.2. Other	5.3.4.		-	-
5.4.2. Other			-	-
	5.4.1.	Acceptable additional tier 1 capital that is recognized in T2 on consolidated basis	-	-
5.5. Other position from T2			-	-
	5.5.	Other position from T2	-	-

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Capital Adequacy Ratio

The table below gives an overview of the Report on the capital adequacy ratio (Form AK) prepared in accordance with the "Instructions for enforcing the Decision on the Methodology for determining the capital adequacy" in compliance with the applicable regulation prescribed by the NBRSM as of December 31, 2024 and 2023

	In MKD thousand	current year 2024	previous year 2023
1	CREDIT RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS		
1	Credit risk-weighted assets under the standardized approach	71.287.221	68.367.677
2	Capital requirement for credit risk	5.702.978	5.469.414
II	CURRENCY RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS		
3	Aggregate foreign exchange position	550.073	141.051
4	Net-position in gold	-	-
5	Capital requirement for currency risk	44.006	-
6	Currency risk-weighted assets	550.073	-
Ш	OPERATIONAL RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS		
7	Capital requirement for operational risk under the basic indicator approach	513.841	456.233
8	Capital requirement for operational risk under the standardized approach	-	-
9	Operational risk-weighted assets	6.423.008	5.702.911
IV	OTHER RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS		
10	Capital requirement for commodity risks	-	-
11	Capital requirement for market risks (11.1+11.2+11.3)	-	-
11.1	Capital requirement for position risk (11.1.1+11.1.2+11.1.3+11.1.4)	-	-
11.1.1	Capital requirement for specific risk of investments in debt instruments	-	-
11.1.2	Capital requirement for general risk of investments in debt instruments	-	-
11.1.3	Capital requirement for specific risk of investments in equities	-	-
11.1.4	Capital requirement for general risk of investments in equities	-	-
11.2	Capital requirement for exceeding of exposure limits	-	-
11.3	Capital requirement for market risks arising from option positions	=	-
12	Capital requirement for settlement/delivery risk	-	-
13	Capital requirement for counterparty risk	-	-
14	Capital requirement for other risks (10+11+12+13)	-	-
15	Other risk-weighted assets	-	-
V	RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS	78.260.302	74.070.588
16	Capital requirement for risks	6.260.825	5.925.647
VI	OWN FUNDS	15.040.798	13.615.004
VII	CREDIT RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS (VI/V)	19,22%	18,38%

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting is carried out by the Bank's operating segments.

Operating segment is a component of the activities of the Bank for which the following conditions have been fulfilled:

- Performs activities as a result based on which incomes are generated and expenditures arise;
- Reviews from the Bank's Supervisory Board, in order to assess the accomplishments and decision making for future business activities of the segment; and
- Financial information for the segment is available.

The Bank primary business segments are as follows:

- Retail operation (retail banking and sole traders) granted loans, letters of guarantee and letters of credit, services related to payment operations, credit cards, current and term deposits, and etc.
- Corporate banking (operations with non-financial and financial companies) granted loans, letters of guarantee and letters of credit, current and time deposits, payment operations, derivatives, and etc.

Secondary geographic segments are the following:

- Member countries of the European Union.
- Other European countries, outside the EU.
- Countries outside Europe, members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD); and other countries

The following table shows the separate Balance Sheet and separate Income Statement by individual business segments identifying income/expenses among the segments.

4. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

A. Operating Segments

[Operating	Segments		All other		
In MKD thousand	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Investment banking	Government	insignificant operating segments	Unallocated	Total
2024 (current year)							
Net Interest income/(expense)	1.366.746	1.105.919	-	297.302	-	-	2.769.967
Net Income/(expenses) from fees and commission	306.754	445.252	-	522	-	-	752.528
Net Income from trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Income from other financial instruments carried at their fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other operating income	(59.649)	735.053		2.533		(289.004)	388.933
Income realized between segments	-	=	-	-	-	-	-
Total Income per segment	1.613.851	2.286.224		300.357		(289.004)	3.911.428
Allowance for impairment of financial assets, net	-	(93.516)	-	(971)	-	-	(94.487)
Impairment loss of non- financial assets, net	-	(15.147)	-	-	-	-	(15.147)
Amortization and depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	(202.364)	(202.364)
Restructuring costs Cost for investment in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
property and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other expenses	(583.489)	(243.748)	-	-	-	(743.450)	(1.570.687)
Total Expenses per segment	(583.489)	(352.411)	-	(971)	-	(945.814)	(1.882.685)
Financial result per segment	1.030.362	1.933.813	-	299.386	-	(1.234.818)	2.028.743
Income Tax	-	-	-	-	-	(292.537)	(292.537)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	1.030.362	1.933.813	-	299.386	-	(1.527.355)	1.736.206
-							
Total assets per segment	31.737.247	42.034.618	-	15.933.865	-	-	89.705.730
Unallocated assets per segment	-	-	-	-	-	16.861.268	16.861.268
Total assets	31.737.247	42.034.618	-	15.933.865	-	16.861.268	106.566.998
Total liabilities per segment	36.370.400	55.417.425	-	26.995	-	-	91.814.820
Unallocated liabilities per segment			-	-	-	598.910	598.910
Total liabilities	36.370.400	55.417.425	-	26.995	-	598.910	92.413.730

4. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

A. Operating Segments (continued)

[Operating	Segments		All other		
In MKD thousand	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Investment banking	Government	insignificant operating segments	Unallocated	Total
0000 (
2023 (previous year) Net Interest income/(expense)	1.354.464	1.015.817	-	208.990	-	-	2.579.271
Net Income/(expenses) from fees and commission	287.778	402.876	-	463	-	-	691.117
Net Income from trading Net Income from other financial instruments carried at their fair value	-	-	-			-	-
Other operating income Income realized between	14.110	1.412.009	-	14.871	-	(1.019.603)	421.387
segments Total Income per segment	1.656.352	2.830.702	-	224.324	_	(1.019.603)	3.691.775
rotal income per segment	7.000.002	2.030.702		224.024		(1.013.003)	3.031.770
Allowance for impairment of financial assets, net	-	(339.975)	-	4.853	-	-	(335.122)
Impairment loss of non- financial assets, net	-	(20.522)	-	-	-	-	(20.522)
Amortization and depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	(181.128)	(181.128)
Restructuring costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost for investment in property and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenses	(559.763)	(222.172)	-	-	-	(763.582)	(1.545.517)
Total Expenses per segment	(559.763)	(582.669)	-	4.853	-	(944.710)	(2.082.289)
Financial result per segment	1.096.589	2.248.033	-	229.177	-	(1.964.313)	1.609.486
Income Tax	-	-	-	-	-	(147.185)	(147.185)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	1.096.589	2.248.033	•	229.177	-	(2.111.498)	1.462.301
Total assets per segment	29.584.999	36.730.628	-	13.599.346	-	-	79.914.973
Unallocated assets per segment	-	-	-	-	-	14.230.870	14.230.870
Total assets	29.584.999	36.730.628	-	13.599.346	-	14.230.870	94.145.843
Total liabilities per segment	29.682.195	51.622.546	-	28.679	-	-	81.333.420
Unallocated liabilities per segment	-	-	-	-	-	541.748	541.748
Total liabilities	29.682.195	51.622.546	-	28.679	-	541.748	81.875.168

4. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

B. Concentration of Total Income and Expense by Significant Client

		Operating	Segments		All other		
In MKD thousand	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Investment banking	Government	insignificant operating segments	Unallocated	Total
2024 (current year)							
Client 1							
income	-	708.694	-	-	-	-	708.694
(expenses)	-	(491.419)	-	-	-	-	(491.419)
Client 2		-	-	-	-	-	-
income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(expenses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Client 3		-	-	-	-	-	-
income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(expenses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total per segment	-	217.275	-	-	•	•	217.275
2023 (previous year) Client 1							
income	-	29.409	-	-	-	-	29.409
(expenses)	-	(321.981)	-	-	-	-	(321.981)
Client 2	-	` ,	-	-	-	-	,
income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(expenses)	-	(162.282)	-	-	-	-	(162.282)
Client 3	-		-	-	-	-	
income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(expenses)	-	-	-	-	ı	ı	=
Total per segment	-	(454.854)	-	-	-	1	(454.854)

4. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

C. Geographical Location

	North	EU member	Europe - other	OECD member states (without		er (list separ geographica			Unallocated	Total
In MKD thousand		states		EU countries members of OECD						
2024 (current year) Total income Total assets	5.046.779 92.963.151	765.001 12.330.257	28.942 1.273.591	44 -	-	1	-	1	-	5.840.766 106.566.999
2023 (previous year) Total income Total assets	4.904.601 89.037.920	202.620 3.979.893	20.427 1.109.913	-		1 1		-	- 18.117	5.127.648 94.145.843

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Fair value represents the amount at which an asset could be replaced, or a liability settled on regular, market conditions. Fair value is based on the Management assessment depending on the type of assets and liabilities.

The table below summarizes the carrying amount and the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not presented in the separate Balance Sheet by their fair value.

A. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

	current y	ear 2024	previous y	ear 2023
In MKD thousand	carrying amount	fair value	carrying amount	fair value
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	24.729.404	24.729.404	20.014.631	20.014.631
Trading assets	-	-	-	-
Financial assets carried at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition	-	-	-	-
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	1.839	1.839	1.902	1.902
Loans and advances to customers	69.495.552	69.495.552	63.829.487	63.829.487
Investments in securities	9.962.656	9.962.656	8.153.039	8.153.039
Investments in associates	46.598	46.598	46.598	46.598
Income tax receivable (current)	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	953.505	953.505	737.942	737.942
Assets pledged as collateral	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities				
Trading liabilities				
Financial liabilities carried at a fair value through separate statement of profit and loss at initial recognition	-	-	-	-
Derivative liabilities held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	7.594.935	7.594.935	7.185.762	7.185.762
Due to other customers	72.065.575	72.065.575	61.040.327	61.040.327
Debt securities issued	-	-		
Borrowings	9.621.940	9.621.940	10.094.241	10.094.241
Subordinated debt	1.931.362	1.931.362	2.430.573	2.430.573
Income tax payable (current)	158.378	158.378	59.637	59.637
Deferred tax liabilities	6	6	-	-
Other liabilities	668.984	668.984	664.873	664.873

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

A. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

a) Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents equals their fair values as they include cash and nostro accounts representing unrestricted demand deposits and placements with NBRNM, which mature in short periods.

b) Loans and advances to banks

Loans and advances to banks include interbank placements. The fair value of the placements and the so-called "overnight" deposits is equivalent to their carrying amount due to their short-term maturity.

c) Loans and advances to other customers

Loans and advances to customers are carried at amortized cost less impairment. The major part of the loans and advances to customers have variable interest rate. Their fair value is approximately equal to their carrying amount.

d) Investments in Held-to-maturity securities

Held-to-maturity securities are measured at fair value. Their fair value is based on market prices or on brokers'/dealers' listing prices. If such information is unavailable, their fair value is estimated by using market prices for listing securities with similar nature in relation to loan, maturity and earnings.

e) Other financial assets

The fair value of monetary assets comprising cash and cash equivalents, due to their short-term maturity, is considered to be approximately equal to their carrying amount.

f) Other receivables

Taking into consideration their short-term maturity, the carrying amount of the other receivables is equivalent to their fair value.

g) Deposits and loan payables

Assessed fair value of sight deposits, including interest-free bearing deposits, is the amount repayable at sight.

The fair value of time deposits at variable interest rates is their recorded value on the separate balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of loan payables does not significantly differ from their fair value, mainly due to the variable interest rates and their adjustments.

h) Other liabilities

Taking into consideration their short-term maturity, the carrying amount of other liabilities is equivalent to their fair value.

- 5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)
- B. Levels of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities, Measured at Fair Value
- B.1 Levels of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities, Measured at Fair Value

In MKD thousand	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2024 (current year) Financial assets measured at fair value Held-for-trading assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management Investments in available-for-sale securities Total	19 20 21 23.1	3.706.446 3.706.446	6.171.459 6.171.459	84.751 84.751	9.962.656 9.962.656
Financial liabilities measured at fair value Trading liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative liabilities held for risk management Total	32 33 21	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
December 31, 2023 (previous year) Financial assets measured at fair value Held-for-trading assets Financial assets at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative assets held for risk management Investments in available-for-sale securities Total	19 20 21 23.1	3.528.388 3.528.388	4.539.900 4.539.900	84.751 84.751	8.153.039 8.153.039
Financial liabilities measured at fair value Trading liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through separate statement of profit or loss upon initial recognition Derivative liabilities held for risk management Total	32 33 21	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

- 5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)
- B. Levels of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities, Measured at Fair Value (continued)
- B.1 Levels of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities, Measured at Fair Value (continued)

The Bank classifies all financial assets and liabilities in line with the hierarchy of valuation techniques and information whether the necessary valuation inputs are publicly available or not. The fair value hierarchy includes the following levels:

- Level 1 Fair value is determined directly with reference to quoted market prices of the financial instruments in active markets. Level 1 includes government bonds issued by the Republic of Austria;
- Level 2 fair value is determined by applying valuation techniques that include active markets inputs (the inputs can be directly or indirectly confirmed and followed in the active markets such as quoted market prices of similar financial instruments, or all significant inputs in the model determining fair value may be verified and followed in the active market). In 2024 there is no transfer from Level 2 to Level 1 of equity instrument (2023; none):
- Level 3 fair value is determined by applying valuation techniques containing inputs that cannot be directly or indirectly verified and followed in active markets, i.e. based on valuation techniques mainly containing information on the risks of the financial instruments. In 2024 there is no transfer from Level 3 to Level 1 of equity instrument (2023: none);

Note 5 B.1 presents quantitative information on financial assets and liabilities classification by hierarchy level.

- 5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)
- B. Levels of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities, Measured at Fair Value (continued)
- B.2 Transfers between Levels 1 and 2 of Fair Values

	current y	ear 2024	previous year 2023		
In MKD thousand	transfers from level 1 to level 2	transfers from level 2 to level 1	transfers from level 1 to level 2	transfers from level 2 to level 1	
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Held-for-trading assets	=	=	=	-	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition	-	-	-	-	
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	
Investments in available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	-	
Total			-	-	
Financial liabilities carried at fair value					
Trading liabilities	=	=	=	-	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit	-	-	-	-	
or loss at initial recognition Financial liabilities at fair value	-	-	-	-	
Total		•	-	-	

B.3 Reconciliation of the Movements in Fair Values Measured at Level 3 during the Year

In MKD thousand	Held-for- trading assets	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	Investment s in available- for-sale securities	Total assets	Trading liabilities	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	Total liabilities
As of January 1, 2023 (previous year)			84.751	84.751			
Gains/(losses) recognized in:	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
- separate Income statement	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Other comprehensive income in the period not recognized in separate Income statement Purchase of financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals of financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Issued financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Paid financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Reclassified financial instruments to/(from) Level 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassified in loans and advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	-			-	-	
Total gains/(losses) recognized in separate income statement for the assets and liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	-	84.751	84.751	-	-	-
As of January 1, 2024 (current year)			84.751	84.751			
Gains/(losses) recognized in:	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
- separate Income statement	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other comprehensive income in the period not recognized in separate Income statement Purchase of financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals of financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issued financial instruments in the period	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Paid financial instruments in the period	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Reclassified financial instruments to/(from) Level 3	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Reclassified in loans and advances As of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total gains/(losses) recognized in separate income statement for the assets and liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	-	84.751	84.751	-	-	-

6. NET INTEREST INCOME/(EXPENSES)

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the separate Income Statement for all interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities by applying the effective interest rate. Interest income and expense structure according to the type of financial instruments is as follows:

A. Structure of Interest Income and Expense according to the Type of Financial Instrument

	In MKD thousand	
	current	previous year
	year 2024	2023
Interest in come		
Interest income		.=0.0.1=
Cash and cash equivalents	226.651	172.345
Financial assets at a fair value through separate Income Statement at initial recognition	-	-
Derivative assets held for risk management	_	_
Loans and advances to banks	35.005	20.435
Loans and advances to customers	3.483.268	3.031.043
Investments in securities	297.674	203.673
Other receivables	-	
(Allowance for impairment of Interest Income, net)	(13.121)	(11.386)
Collected interest previously written off	101.101	81.541
Total interest income	4.130.578	3.497.651
Interest expense		
Financial liabilities at a fair value through separate Income	_	_
Statement at initial recognition		
Derivative liabilities held for risk management	-	-
Due to banks	-	-
Due to other customers	910.741	485.000
Debt instruments issued	-	-
Borrowings	306.327	285.549
Subordinated debt	143.167	147.831
Other liabilities	376	-
Total interest expense	1.360.611	918.380
Net interest income/(expenses)	2.769.967	2.579.271

6. NET INTEREST INCOME/(EXPENSES) (continued)

B. Sector Analysis of Interest Income and Expense according to Sector

	In MKD t	In MKD thousand		
	current year	previous year		
	2024	2023		
Interest income				
Non-financial companies	1.650.554	1.449.797		
Government	289.617	203.894		
Not for profit institutions that serve to household	4.006	497		
Banks	261.656	192.780		
Other financial institutions (non-banks)	20.744	18.051		
Households	1.725.616	1.522.831		
Non-residents	90.405	39.646		
(Impairment of Interest Income, net)	(13.121)	(11.386)		
Collected interest, previously written off	101.101	81.541		
Total interest income	4.130.578	3.497.651		
Interest expense				
Non-financial companies	143.091	79.740		
Government	371	273		
Not for profit institutions that serve to household	3,998	3.190		
Banks	22.260	10.327		
Other financial institutions (non-banks)	69.863	45.026		
Households	378.432	183.843		
Non-residents	742.596	595.981		
Total interest expense	1.360.611	918.380		
Net interest income/(expense)	2.769.967	2.579.271		

7. NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME

Fees and commission income are recorded on an accrual basis, when the service has been provided.

A. Structure of Fee and Commission Income and Expense According to the Type of Financial Activity

	In MKD thousand		
	current year 2024	previous year 2023	
Fee and commission income			
Loans	149.779	127.706	
Payment operations		0.40.000	
domestic	343.412	319.602	
international	182.056	163.687	
Credit card transactions	531.514	483.625	
Letter of credit and guarantees	66.500	71.829	
Brokerage operations	12.110	7.635	
Asset management	=	-	
Fiduciary activities	6.585	4.558	
Issuing securities	-	=	
Other	29.299	29.968	
Total fee and commission income	1.321.255	1.208.610	
	-	-	
Fee and commission expense			
Loans	-	=	
Payment operations			
domestic	84.455	73.203	
international	42.321	33.884	
Credit card transactions	404.140	385.236	
Letter of credit and guarantees	10.921	2.553	
Brokerage operations	3.099	1.346	
Asset management	=	-	
Fiduciary activities	3.491	2.907	
Issuing securities	-	-	
Other	20.300	18.364	
Total fee and commission expense	568.727	517.493	
Net fee and commission income/(expense)	752.528	691.117	

7. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME (continued)

B. Sector Analysis of Fee and Commission Income and Expense

	In MKD thousand		
	current year	previous year	
	2024	2023	
Fee and commission income			
Non-financial companies	590.272	557.649	
Government	522	463	
Not for profit institutions that serve to household	4.971	4.382	
Banks	118.654	89.860	
Other financial institutions (non-banks)	83.622	71.175	
Households	304.300	285.725	
Non-residents	218.914	199.356	
Total fee and commission income	1.321.255	1.208.610	
Fee and commission expense			
Non-financial companies	9.360	9.192	
Government	=	=	
Not for profit institutions that serve to household	-	-	
Banks	156.753	130.424	
Other financial institutions (non-banks)	30.787	26.921	
Households	371.827	350.956	
Total fee and commission expense	568.727	517.493	
Net fee and commission income/(expense)	752.528	691.117	

8. TRADING INCOME, NET

	In MKD thousand		
	1 .		
	current year	previous year	
	2024	2023	
Trading assets			
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes on debt securities, net			
realized	-	-	
unrealized	-	-	
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes of owned instruments, net			
realized	-	-	
unrealized	-	-	
Income from dividends from trading assets	_	-	
Income from interest of trading assets	_	-	
Trading liabilities			
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes on debt securities, net			
realized	_	_	
unrealized	_	_	
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes of trading deposits, net			
realized			
unrealized	-	-	
	-	-	
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes of other financial liabilities for trading, net			
realized	-	-	
unrealized	-	-	
	-	-	
Interest expense of financial liabilities held for trading			
Profit/(loss) from fair value change of derivatives held for trade, net	-	-	
realized	-	-	
unrealized	-	-	
Net income from trading	-	-	

9. NET INCOME FROM OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE

	In MKD t	housand
	current year	previous year
	2024	2023
Figure in Lancets at fair walve through a market because Ctatemant at		
Financial assets at fair value through separate Income Statement at initial recognition		
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes on debt securities, net		
realized	_	-
unrealized	_	-
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes of owned instruments, net		
realized	-	-
unrealized	-	-
Income from dividends from financial assets at fair value through		
separate Income statement	-	-
Profit/(loss) from changes in fair value of loans and receivables at fair value through separate Income statement, net		
realized	_	_
unrealized	_	_
Financial liabilities at fair value through separate Income statement at		
initial recognition		
Profit/(loss) from fair value changes on debt securities, net		
realized	-	-
unrealized	-	-
Profit/(loss) from the changes in fair value of deposits at fair value		
through separate Income statement, net realized	_	_
unrealized	_	_
Profit/(loss) from the changes in fair value of borrowings at fair value		
through separate Income statement, net	-	-
realized	-	-
unrealized	-	-
Profit/ (loss) from the changes in fair value of other financial liabilities		
at fair value through profit and loss, realized		
unrealized	_	-
Profit/(loss) from fair value change of derivatives held for risk		
management at the fair value through separate Income statement, net		
realized	-	-
unrealized	-	-
Net income from other financial instruments at fair value	-	-

10. FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAINS/ (LOSSES), NET

Realized foreign exchange gains/(losses), net
Unrealized foreign exchange gains/(losses), net
Foreign exchange differences of allowance for impairment
of financial assets, net
Other foreign exchange differences, net

Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)

In MKD thousand		
current year	previous year	
2024	2023	
399.819	279.241	
(81.226)	67.533	
2.021	3.093	
(83.247)	64.440	
318.593	346.774	

Net income and expenses from foreign exchange differences include realized and unrealized foreign exchange differences arising from:

- settlement of transactions in foreign currency (monetary and non-monetary) throughout the financial year,
- denominating the monetary items in foreign currency in Denars at the separate Balance Sheet date.

11. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Gains from sale of available-for-sale assets
Dividends from equity instruments available-for-sale
Net income from investment in subsidiaries and associates
Capital gain from the sale of:
Property and equipment
Intangible assets
Foreclosed assets
Non-current assets held-for-sale and group for disposal
Income from rent
Income from litigations
Collected receivables previously written off
Release from the special reserve and provisions for:
Contingent commitments based on litigations
Pensions and other employee benefits
Restructuring
Adverse contracts
Other provisions
Other (specify revenues that represent more than 10% of total other
operating income
Income from insurance claims
Total other operating income

	In MKD thousand				
	current year	previous year			
	2024	2023			
	-	-			
	=	4.705			
	-	-			
	3.422	7.426			
	=	-			
	-	1.239			
	=	-			
	3.888	3.718			
		_,			
	52.017	51.852			
	-	-			
	-	-			
	-	-			
	-	-			
.	-	-			
	11.013	5.673			
	-	-			
	70.340	74.613			

12. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

In MKD thousand	Loans and advances to banks	Loans and advances to other customers	Investment in financial assets available- for-sale	Investment in financial assets held- to-maturity	Cash and cash equivalents	Fees and commission received	Other receivables	Total impairment of financial assets	Special reserve for off-balance exposure	Total
2024 (current year)										
Impairment and special reserve										
Additional impairment and special reserve	2.067	3.673.185	20.358	-	12.063	-	45.770	3.753.443	372.628	4.126.071
(Release of impairment and special reserve)	(2.756)	(3.562.434)	(19.443)	-	(8.889)	-	(30.590)	(3.624.112)	(407.472)	(4.031.584)
Total impairment of financial assets and										
special reserve for off-balance exposure, net	(689)	110.751	915	•	3.174	-	15.180	129.331	(34.844)	94.487
2023 (previous year)										
Impairment and special reserve										
Additional impairment and special reserve	1.838	3.220.837	2.928	-	6.835	5.482	44.758	3.282.678	567.659	3.850.337
(Release of impairment and special reserve)	(1.944)	(2.881.577)	(7.753)	-	(6.432)	(7.770)	(43.021)	(2.948.497)	(566.718)	(3.515.215)
Total impairment of financial assets and								·		
special reserve for off-balance exposure, net	(106)	339.260	(4.825)	-	403	(2.288)	1.737	334.181	941	335.122

13. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

In MKD thousand	Property and equipment	Intangible assets	Foreclosed assets	Non-current assets held-for- sale and group for disposal	Other non- financial assets	Non-controlling interest *	Total
2024 (current year)							
Additional impairment losses	-	-	15.147	-	-	-	15.147
(Release of impairment losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total impairment losses of non-financial assets, net			15.147	1	1	1	15.147
2023 (previous year)							
Additional impairment losses	-	-	20.522	-	-	-	20.522
(Release of impairment losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total impairment losses of non-financial assets, net	-	-	20.522	-	1	-	20.522

^{*} for consolidated financial statements only

14. PERSONNEL EXPENSES

	In MKD ti	housand
	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Short term employee benefits		
Salaries	473.069	437.797
Mandatory contribution for social and health insurance	184.829	170.374
Short-term paid leave of absence	3.751	2.403
Expenses for temporary employment	27.280	15.807
Share in profit and remuneration	56.375	78.884
Non-monetary benefits	=	-
	745.304	705.265
Benefits after termination of employment		
Contribution to pension plans for defined contributions	-	-
Retirement benefits	-	-
Increasing of the obligation for retirement benefits	-	-
Increasing of the obligation for other long-term benefits	8.861	7.277
Other benefits after termination of employment	-	-
	8.861	7.277
Benefits due to termination of employment		
Equity settled share-based payments	-	-
Cash settled share-based payments	-	-
Other (list separately staff costs representing more than 10% of total staff costs)	73.126	69.679
Expenses for appreciation and awards to employees	-	-
New Year's remuneration	-	-
Total personnel expenses	827.291	782.221

15. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

	In MKD t	In MKD thousand		
	current year 2024	previous year 2023		
Amortization of intangible assets Internally developed software Software purchased from external suppliers Other internally developed intangible assets Other intangible assets Investment in intangible assets under lease	- 105.285 - - -	93.361 - - -		
	105.285	93.361		
Depreciation of property and equipment	27.045	07.000		
Construction objects Transport vehicles	27.845 15.352	27.800 8.094		
Furniture and office equipment	10.031	9.276		
Other equipment	43.851	42.597		
Other items of property and equipment	-	-		
Investment in property and equipment under lease	-	-		
	97.079	87.767		
Total depreciation and amortization	202.364	181.128		

16. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Losses on sale of assets available-for-sale
Expenses for software licensing
Insurance premiums on deposits
Insurance premiums on property and employees
Materials and services
Administrative and marketing expenses
Other taxes and contributions
Rent
Litigation expenses
Provisions for pensions and other employee benefits, net
Provisions for contingent commitments based on litigation, net
Other provisions
Loss from the sale of:
Property and equipment
Intangible assets
Foreclosed assets
Non-current assets held-for-sale and group for disposal
Other
Total other operating expenses

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
-	-			
_	-			
79.404	68.295			
5.535	5.406			
473.548	434.120			
89.110	108.853			
17.236	35.445			
56.927	53.360			
1.936	3.327			
1.930	5.521			
(35)	2.200			
253	50			
255	30			
=	-			
-	-			
-	-			
40.400	-			
19.482	52.240			
743.396	763.296			

In MKD thousand

previous year

2023

147.185

147.185

147.185

163.760

current year

2024

292.537

292.537

292.537

308.807

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

17. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

A. Expenses/(Income) based on Current and Deferred Income Tax

Current income tax Expense /(income) for current income tax for the year Adjustments for previous year Benefits from previously unrecognized tax losses, tax balance or temporary differences from previous years Changes in accounting policies and errors Other
Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax that arises from temporary differences for the year Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses

Changes in the tax rate

Introducing new taxes

Benefits from previously unrecognized tax losses, balance or temporary differences from previous years

Other

Total income tax expenses/(returns)

In MKD thousand			
current year 2024	previous year 2023		
292.537	147.185		
-	-		
292.537	147.185		
16.270	16.575		
16.270	16.575		

Current income tax

Recognized in separate income statement Recognized in equity and reserves

Deferred income tax

Recognized in separate income statement Recognized in equity and reserves

Total income tax expenses/(returns)

The current income tax for the year is MKD 292,537 thousand and the amount of MKD 16,270 thousand is deferred tax which is recognized during the year through equity.

17. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

B. Reconciliation between the Average Effective Tax Rate and the Applicable Tax Rate

Pursuant to the Law on Income Tax, the basis for calculating the profit tax is the gross profit determined as a difference between the total income and total expenses determined pursuant to the accounting regulations and standards increased for non-deductible expenses and reduced for deductible revenue. The tax base is reduced for tax incentives (investments in development and donations).

Profit/(loss) before taxation
Income tax in accordance with the applicable tax rate
Effect from various tax rates in other countries
Adjustments for previous years and changes in the tax rate
Taxed income from abroad
Expenses unrecognized for tax purposes
Tax exempted income
Tax exemptions unrecognized in the
separate income statement
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses
Benefits from previously unrecognized tax
losses, tax balance or temporary differences
from previous years
Changes of deferred tax
Other
Other (Global Tax)
Total expenses/(return) of income tax
Average effective tax rate

14,42		9,14	
-	292.537	-	147.185
4,02	81.646	-	-
			(5.320)
-	<u>-</u>	_	_
-	-	-	-
-	<u>-</u>	-	-
-	-	(1,06)	(17.103)
0,40	8.016	0,54 (1,06)	8.659 (17.103)
0.40	0.040	0.54	0.050
-	-	-	-
	_		
_	_	_	_
10,00	202.874	10,00	160.949
	2.028.743		1.609.486
current y	ear 2024	previous	year 2023
in %	thousand	in %	thousand
	In MKD		In MKD

17. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

C. Income tax from other profit/ (losses) in the period which are not disclosed in the separate Income statement

		current year 2024		previous year 2023			
In MKD thousand	Before taxation	(expenditure)/ return of income tax	Less the income tax	Before taxation	(expenditure)/ return of income tax	Less the income tax	
Revalued reserve for assets available for sale	=	-	=		-	-	
Reserve for instruments for hedging cash flow risk	-	-	-		-	-	
Reserve for instruments for hedging the risk net-investment in international operations	-	-	-		_	-	
Reserve from currency differences from investment in							
international operations Share in the remaining profits/(losses) from affiliates which	-	-	-		-	-	
are not disclosed in the separate Income statement Other profits/(losses) which are not disclosed in the separate	-	-	-		-	-	
Income statement	-	-	-		-	-	
Total other profits/(losses) which are not disclosed in							
the separate Income statement	•	-	-		-	-	

18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash on hand
Accounts and deposits with NBRNM, except for mandatory reserve in foreign currency
Current accounts and deposits with foreign banks
Current accounts and deposits with domestic banks
Treasury bills traded on the secondary market
Government bills traded on the secondary market
Time deposits with maturities less than, or equal to three months
Other short-term highly liquid assets
Interest receivables
(Allowance for impairment)
Included in cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the separate Statement of cash flows
Reserve requirement (mandatory reserve in foreign currency)
Restricted deposits
(Impairment allowance)
Total

In MKD	thousand							
III WIND	In MKD thousand							
current year	previous year							
2024	2023							
1.889.638	1.792.104							
8.225.092	7.468.222							
5.099.715	3.060.534							
650.000	-							
1.054.161	929.965							
=	=							
2.523.862	939.538							
-	-							
1.768	-							
(4.388)	(1.214)							
19.439.848	14.189.149							
5.116.418	5.033.912							
173.138	791.570							
-	-							
24.729.404	20.014.631							

	current year 2024				previous year 2023			
In MKD thousand	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairment for Stage 2	Impairment for Stage 3	Total Impairment	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairment for Stage 2	Impairment for Stage 3	Total Impairment
Movement of impairment allowance			<u> </u>			•	<u> </u>	•
As of January 1	1.214	-	-	1.214	811	-	-	811
Impairment for the year								
Additional impairment	12.063	-	-	12.063	6.835	-	-	6.835
(release of impairment)	(8.889)	-	-	(8.889)	(6.432)	-	-	(6.432)
Transfer in:								
- impairment for Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Foreclosed assets)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Written off receivables)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As of December 31	4.388	-	-	4.388	1.214	-	-	1.214

The basis for the reserve requirement is calculated as the average of the liabilities for each day of the calendar month that is established as the basis in the Indicative Calendar.

Mandatory reserve in foreign currency in the amount of MKD 5.535.737 thousand (2023: MKD 5.033.912 thousand) represents the prescribed amount of deposits allocated in accordance with the Decision on reserve requirement adopted by NBRNM.

The mandatory reserves in foreign currency are based on the average amount of deposits in foreign currencies during one calendar month. According to the amendments to the Decision which became effective on March 2024, the mandatory reserves in foreign currency is set at 85% of the amount calculated from foreign currency liabilities and 100% of the amount determined by domestic currency liabilities by currency clause.

Mandatory reserve in denars are calculated as the sum of the amount determined by the liabilities in local currency and 15% of the amount determined by the liabilities in foreign currency.

Accounts and deposits in the NBRSM, amounting to MKD 8,225,092 thousand (2023: MKD 7,468,222 thousand) include the balance of the Bank's gyro account in the NBRSM, as well as an overnight deposit in the NBRSM.

18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

The treasury bills traded on the secondary market in the amount of MKD 1.054.161 thousand (2023: 929.965 thousand) are issued by the NBRNM with maturity of 49 days and interest rate of 5,55% (2023: 6,30%).

19. HELD-FOR-TRADING ASSETS

A. Structure of the trading assets according to the type of the financial instrument

B.

	In MKD	thousand
	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Trading securities		
Debt securities for trading	-	-
Treasury bills for trading	-	-
Government bills for trading	-	-
Other instruments on the money market	-	-
Bonds issued by government	-	-
Corporate bonds	-	-
Other debt instruments	-	-
	-	-
Overted		
Quoted	-	-
Unquoted	-	-
Equity instruments for trading		
Equity instruments issued by banks	_	_
Other equity instruments	_	_
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	-
Quoted	_	-
Unquoted	-	-
Derivatives for trading		
Contracts dependent on the change of interest rate	-	-
Contracts dependent on the change of exchange rate	-	-
Contracts dependent on the change of price of securities	-	-
Other contracts that meet the criteria IAS 39	-	-
		-
Loans and advances		
Loans and advances to banks		-
Loans and advances to customers		-
Total trading access		
Total trading assets	_	-

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS AT INITIAL RECOGNITION

	In MKD thousand		
	current year	previous year	
	2024	2023	
Debt securities for trading			
Treasury bills for trading	=	-	
Government bills for trading	-	-	
Other instruments on the money market	-	-	
Bonds issued by government	-	-	
Corporate bonds	-	-	
Other debt instruments	-	-	
	-	-	
Quoted	-	-	
Unquoted	-	-	
Equity instruments for trading			
Equity instruments issued by banks	-	-	
Other equity instruments	-	-	
	-	-	
Quoted	_	_	
Unquoted	_	_	
Loans and advances to banks	_	-	
Loans and advances to customers	-	-	
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, at initial			
recognition	_	_	
-			

21. DERIVATIVE ASSETS HELD FOR RISK MANAGEMENT

		In MKD thousand					
		current ye	ear 2024	previous year 2023			
		derivative assets	(derivative liabilities)	derivative assets	(derivative liabilities)		
Α	Derivatives for risk protection/ Derivatives held for risk management		,		,		
A,1	According to type of variability						
	Derivatives held for risk management						
	Contracts dependent on the change of interest rate Contracts dependent on the change of exchange rate	-	-	-	-		
	Contracts dependent on the change of price of securities	-	-	-	-		
	Other contracts that meet the criteria of IFRS 9	-	=	-	=		
	Total derivatives held for risk management	-	-	-	-		
A,2	According to risk protection						
	Fair value risk protection	-	-	-	-		
	Cash flow risk protection Risk protection of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-		
	Total derivatives held for risk management	_	-		_		
В	Embedded derivatives						
	Contracts dependent on the change of interest rate Contracts dependent on the change of exchange rate	-	-	-	-		
	Contracts dependent on the change of price of securities	-	-	-	-		
	Other contracts that meet the criteria of IFRS 9	-	=	-	=		
	Total embedded derivatives	-	-	-	-		
	Total derivatives held for risk management	-	-	-	-		

22. LOANS AND ADVANCES

22.1 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO BANKS

Loans to banks Domestic banks Foreign banks Time deposits, maturity over three months Domestic banks Foreign banks Repo Domestic banks Foreign banks Other receivables Domestic banks Foreign banks Interest receivables Current maturity Total loans and advances to banks before impairment (Impairment allowance) Total loans and receivables from banks, less the impairment

In MKD thousand							
current year 2024 previous year 2023							
short-term	long-term	short-term	long-term				
1.842	-	2.594	-				
1.842	-	2.594	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	=	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
1.842	-	2.594					
(3)		(692)					
(3)		(092)					
1.839	-	1.902	-				

	current year 2024			previous year 2023				
In MKD thousand	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total
III WIND triousaria	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	impairment	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	impairment
Movement of impairment								
allowance								
As of January 1	1.807	(1.115)	-	692	798	-	-	798
Impairment for the year								
Additional impairment	1.920	147	-	2.067	1.580	258	-	1.838
(release of impairment)	(2.463)	(293)	-	(2.756)	(571)	(1.373)	-	(1.944)
Transfer in:	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
- impairment for Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Foreclosed assets)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect from foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
differences								
(Written off receivables)				-	-	-	-	-
As of December 31	1.264	(1.261)	-	3	1.807	(1.115)	-	692

22. LOANS AND ADVANCES (continued)

22.2 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

A. Structure of loans and advances to other customers by type of customer

	In MKD thousand							
	current ye	ear 2024	previous y	ear 2023				
	short-term	long-term	short-term	long-term				
Non-financial entities	15.879.645	23.475.580	15.467.573	20.813.789				
principal amount	15.739.074	23.475.580	15.330.088	20.813.789				
interest receivables	140.571	-	137.485	-				
Government	-	-	-	-				
principal amount	-	-	-	-				
interest receivables	-	-	-	-				
Nonprofit institutions that serve to	0.444	400.000	00.004	004				
households	2.114	183.308	30.264	994				
principal amount	962	183.308	30.243	994				
interest receivables	1.152	-	21					
Financial entities, except banks	98.300	474.638	44.184	349.921				
principal amount	95.209	474.638	41.495	349.921				
Interest receivables	3.091		2.689					
Households	2.061.659	30.704.713	2.152.879	28.458.982				
principal amount	1.850.437	30.704.713	1.928.986	28.458.982				
housing loans	53.369	15.947.349	41.689	14.728.932				
consumer loans	467.890	14.122.143	516.548	12.902.964				
auto loans	-	1.981	-	10.342				
mortgages	145.905	-	138.463	-				
credit cards	532.129	-	549.163	-				
other loans	651.144	633.240	683.123	816.744				
interest receivables	211.222	=	223.893	-				
Non-residents, except banks	292	-	307	-				
principal amount	289	=	304	-				
interest receivables	3	-	3	-				
Current maturity	23.503.734	(23.503.734)	22.368.256	(22.368.256)				
Total loans and advances to customers before impairment	41.545.744	31.334.505	40.063.463	27.255.430				
(Impairment allowance)	(1.282.088)	(2.102.609)	(1.236.053)	(2.253.353)				
Total loans and advances to customers	40.263.656	29.231.896	38.827.410	25.002.077				

22. LOANS AND ADVANCES (continued)

22.2 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

A. Structure of loans and advances to other customers by type of customer (continued)

		current y	ear 2024		previous year 2023				
In MKD thousand	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairment for Stage 2	Impairme nt for Stage 3	Total impairment	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairmen t for Stage 2	Impairmen t for Stage 3	Total impairment	
Movement of impairment									
As of January 1	148.801	2.138.465	1.202.140	3.489.406	598.387	1.472.529	1.378.721	3.449.637	
Impairment for the year				-				-	
Additional impairment	976.662	2.066.875	629.649	3.673.186	831.022	1.828.207	561.608	3.220.837	
	(1.656.230)	(1.531.832)	(374.372)	(3.562.434)	(1.280.355)	(1.162.402	(438.820)	(2.881.577)	
(release of impairment))			
Transfer in:									
- impairment for Stage 1	848.518	816.621	6.474	1.671.613	696.188	887.097	10.201	1.593.486	
- impairment for Stage 2	(844.921)	(815.559)	1.343	(1.659.137)	(686.857)	(883.566)	1.698	(1.568.725)	
- impairment for Stage 3	(3.598)	(1.062)	(7.817)	(12.477)	(9.331)	(3.531)	(11.899)	(24.761)	
(Foreclosed assets)	=	=	-	-	=	=	=	-	
Effect from foreign exchange differences	-	-	(6)	(6)	(253)	131	(3.040)	(3.162)	
(Written off receivables)	-	-	(215.455)	(215.455)			(296.329)	(296.329)	
As of December 31	(530.768)	2.673.508	1.241.956	3.384.696	148.801	2.138.465	1.202.140	3.489.406	

B. Structure of loans and advances to other customers by type of collateral

First class security instruments
(current carrying amount of loans and advances)
First class security instruments
Cash deposits (in depot and/or limited bank accounts)
Government securities
Government unconditional guarantees
Bank guarantees
Guarantees from insurance companies and insurance policies
Corporate guarantees (except banking and insurance companies)
Guarantees from individuals
Mortgage on real estate
property for private use (flats, houses)
business facility
Pledge over movables
Other types of guarantees
Unsecured
Total loans and advances to customers, less the impairment

In MKD thousand						
current year 2024	previous year 2023					
1.472.180	1.399.188					
-	-					
-	-					
=	=					
-	-					
-	-					
=	-					
-	-					
15.581.504	14.268.478					
16.272.972	15.546.311					
599.127	1.073.572					
21.269.440	20.470.907					
14.300.329	11.071.031					
69.495.552	63.829.487					

22. LOANS AND ADVANCES (continued)

22.2 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

Risks and Uncertainties

The Bank has recorded provisions for impairment losses for all known and foreseeable risks as of the date of the separate financial statements.

The Bank's portfolio contains a number of debtors whose ability to service and repay their debts has been impacted by economic developments in the Republic of North Macedonia.

The Bank continues to be collateralized primarily by real estate, buildings and equipment for corporate loans and in the case of retail loans depending on the type of loan product.

Depending on the classification of loans, the Bank strives for timely realization of the collateral instruments. In case it proves to be unsuccessful, it will be necessary to make an additional provisioning for impairment losses.

During 2024, the Bank written-off receivables in amount of MKD 215.455 thousand (2023: MKD 296.329 thousand).

23. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

23.1 INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

A. Structure of investments in financial assets available for sale according to the type of the financial instrument

Debt securities
Treasury bills
Government bills
Other instruments on the money market
Government issued bonds
Corporate bonds
Other debt instruments

Quoted
Unquoted

Equity instruments for trading
Equity instruments issued by banks
Other equity instruments

Quoted
Unquoted

Total investment in financial instruments available-for-sale

In MKD thousand						
current year 2024	previous year 2023					
_	_					
766.979	1.241.956					
-	-					
9.110.926	6.826.332					
-	-					
-	-					
9.877.905	8.068.288					
3.706.446	3.528.388					
6.171.459	4.539.900					
9.877.905	8.068.288					
-	-					
84.751	84.751					
84.751	84.751					
-	-					
84.751	84.751					
9.962.656	8.153.039					

		current y	ear 2024		previous year 2023				
In MKD thousand	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairment for Stage 2	Impairment for Stage 3	Total Impairment	Impairment for Stage 1	Impairment for Stage 2	Impairment for Stage 3	Total Impairment	
Movement of impairment									
As of January 1	4.007	-	-	4.007	8.832	-	-	8.832	
Correction of opening balance-effect from application of Methodology	_			_	_			_	
Impairment for the year	_			_	_			_	
Additional impairment	20.358	_	_	20.358	2.928	_	-	2.928	
(release of impairment)	(19.443)	_	-	(19.443)	(7.753)	-	-	(7.753)	
Transfer in:	,			-	, ,			-	
- impairment for Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- impairment for Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- impairment for Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(Foreclosed assets)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Effect from foreign exchange differences	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(Written off receivables)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(Disposals)	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	
As of December 31	4.922	-	-	4.922	4.007	-	-	4.007	

23. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

23.1 INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE (continued)

A. Structure of investments in financial assets available for sale according to the type of the financial instrument (continued)

The amount of MKD 9.110.926 thousand (2023: MKD 6.826.332 thousand) contains bonds issued by the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of North Macedonia in the amount of MKD 7.988.797 thousand (2023: MKD 5.839.734 thousand) and bonds issued by the Republic of Austria in the amount of MKD 1.122.130 thousand (2023: MKD 986.598 thousand).

The government bonds in the amount of MKD 7.988.797 thousand (2023: MKD 5.839.734 thousand) are issued by the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of North Macedonia, out of which MKD 4.757.736 thousand are denominated in denars (2023: MKD 2.684.327 thousand), MKD 2.642.437 thousand (2023: MKD 2.599.795 thousand) are denominated in euro and MKD 588.623 thousand (2023: MKD 555.612 thousand are with a currency clause.

Other debt instruments are issued by the Republic of Austria and are denominated in EUR 11.000.000 and EUR 7.500.000, (2023: EUR 11.000.000 μ EUR 5.500.000) with maturity date on October 20, 2025 and October 20, 2026 and interest rate of 1.20% and 0.75%, respectively. An additional 2 m euros were purchased during 2024.

Other Equity Instruments

As of June 3, 2016, the Bank become the sole owner of the Company for Construction, trading and services S-AMC 1 DOOEL Skopje. The Bank's contribution of EUR 5,000 in the Company is recorded in "Other Equity Instruments". The previous owner of S-AMC 1 DOOEL was SPARKASSE LIZING DOO Skopje.

Other equity instruments include the participation of the Bank in the equity of Macedonian Stock Exchange AD Skopje in the amount of MKD 26.872 thousand purchase value or 19.52%; participation in the equity of the Central Securities Depository in the amount of MKD 13.208 thousand purchase value or 19,00%; and participation in the equity of Clearing House KIBS AD Skopje in the amount of MKD 47.531 thousand purchase value or 18.47%.

23. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

impairment

23.2. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY

Debt securities
Treasury bills
Government bills
Other instruments on the money market
Government issued bonds
Corporate bonds
Other debt instruments

Quoted
Unquoted
Total investment in financial instruments held-to-maturity before impairment
(Impairment)
Total investment in financial instruments held-to-maturity, less the

In MKD t	thousand
current year 2024	previous year 2023
-	-
-	-
-	-
=	-
-	-
=	-
-	•
-	-
-	-
_	-
	-
-	-

previous year 2023

In MKD thousand	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total
III WIND UIOUSAIIU	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	Impairment	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	Impairment
Movement of impairment								
As of January 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additional impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(release of impairment)								
Transfer in:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Foreclosed assets)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect from foreign exchange								
differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Written off receivables)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Disposals)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As of December 31								

current year 2024

24. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

A. Percentage of the Bank's interest in subsidiaries and associates

		in	%		
		Share in o	ownership	Voting right	
Name of subsidiaries and associates	Country	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023
S AMC 1 DOOEL Skopje - subsidiary SPARKASSE LIZING DOO Skopje – associate	R. North Macedonia R. North Macedonia	100% 49%	100% 49%	100% 49%	100% 49%

B. Financial information of associates-100%

	In MKD thousand							
Name of associates	Total assets	Total liabilities	ilities Total equity and reserves Income		Profit/(loss) for the financial year			
current year 2024								
SPARKASSE LIZING DOO Skopje – associate	6.196.923	5.568.920	628.003	3.749.917	114.679			
	6.196.923	5.568.920	628.003	3.749.917	114.679			
previous year 2023								
SPARKASSE LIZING DOO Skopje – associate	5.039.070	4.525.746	513.324	3.432.502	109.967			
	5.039.070	4.525.746	513.324	3.432.502	109.967			

25. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables
Prepaid expenses
Deferred income
Fees and commission receivables
Receivables from the employees
Advances for intangible assets
Advances for property and equipment Other (specify receivables representing more than 10% of total other receivables)
<u>Claims on the basis of pensions from the Pension and Disability Insurance Fund of RNM</u>
Receivables for card's transactions
Small inventory
Total other receivables before impairment
(Impairment)
Total other receivables, less the impairment

In MKD thousand						
current year 2024	previous year 2023					
2.201	3.474					
185.084	175.757					
96.684	78.208					
-	-					
-	-					
-	-					
204.385	101.719					
508.198	415.383					
12.711	10.287					
679	524					
1.009.942	785.352					
(56.437)	(47.410)					
953.505	737.942					

The position claims on the basis of pensions from the Pension and Disability Insurance Fund of North Macedonia in the amount of MKD 508,198 thousand (2023: MKD 415,383 thousand) refers to pensions paid for the month of December 2024 from the Bank's assets. The same funds are collected from the Pension and Disability Insurance Fund of North Macedonia with payment on January 2, 2025 (for 2023 on January 3, 2024).

		current year 2024			previous year 2023			
In MKD thousand	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment	Total
III WIND thousand	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	Impairment	for Stage 1	for Stage 2	for Stage 3	Impairment
Movement of impairment								
As of January 1	(18.523)	5.975	59.958	47.410	761	940	50.414	52.115
Impairment for the year				-				-
Additional impairment	14.660	8.232	22.877	45.769	1.793	15.742	32.705	50.240
(release of impairment)	(17.129)	(4.323)	(9.138)	(30.590)	(21.077)	(10.707)	(19.008)	(50.792)
Transfer in:				-				-
- impairment for Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- impairment for Stage 3	-	-		-	-	-		-
(Foreclosed assets)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect from foreign exchange differences	_	_	_	_	_	_	69	69
	_	_	(0.450)	(0.450)		_		
(Written off receivables)	-	<u>-</u>	(6.152)	(6.152)	-	-	(4.222)	(4.222)
As of December 31	(20.992)	9.884	67.545	56.437	(18.523)	5.975	59.958	47.410

26. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL

Debt securities
Equity instruments
Loans and advances to banks
Loans and advances to customers
Other receivables
Total pledged assets

In MKD thousand					
current year 2024	previous year 2023				
-	-				
-	-				
=	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				

27. FORECLOSED ASSETS

	In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Residential facilities and apartments	Other	Total
Cost Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) Reconciliation with accounting records		22.348	230.896	3.060	- -	- -	256.304
Foreclosed during the year (sold during the year) (transfer to own assets)		(170) -	2.149 (1.747)	- - -	- - -	- - -	2.149 (1.917) -
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	22.178	231.298	3.060	-	-	256.536
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year) Foreclosed during the year		22.178	231.298	3.060	-	-	256.536
(sold during the year) (transfer to own assets)		-	-		-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)		22.178	231.298	3.060	-	-	256.536
Impairment Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) Reconciliation with accounting records Impairment loss during the year (sold during the year)		13.399 - 1.790 (170)	145.577 - 18.732 (1.587)	3.060 - - -	-	- - - -	162.036 - 20.522 (1.757)
(transfer to own assets)	_	-	` <u>-</u>	-	-	-	· ,
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	15.019	162.722	3.060	-	-	180.801
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year) Impairment loss during the year (sold during the year)		15.019 1.432	162.722 13.715	3.060	-	-	180.801 15.147
(transfer to own assets)		-	-	-		-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	16.451	176.437	3.060	-	-	195.948
Current carrying amount	_	0.010	07.010				04000
Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year)	=	8.949 7.159	85.319 68.576	-	-	-	94.268
December 31, 2023 (previous year) December 31, 2024 (current year)	F	5.727	54.861	-			75.735 60.588

The estimated fair value after reducing the cost of sales is 112.412 thousand denars (2023: 119.983 thousand denars).

28. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

A. Reconciliation of the current carrying amount

	In MKD thousand	Internally developed software	Acquired software	Other internally developed intangible assets	Other intangible assets	Investments in intangible assets under lease	Non-controlling interests	Total	Internally developed software
Cost			759.218	_	_	36.266	_	_	795.484
Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year)		-	739.216	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reconciliation with accounting records Increase through new acquisitions			-	-	-	122.219 -	-	-	122.219
Increase through internal development Increase through business combinations				-	-	-	-	-	
(Disposal and write-offs) (Disposal through business combinations)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Transfer to non-current assets held-for-sale)		-		-	-	- -	-	-	-
Transfer from non-current assets held-for-sale Other transfers			140.424	-	-	(140.424	-	-	
Balance as of December 31, 2023(previous year)		=	899.642		-	18.061			917.703
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year) Increase through new acquisitions		-	899.642	-	-	18.061 112.530		-	917.703 112.530
Increase through internal development		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase through business combinations (Disposal and write-offs)		-	(50.330)	-	-	-	-	-	(50.330)
(Disposal through business combinations) (Transfer to non-current assets held-for-sale)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfer from non-current assets held-for-sale Transfer from ongoing investments		-	- 105.425	-	-	- (105.425)	-	-	-
Other transfers			-	-	-	` -	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)		-	954.737	-	-	25.166	-	-	979.903
Amortization and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year)		_	479.081	-	_			_	479.081
Reconciliation with accounting records		-	93.361	-	-	-	-	-	93.361
Amortization for the year Impairment loss during the year		-	93.301	-	-	-	-	-	93.301
(Release of impairment loss during the year) (Disposal and write-offs)			-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other transfers – business combinations Other transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)			572.442				_		572 442
Balance as of January 1. 2024(current vear)		<u>-</u>	572.442 572.442	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	572.442 572.442
Amortization for the year Impairment loss during the year			105.285	-	-	-	-	-	105.285
(Release of impairment loss during the year) (Disposal and write-offs)		-	(50.330)	-	-	-	-	-	(50.330)
Other transfers			-	-	-	-	-	-	` -
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year) Current carrying amount			627.397	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	627.397
Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) December 31, 2023 (previous year)			280.137 327.200	-	-	36.266 18.061	-	-	316.403 345.261
December 31, 2024 (current year)			327.340	-	-	25.166	-	-	352.506

A. Carrying amount of the intangible assets over which there is limited ownership and/or are pledged as collateral/pledge for bank's liabilities

In MKD thousand

Internally developed software

Acquired software

Other internally developed intangible assets

Other intangible assets

Under lease

Total

Current carrying amount as of :

December 31, 2023 (previous year)

December 31, 2024 (current year)

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Bank's intangible assets are free of any pledges and mortgages.

29. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A. Reconciliation of the current carrying amount

In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Transport	Furniture and office equipment	Other equipment	Other items of plant, property and equipment	Property plant and equipment in preparation	Investments in intangible assets under lease	Total
Cost									
Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year)	193	1.114.277	48.388	153.210	597.229	6.603	2.264	-	1.922.164
Reconciliation with accounting records	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase	-	3.290	23.094	12.152	43.366	922	10.860		93.684
Increase through business combinations	-	-	(20 505)	(05)	-	-	-	-	(00.570)
(Disposal and write off)	-	-	(20.505)	(65)	-	-	-	-	(20.570)
(Disposal through business combinations)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Transfer to non-current assets held for sale) Transfer from non-current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other transfers - business cominations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	193	1.117.567	50.977	165.297	640.595	7.525	13.124	-	1.995.278
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	193	1.117.307	30.977	103.291	040.393	7.323	13.124	-	1.993.276
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year)	193	1.117.567	50.977	165.297	640.595	7.525	13.124	-	1.995.278
Increase	-	3.094	29.239	15.100	46.028	1.346	41.747	-	136.554
Increase through business combinations	-	-			-	-	-	-	
(Disposal and write off)	-	-	(7.362)	(30.596)	(47.156)	-	-	-	(85.114)
(Disposal through business combinations)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Transfer from non-current assets held for sale)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other transfers	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	193	1.120.661	72.854	149.801	639.467	8.871	54.871	-	2.046.718

29. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

A. Reconciliation of the current carrying amount (continued)

In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Transport	Furniture and office equipment	Other equipment	Other items of plant, property and equipment	Property plant and equipment in preparation	Investments in intangible assets under lease	Total
Depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) Reconciliation with accounting records	-	359.360 -	31.689	118.845 -	492.038	156	-	-	1.002.088
Depreciation for the year Impairment loss during the year	-	27.800	8.094	9.276	42.597 -	-	-	-	87.767 -
(Release of impairment loss during the year) (Disposal and write-offs) (Transfer to non-current assets held for sale)	-	-	(19.496) -	(65) -					- (19.561) -
Transfer from non-current assets held for sale Other transfers - business cominations Other transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	387.160	20.287	128.056	534.635	156	-	-	1.070.294
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year) Depreciation for the year Impairment loss during the year	- - -	387.160 27.845	20.287 15.352	128.056 10.031	534.635 43.851	156	-	-	1.070.294 97.079
(Release of impairment loss during the year) (Disposal and write-offs) (Transfer to non-current assets held for sale)	-	-	(7.362)	(30.596)	- (47.048)	-		-	(85.006)
Transfer from non-current assets held for sale Other transfers	-	- - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	415.005	28.277	107.491	531.438	156	-	-	1.082.368
Current carrying amount as of January 1, 2023 (previous year)	193	754.917	16.699	34.365	105.191	6.447	2.264	_	920.076
December 31, 2023 (previous year)	193	730.407	30.690	37.241	105.960	7.369	13.124	-	924.984
December 31, 2024 (current year)	193	705.656	44.577	42.309	108.029	8.715	54.871	-	964.350

- 29. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (continued)
- B. Carrying amount of the items of property, plant and equipment over which there is limited ownership and/or are pledged as collateral/pledge for bank's liabilities

	In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Transport	Furniture and office equipment	Other equipment	Other items of plant, property and equipment	Property plant and equipment in preparation	Investments in intangible assets under lease	Total
Current carrying amount as of:										
December 31, 2023 (previous year)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2024 (current year)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Bank's property, plant and equipment are free of any pledges and mortgages.

30. CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

30.1 Current tax assets and current tax liabilities

Current income tax receivables Current income tax liabilities

In MKD thousand					
current year	previous year				
2024	2023				
-	-				
158.378	59.637				

30.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

A. Recognized deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

	CL	ırrent year 202	24	previous year 2023			
In MKD thousand	Deferred tax assets	(Deferred tax liabilities)	Net basis	Deferred tax assets	(Deferred tax liabilities)	Net basis	
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans and advances to banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans and advances to other customers	-	-		-	-	-	
Investments in securities	-	(6)	(6)	16.264	-	16.264	
Foreclosed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Derivative liabilities held for risk							
management	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unused tax losses and unused tax credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deferred tax assets/liabilities recognized							
in the separate Income statement	-	(6)	(6)	16.264	-	16.264	
Investments in financial assets available-for- sale							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cash flow risk protection Deferred tax assets/liabilities recognized	-	-	-	-	-	-	
in equity	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total recognized deferred tax							
assets/liabilities	-	(6)	(6)	16.264	-	16.264	

B. Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Tax losses
Tax credits

Total unrecognized deferred tax assets

In MKD thousand						
current year 2024	previous year 2023					
_	_					
-	-					
-	-					

30. CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

30.1. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (continued)

C. Reconciliation of the movement of deferred tax assets and tax liabilities during the year

	uring the year in:			
In MKD thousand	Balance as of	Income	Equity	Balance as of
	January 1	statement	1. 7	December 31
previous year 2023				
Derivative assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	=	=	=	=
Loans and advances to other customers	-	-	-	-
Investments in securities	32.839	-	(16.575)	16.264
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Property and equipment	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Derivative liabilities held for risk management	=	=	=	=
Other liabilities	=	=	-	-
Unused tax losses and unused tax credits	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Investments in financial assets available-for-sale	-	-	-	-
Cash flow risk mitigation	-	-	-	-
Total recognized deferred tax assets/ liabilities	32.839	-	(16.575)	16.264
current year 2024				
Derivative assets held for risk management	=	=	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	=	=	-	-
Loans and advances to other customers	-	-	-	-
Investments in securities	16.264	-	(16.270)	(6)
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Property and equipment	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Derivative liabilities held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-
Unused tax losses and unused tax credits	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Investments in financial assets available-for-sale	-	=	=	-
Cash flow risk mitigation	-	=	=	-
Total recognized deferred tax assets/ liabilities	16.264	-	(16.270)	(6)

In MKD thousand

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

31. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD-FOR-SALE AND DISPOSAL GROUP

A. Non-current assets held-for-sale

In MKD thousand current year previous year 2024 2023 Intangible assets Property and equipment Total non-current assets held-for-sale

В. Disposal group

	III IVIND	nousana
	current year	previous year
	2024	2023
Group of assets for disposal		
Financial assets	-	-
Intangible assets	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	-	-
Investment in associates	-	-
Income tax receivables	-	=
Other assets	-	-
Total group of assets for disposal	-	-
Liabilities directly related to group of assets for disposal		
Financial liabilities	-	-
Special reserve	-	-
Income tax liabilities	-	-
Other liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities directly related to the group of assets for disposal	-	-

C. Profit/ (loss) recognized from the sale of assets held-for-sale and disposal group

In MKD thousand current year previous year 2024 2023 Profit/(loss) recognized from the sale of assets held-for-sale and

32. TRADING LIABILITIES

	In MKD t	housand
	current year 2024	previous year 2023
Due to banks		
Current accounts, sight deposits and overnight	-	-
Time deposits	-	-
Other deposits	-	-
	-	-
Due to other customer		
Current accounts, sight deposits and overnight	-	-
Time deposits	-	-
Other deposits	=	-
	-	-
Issued debt securities		
Money market instruments Deposit certificates	_	-
Issued bonds	_	
Other		
Othor	_	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-
Trading derivatives		
Contracts dependent on the interest rate change	-	-
Contracts dependent on the exchange rate change	=	-
Contracts dependent on the price of securities	-	-
Other contracts that meet the criteria of IFRS 9	-	-
	-	-
Total trading liabilities	-	-

33. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS UPON INITIAL RECOGNITION

	In MKD thousand			
	current year 2024		previous year 2023	
	Current carrying amount	Contractual value, paid at maturity	Current carrying amount	Contractual value, paid at maturity
Due to banks				
Current accounts, sight deposits and overnight	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	-	=	-	-
Other deposits	-	=	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Due to other customer				
Due to other customer				
Current accounts, sight deposits and overnight Time deposits	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	_	_	_	-
Other deposits	-		-	_
	_	_	_	
Issued debt securities				
Money market instruments	-	-	-	-
Deposit certificates	-	-	-	-
Issued bonds	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	-	-		-
Other liabilities	-	-		-
Total financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss at initial recognition	-	-	-	-

Movement of changes in credit risk of the Bank, for financial liabilities measured at fair value

Balance as of January 1

Recognized in other comprehensive income for the year

(Transfer in other reserve funds)

Balance as of December, 31

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
-	-			
-	-			
-	•			
-				

34. DEPOSITS

34.1 DEPOSITS FROM BANKS

Current accounts
domestic banks
foreign banks
Demand deposits
domestic banks
foreign banks
Time deposits
domestic banks
foreign banks
Restricted deposits
domestic banks
foreign banks
Other deposits
domestic banks
foreign banks
Interest payable on deposits
domestic banks
foreign banks
Current maturity
Total deposits from banks

	In MKD thousand					
current ye	current year 2024		previous year 2023			
Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term			
151.104	=	160.850	=			
106.875	=	104.918	=			
-	=	-	-			
-	=	-	=			
1.783.355	5.411.560	5.780.530	1.106.910			
1.763.333	5.411.560	5.760.530	1.106.910			
_	_	_	_			
_	_	_	_			
-	=	-	=			
-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-			
142.041	-	32.554	-			
-	-	-	-			
2.183.375	5.411.560	6.078.852	1.106.910			

34. DEPOSITS (continued)

34.2 DEPOSITS FROM OTHER CUSTOMERS

	In MKD thousand			
	current year 2024		previous year 2023	
	Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term
Non-financial entities				
Current accounts	24.498.166	_	24.372.984	_
Demand deposits	408	-	74	-
Time deposits	3.404.334	1.470.882	1.683.621	913.889
Restricted deposits	476.388	720.046	640.665	692.743
Other deposits	-	-	-	-
Interest payable on deposits	31.468	-	16.301	-
	28.410.764	2.190.928	26.713.645	1.606.632
Government				
Current accounts	26.981	_	28.665	_
Demand deposits	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted deposits	99	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-
Interest payable on deposits	14	-	14	-
	27.094	-	28.679	-
Non-profit organizations that serve to				
households				
Current accounts	362.003	-	281.854	-
Demand deposits	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	10.778	185.000	11.478	185.000
Restricted deposits	5.318	9.654	5.445	9.354
Other deposits Interest payable on deposits	3.286	-	1.338	-
interest payable on deposits	381.385	194.654	300.115	194.354
	3000		0001110	
Financial institutions, except banks				
Current accounts	454.494	-	181.479	-
Demand deposits		4 750 000	-	- 4 007 000
Time deposits	1.392.054	1.756.366	192.855	1.927.989
Restricted deposits Other deposits	9.675	-	9.180	
Interest payable on deposits	35.355	-	33.473	_
morest payable on deposite	1.891.578	1.756.366	416.987	1.927.989
Households	44.550.000		40.540.040	
Current accounts	14.550.868	-	13.548.042	-
Demand deposits Time deposits	462.106 3.736.795	15.459.463	501.801 2.824.709	11.261.158
Restricted deposits	105.019	1.526.998	105.087	1.021.041
Other deposits	- 100.010	-	-	-
Interest payable on deposits	173.741	-	74.256	-
	19.028.529	16.986.461	17.053.895	12.282.199
Non-residents, except banks				
Current accounts	1.022.925	_	331.069	_
Demand deposits	965	_	941	-
Time deposits	4.749	139.499	6.535	139.920
Restricted deposits	25.974	648	34.656	646
Other deposits	-	-	-	-
Interest payable on deposits	3.056	- 40.44	2.065	- 440 #65
	1.057.669	140.147	375.266	140.566
Current maturity	50.797.019 7.372.933	21.268.556 (7.372.933)	44.888.587 4.779.329	16.151.740 (4.779.329)
Total deposits from other customers	58.169.952	13.895.623	49.667.916	11.372.411
i otal deposits from other customers	30.103.332	10.030.023	73.007.310	11.312.711

35. DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED

Money market instruments
Deposit certificates
Issued bonds
Other
Interest payable on securities issued
Total issued debt securities

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
-	-			
-	_			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			

36. BORROWINGS

A. Borrowings structure according to liability type and creditor's sector

	In MKD thousand			
	current year 2024		previous year 2023	
	Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term
Banks				
Residents				
Loans payable	-	4.226.601	-	4.245.895
Repo- transactions	-	-	-	=
Interest payables	4.575	-	2.332	-
Non residents				
Loans payable	=	5.330.935	-	5.774.866
Repo- transactions	-	-	-	=
Interest payables	39.748	-	50.708	-
Non-financial entities				
Loans payable	-	-	-	-
Repo- transactions	-	-	-	-
Interest payables	-	-	-	-
Government				
Loans payable	-	-	-	-
Repo- transactions	-	-	-	=
Interest payables	-	-	-	-
Not-for-profit institutions that serve to				
households				
Loans payable	-	-	-	-
Interest payables	-	-	-	-
Financial entities, other than banks				
Loans payable	_	-	-	-
Repo- transactions	_	-	-	-
Interest payables	_	-	-	-
Nonresidents, except banks				
Non- financial entities				
Loans payable	_	_	-	_
Repo- transactions	_	_	_	_
Interest payables	_	-	-	-
Government	_	_	_	_
Loans payable	_	_	_	_
Repo- transactions	_	_	_	_
Interest payables	_	_	_	_
Not-for-profit institutions that serve to				
households	_	-	-	-
Loans payable	_	_	-	_
Repo- transactions	_	_	_	_
Interest payables	_	_	-	_
Financial entities, other than banks	_	_	_	_
Loans payable	_	_	_	_
Repo- transactions	_	_	_	_
Interest payables	20.081	_	20.440	_
Households		_		_
Loans payable	_	_	_	_
Interest payables	<u>.</u>	_	_	_
Current maturity	961.717	(961.717)	132.367	(132.367)
Total borrowings	1.026.121	8.595.819	205.847	9.888.394

36. BORROWINGS (continued)

B. Borrowings according to the creditor

	In MKD thousand						
	current ye	ear 2024	previous ye	ear 2023			
	Short-term Long-term		Short-term	Long-term			
Domestic sources: Commercial Banks Development Bank of North Macedonia - DBNM (previously MDBP) National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia (NBRNM) Government	- 4.575 -	- 4.226.601 -	- 2.332 -	- 4.245.895 -			
	4.575	4.226.601	2.332	4.245.895			
Foreign sources:							
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)	39.190	3.220.661	50.709	3.567.827			
The Green for Growth Fund (GFF)	13.965	933.278	17.465	1.034.563			
The European Fund for Southeast Europe (EFSE)	6.116	831.087	2.974	688.203			
Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG	558	345.909	-	484.273			
	59.829	5.330.935	71.148	5.774.866			
Current maturity	961.717	(961.717)	132.367	(132.367)			
Total borrowings	1.026.121	8.595.819	205.847	9.888.394			

Long-term borrowings are funded in cooperation with the Macedonian Bank for Support and Development (MBPR), the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), the European Southeast European Fund (EFSE) and the Green for Growth Fund (GGF).

Long-term borrowings financed in cooperation with MBPR are through the following credit lines:

- EIB III credit line revolving in the amount of MKD 43,989 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20%;
- EIB III credit line revolving in the amount of MKD 17,893 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.00%;
- EIB III credit line in the amount of MKD 128,532 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity until 15.07.2030;
- EIB III credit line in the amount of MKD 49,362 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity period until 15.07.2030;
- EIB IV credit line in the amount of MKD 2,138 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.00% and the longest maturity until 15.07.2025;
- EIB VI credit line in the amount of MKD 340,194 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity period is 15.04.2032;
- EIB VI credit line in the amount of MKD 1,042,553 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity is 17.07.2034;
- EIB VI credit line in the amount of MKD 41,047 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity until 15.07.2025;
- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 11,859 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity until 17.04.2026;
- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 16,449 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity is 15.07.2026;
- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 19,570 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity is 16.07.2029;
- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 6,058 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity is 15.10.2026;

- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 20,985 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity date is 15.04.2030;
- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 11,622 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.20% and the longest maturity until 15.04.2030;
- -- EIB V credit line in the amount of MKD 103,219 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.9% and the longest maturity date is 17.7.2034;
- EIB VII credit line in the amount of MKD 14,414 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity date is 15.10.2035;
- EIB VII credit line in the amount of MKD 239,092 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity date is 15.10.2023;
- EIB VII credit line in the amount of MKD 487,415 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity date is 15.10.2035;
- EIB VII credit line in the amount of MKD 43,046 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity until 15.10.2035;
- EIB VII credit line in the amount of MKD 44,318 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity date is 15.7.2036;
- AFD in the amount of MKD 177,105 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity date is 03.10.2038;
- EIB VII in the amount of MKD 184,485 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.50% and the longest maturity is 15.10.2036;
- Framework Agreement for participation in the program for financing and development of micro, SME and export support in the amount of MKD 32,284 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 3M Euribor and a margin of 0.75% which on 31.12.2024 is 3.96% and the longest maturity is until 15.04.2028;
- Credit line for financing projects for energy efficiency in the amount of MKD 59,298 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.90% and the longest maturity period until 15.07.2031;
- Credit line for financing projects for renewable energy in the amount of MKD 120,194 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.90% and the longest maturity period until 16.07.2035;
- Project for Agricultural Development in the amount of MKD 126,510 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.75% and the longest maturity period until 21.10.2036;
- Credit line for financing projects for working capital in SME in the amount of MKD 23,325 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity date is 15.07.2025:
- Credit line for financing projects for energy efficiency and renewable energy in the amount of MKD 55,800 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity period until 15.10.2030;
- Credit line for financing projects for energy efficiency and renewable energy in the amount of MKD 27,125 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity period until January 15, 2031;
- Credit line for financing projects for working capital in SME in the amount of MKD 12,958 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 0.00% and the longest maturity is 15.01.2026.

Loans payable to the Company's parent company - Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG include:

- STSP Credit Line in the amount of MKD 307,475 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.90% and the longest maturity is 31.12.2029,
- STSP Credit Line in the amount of MKD 38,434 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.65% and the longest maturity date is 09.06.2025.

36. BORROWINGS (continued)

B. Borrowings according to the creditor

Long-term borrowings financed in cooperation with European bank for reconstruction and development (EBRD) consists of:

- Green Economy Financing Facility ("GEFF") #1 OHB in the amount of MKD 5,590 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 2.36% and the longest maturity is 10.01.2025;
- Green Economy Financing Facility ("GEFF") #1 OHB in the amount of MKD 16,771 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 2.48% and the longest maturity is 10.01.2025;
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME 1 (OHB) in the amount of MKD 55.904 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.90% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.57% and the longest maturity is 12.01.2026;
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME 1 (OHB) in the amount of MKD 139.761 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.90% which as of 31.12.2023 is 5.57% and the longest maturity is 10.07.2025;
- GEFF #2 OHB in the amount of MKD 44,723 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.90% and the longest maturity date is 07.08.2026;
- GEFF #2 OHB in the amount of MKD 55,904 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.90% and the longest maturity date is 07.08.2026;
- GEFF #3 OHB in the amount of MKD 69,880 thousand with a fixed interest rate of 1.90% and the longest maturity is 10/27/2027;
- GEFF #4 OHB in the amount of MKD 78,266 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.43% and the longest maturity is until 22.05.2028:
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME 2 (OHB) in the amount of MKD 156.532 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.43% and the longest maturity is until 22.05.2028:
- EBRD Reboot in the amount of MKD 89.447 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 5.37% and the longest maturity is until 14.07.2028;
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME (SBM) in the amount of MKD 22,361 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.61% and the longest maturity is until 08.11.2025:
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME (SBM) in the amount of MKD 22,361 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.61% and the longest maturity is until 08.11.2025:
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME (SBM) in the amount of MKD 67.085 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.61% and the longest maturity is 08.11.2026;
- REGIONAL SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME (SBM) in the amount of MKD 83.856 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.61% and the longest maturity is until 10.05.2027;
- - GEFF #2 SBM in the amount of MKD 44,723 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.50% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.16% and the longest maturity is 11.12.2026;
- Mortgage Loan Agreement #2 in the amount of MKD 83,856 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.50% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.80% and the longest maturity is 24.02.2027:

- GEFF #3 SBM in the amount of MKD 55,904 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.50% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.90% and the longest maturity is until 24.02.2027:
- Green Economy Financing Facility ("GEFF" II) #1 OHB in the amount of MKD 134,170 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which as of 31.12.2024 is 5.38% and the longest maturity is 07.07.2028;
- Green Economy Financing Facility ("GEFF" II) #1 SBM in the amount of MKD 111.809 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.35% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.61% and the longest maturity is until 30.07.2029;
- Resilience framework, Ukraine in the amount of MKD 282,877 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.35% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.51% and the longest maturity is until 29.09.2025;
- Resilience framework, Ukraine in the amount of MKD 424.315 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.35% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.51% and the longest maturity is until 29.09.2025;
- GEFF III REpower Residential Programme in the amount of MKD 92.242 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.7% which on 31.12.2024 is 4.77% and the longest maturity is until 08.04.2030;
- Western Balkans GEFF II in the amount of MKD 61.495 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.04% and the longest maturity is 09.09.2030;
- Green Finance Facility in the amount of MKD 172,186 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.30% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.35% and the longest maturity is 10.10.2026.
- Green Finance Facility in the amount of MKD 172,186 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.30% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.35% and the longest maturity is 10.10.2026.
- Green Finance Facility tranche A in the amount of MKD 122,990 thousand with a variable interest rate of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.30% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.61% and the longest maturity is 16.8.2027.
- Green Finance Facility tranche B in the amount of MKD 307,475 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.30% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4,24% and the longest maturity is until 16.8.2027.
- GEFF (EBRD 55576) in the amount of MKD 245.980 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.70% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.01% and the longest maturity is until 15.8.2031.

Long-term borrowings financed in cooperation with the European Fund for Southeast Europe (EFSE) consists of:

- EFSE Financing housing loans 1 in the amount of MKD108,520 thousand $\,$ with a fixed interest rate of 3.08% and the longest maturity until 23.03.2026;
- EFSE Financing housing loans 2 in the amount of MKD 415.091 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.95% which as of 31.12.2024 is 5,90 4,606% and the longest maturity is 15.06.2029.
- EFSE Green Financing Tranche A in the amount of MKD 153,737 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 2% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.16% and the longest maturity is until 22.3.2029.
- EFSE Green Financing Tranche B in the amount of MKD 153,737 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 2% which as of 31.12.2024 is 5.16% and the longest maturity is until 22.3.2029

36. BORROWINGS (continued)

B. Borrowings according to the creditor

Long-term borrowings financed in cooperation with the Green for Growth Fund (GFF) consists of:

- Development finance for energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) investments in the Southeast Europe Region in the amount of MKD 14,469 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 2.85% which on 31.12.2024 is 6.11% and the longest maturity is until 15.09.2025:
- Development finance for energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) investments in the Southeast Europe Region in the amount of MKD 14,469 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 2.85% which on 31.12.2024 is 6.11% and the longest maturity is until 15.09.2025:
- Development finance for energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) investments in the Southeast Europe Region in the amount of MKD 144,694 thousand with a variable interest rate comprised of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.95% at 5.21% as of 31.12.2024 and the longest maturity is 15.09.2028;
- Development finance for energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) investments in the Southeast Europe Region in the amount of MKD 144.694 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.95% which on 31.12.2024 is 5.21% and the longest maturity is until 15.09.2028;
- Development finance for energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) investments in the Southeast Europe Region in the amount of MKD 614.950 thousand with a variable interest rate composed of 6M Euribor and a margin of 1.50% which as of 31.12.2024 is 4.76% and the longest maturity is 15.09.2032.

The bank has established a lien on claims in the form of a notarial deed in favour of RBSM under subloan agreements with end users approved by credit lines administered through RBSM. The rest of the lines of credit are unsecured. As of 31.12.2024, the Bank has been compliant with the Financial Covenants in accordance with the agreements with the foreign financial institutions.

37. SUBORDINATED DEBT

Subordinated deposit liabilities
(List separately)
Interest payables
Subordinated loan liabilities
(List separately)
Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG
Interest payables
Subordinated debt on issued securities
(List separately)
Interest payables
Redeemable preference shares
Total subordinated debt

In MKD thousand			
current year 2024	previous year 2023		
-	-		
-	-		
1.906.345 25.017	2.398.305 32.268		
1.931.362	2.430.573		
-	-		
-	-		
=	=		
-	-		
-	-		
_	-		
1.931.362	2.430.573		
	-		
1.931.362	2.430.573		

37. SUBORDINATED DEBT(continued)

Subordinated debt in the amount of MKD 1.931.362 thousand refers to a subordinated debt granted by the parent company, Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG, approved on 28 June 2013, with an initial total amount of EUR 10,000 thousand with maturity date 31.03.2027, of which EUR 5,000 thousand are with variable interest rate of Euribor +3% p.a. and the other half of EUR 5,000 thousand has fixed interest rate of 4.37%, EUR 6,000 thousand approved on 24.06.2013 with a fixed interest rate of 6,465% with maturity date 29.06.2026, EUR 15,000 thousand approved on 29.09.2017 with a fixed interest rate of 7,08% with maturity date 29.09.2027 and EUR 8,000 thousand approved on 29.09.2011 with a fixed interest rate of 5.11% and maturity date 30.09.2024.

Interest is payable semi-annually. It is mutually agreed with the creditor that the subordinated loan shall:

- be fully and readily available for covering the Bank's risk and losses during the Bank's operations:
- not be covered by other type of collateral by the Bank or a person connected to the Bank;
- in the case of bankruptcy or liquidation of the Bank, the subordinated debt will be paid before settling the liabilities to the Bank's shareholders;
- not be used for claims and contingent liabilities of the Bank;
- not be treated as deposit.

38. SPECIAL RESERVE AND PROVISIONS

In MKD thousand	Special reserve for off-balance credit exposure	Provisions for potential liabilities based on litigations	Pension provisions and other employee benefits	Restructuring provisions	Provisions for adverse contracts	Other provisions	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 (previous year) Correction of opening balance - effect of IFRS)	347.976	4.248	33.579	-	-	4.925	390.728
additional provisions during the year	567.500	2.320	6.458	-	_	50	576.328
(used provisions during the year)	-	-	(574)	-	-	(9)	(583)
(release of provisions during the year)	(566.718)	_	` <i>`</i>	_	_	_	(566.718)
Balance at December 31, 2023	(500.7 10)						(300.7 10)
(previous year)	348.758	6.568	39.463	-	-	4.966	399.755
Balance at January 1, 2024 (current year)	348.758	6.568	39.463	-	-	4.966	399.755
Correction of opening balance - effect of IFRS9		-	-	-	-	-	-
additional provisions during the year	372.628	-	8.861	-	-	119	381.608
(used provisions during the year) (release of provisions during the	-	(79)	(1.223)	-	-	-	(1.302)
year)	(407.472)	(34)	_	-	-	(5)	(407.511)
Balance at December 31, 2024 (current year)	313.914	6.455	47.101	-	•	5.080	372.550

39. OTHER LIABILITIES

Trade payables
Received advances
Fee and commission liabilities
Accrued expenses
Deferred income from previous years
Short-term liabilities to employees
Short-term liabilities for employee benefits
Other (List separately liabilities more than 10% of the total other liabilities)
Other liabilities
Liabilities arising from custody operations
Liabilities arising from card payment operations
Suspense account for international payments
Other liabilities for temporary accounts with clients
Total other liabilities

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
112.134	64.528			
-	-			
22.809	20.013			
123.864	150.934			
-	-			
99.182	98.646			
-	-			
- 40.070	-			
46.872	57.844			
122.581	89.639			
672	1.410			
140.870	181.859			
-	-			
668.984	664.873			

40. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

A. Subscribed capital

Balance at January 1-fully paid Subscribed shares during the year Realization of share option Division/ increase of nominal value per share Other changes during the year (specify in detail): Issuance of new shares for the purpose of the merger Balance at December 31 – fully paid

In N	ΛKD	Number of issued shares			In MKD thousand		
Nominal val	ue per share	Ordinary	Ordinary shares Preference shares non- redeemable μ Total subscr				ribed capital
Ordinary Shares	Preference shares non- redeemabl e	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023	current year 2024	previous year 2023
2.670	-	2.095.415	2.095.415	-	_	5.594.758	5.594.758
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.670	-	2.095.415	2.095.415	•	-	5.594.758	5.594.758

B.1 Dividends

Announced dividends and paid dividends by the Bank

Announced dividends and paid dividends for the year

40. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL(continued)

Dividend per ordinary share Dividend per preference share

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
-	-			

In MKD i	thousand
current year 2024	previous year 2023
-	-
_	

B.2 Announced dividend after the separate balance sheet date (the liabilities for dividends are not shown in the separate Balance sheet)

Announced dividends after December 31

Dividend per ordinary share Dividend per preference share

In MKD thousand				
current year previous year 2024 2023				
_				

In MKD thousand				
current year previous year 2024 2023				
•	-			
=	-			

C. Shareholders with more than 5% voting shares

The structure of shareholders exceeding 5% of the issued voting capital as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 officially announced and accepted by the Central Securities Depository of the Republic of North Macedonia is as follows:

	In MKD i	thousand	in %		
	current year previous year 2024 2023		current year 2024	previous year 2023	
Shareholder's name	Subscribed Subscribed capital (nominal value) Value)		Voting right	Voting right	
Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG	5.401.987	5.401.987	96,55%	96,55%	
Total	5.401.987 5.401.987		96,55%	96,55%	

41. EARNINGS PER SHARE

A. Basic earnings per share

Net - Profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares

Net - Profit for the year

Dividends for not redeemable preference shares

Adjustments of Net - Profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares (list

Net - Profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
1.736.206 - -	1.462.301 -			
1.736.206	1.462.301			

 Number of shares

 current year
 previous year

 2024
 2023

 2.095.415
 2.095.415

 2.095.415
 2.095.415

 829
 698

Weighted average number of ordinary shares
Issued ordinary shares as of January 1
Effects of the changes in the number of ordinary shares during the year
(List all events separately)
Issued shares (twentieth issue of ordinary shares)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares as of December 31 Basic earnings per share (in MKD)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the earnings of ordinary shareholders (after deducting the earnings after taxation of preference shareholders) with the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued throughout the year, including equity shares bought by the Bank.

B. Diluted earnings per share

Net - profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares (diluted)

Net - profit for the year attributable to holders of ordinary shares (diluted)

Adjustments to net profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares for the effects of all issued ordinary shares (list separately)

Net - Profit attributable to holders of ordinary shares (diluted)

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
1.736.206	1.462.301			
1.736.206	1.462.301			

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)
Issued ordinary shares as of 1 January
Effects of issuing potential ordinary shares (list separately)
Ordinary shares issued on January 1
Issued shares (thirteenth issue of ordinary shares)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) as of December 31

Diluted earnings per share (in MKD)

Number of shares				
current year	previous year			
2024	2023			
2.095.415	2.095.415			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
2.095.415	2.095.415			
829	698			

41. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

42.1 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Unsecured payment guarantees
In MKD
In foreign currency
in MKD with foreign currency clause
Unsecured performance guarantees
In MKD
In foreign currency
in MKD with foreign currency clause
Unsecured letter of credit
In MKD
In foreign currency
in MKD with foreign currency clause
Unused overdraft on current accounts
Unused credit limits
Taken liabilities and unused credit limits
Other unsecured contingent liabilities
Issued secured guarantees
Covered letter of credit
Other secured contingent liabilities
Total contingent liabilities before special reserve
(Special reserve)
Total contingent liabilities, less the special reserve

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
809.920	812.247			
753.606	1.240.240			
63.814	47.344			
4.884.645	5.343.996			
-	_			
1.030.267	1.260.553			
-	-			
277.734	946.920			
842.427	776.543			
506.163	506.315			
26.262.863	20.613.977			
1.058.559	_			
-	871.860			
_	7.517			
	1.752.863			
20, 400, 000				
36.489.998	34.180.375			
(313.914)	(348.758)			
36.176.084	33.831.617			

The contingent liabilities consist of potential liabilities regarding loans, guarantees, letters of credit issued to corporate entities, potential liabilities regarding retail loans, unused overdrafts on current accounts and unused limits on credit cards. The unused overdrafts have short-term maturity.

The contingent liabilities arising from overdrafts on current accounts and unused limits on credit cards are unsecured and are revocable in case of deterioration in the creditworthiness of the borrower.

The contingent liabilities of the Bank to legal entities arising from guarantees and letters of credit are irrevocable. Unused credit limits granted to legal entities are subject to annual revision. Apart from the covered guarantees and letters of credit secured by a deposit, the remaining uncovered guarantees, letters of credit and unused credit limits granted to legal entities are secured by pledge of property, movable property, guarantees etc.

The Bank is involved in litigation arising from its regular operations. As of 31 December 2024 the Bank is involved in a total of 27 court proceedings with a total value of MKD 188,053,408 where the Bank is sued and which do not result from the collection of demands. Below is a notice of more significant litigation.

The court proceedings on the lawsuit of minority shareholders Beta Farm DOOEL and others – first proceedings:

On 15 June 2020, the application was filed by four minority shareholders (three shareholders legal entities Beta Farm Dooel Skopje, Soloprom LTD Skopje, Seism Capital DOOEL Skopje and one person shareholder), to determine the nothingness/rebuttal of the Decision to increase share capital by issuing ordinary voting shares from the 13th show by a private offer from an institutional investor, brought to the Shareholders' Assembly (session held on 08 May 2021), the nothingness of the entry of the increase in the CR and the return of the situation in the shareholder book to the CDHV with a condition as before the entry of the increase, worth the dispute MKD 1,500,010.00, which was later determined by a decision of the Court at MKD 40,000.00. The bank responded to the lawsuit by proposing to the court that it reject it in its entirety as unfounded. The Bank's management considers that the lawsuit filed by minority shareholders is unfounded, that the decision to increase the basic principal was taken by the Shareholders' Assembly in a manner and procedure under the applicable regulation and the Statute of the Bank, and therefore this litigation is expected to be completed in favour of the Bank.

42. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS (continued)

42.1 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

The lawsuit against minority shareholders Beta Farm DOOEL and other second proceedings:

On 24 June 2020, the application was filed by three minority shareholders (two shareholders legal entities Beta farm Dooel Skopje and Soloprom LTD S and one person shareholder), for determining the nothingness/rebuttal of decisions made at the Shareholders' Assembly (session held on 30 June 2020), the nothingness of the entry of the increase in the Central Register and the return of the situation in the shareholder book to the Central Securities Depository with a condition as before the entry of the increase, with a value of MKD 1,500 thousand, which was later determined by the Court at MKD 40,000, and a termination of proceedings was determined until the first court proceedings initiated by the plaintiffs were legally completed. The Bank's management considers that the lawsuit filed by minority shareholders is unfounded, that the decisions under this lawsuit were taken by the Shareholders' Assembly in a manner and procedure in accordance with the applicable regulation and the Statute of the Bank, and this litigation will end in favour of the Bank.

The lawsuit against minority shareholders Beta Farm DOOEL and other third proceedings:

On 18.11.2020, the application was filed by three minority shareholders (two shareholders legal entities Beta Farm Dooel Skopje and Soloprom DOO Skopje and one shareholder physically (session held on 05.10.2020) with a value of MKD 40,000.00. The Court's decision determines the termination of proceedings. The Bank's management considers that the lawsuit filed by minority shareholders is unfounded, that the decisions under this lawsuit were taken by the Shareholders' Assembly in a manner and procedure in accordance with the applicable regulation and the Statute of the Bank, and this litigation will be completed in favour of the Bank.

Court proceedings on lawsuits by minority shareholders Beta Farm DOOEL and others - compensation for damages:

On May 16, 2023, the application was filed by Beta Farm DOOEL Skopje, Soloprom DOO Skopje, Gjorge Jovanov and Sesame Capital DOOEL Skopje against sued Sparkase Banka AD Skopje and Steiermarkische Bank und Sparkassen AG Graz, for compensation of damages and value of MKD 39,162,148.00, filed under 58 TS1-115/23 before the Skopje Basic Civil Court. With the lawsuit, the plaintiffs demand that the plaintiffs in solidarity compensate the plaintiffs for a total of MKD 39,162,148.00, of which MKD 22,214,099.00 in the name of damages due to a dividend difference and an amount of MKD 16,948,049.00 in the name of damages due to a difference in participation in capital with legal penalty interest as of 09 May 2020. The court decided that the proceedings should be adjourned until the first proceedings were resolved.

42.2 CONTINGENT ASSETS

	In MKD thousand		
	current year 2024	previous year 2023	
List separately significant contingent assets:			
	-	-	
Total contingent assets	-	-	

43. ACTIVITIES ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

Asset administration on behalf and at the expense of third parties Deposits in MKD Deposits in foreign currencies Loans in MKD Loans in foreign currencies Other receivables in MKD Other receivables in foreign currencies Asset management on behalf and at the expense of third parties Deposits in MKD Deposits in foreign currencies Loans in MKD Loans in foreign currencies Other receivables in MKD Other receivables in foreign currencies Custody accounts Other Total

	In MKD thousand								
Cl	current year 2024			previous year 2023					
Assets	Liabilities	Net- position	Assets	Liabilities	Net- position				
-	(28.782)	(28.782)	-	(28.896)	(28.896)				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
80.075	-	80.075	90.058	-	90.058				
-	=	-	-	-	-				
119.706	(109)	119.597	118.937	(109)	118.828				
=	=	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	(171.484)	(171.484)	-	(180.743)	(180.743)				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
=	-	-	-	=	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	(122.581)	(122.581)	-	(89.639)	(89.639)				
-	-	-	-	-	-				
199.781	(322.956)	(123.175)	208.995	(299.387)	(90.392)				

44. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

The balances and the volume of transactions with related parties and Bank's management at the balance sheet date for the years ended as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

A. Separate Balance sheet

				I I	0.1	
In MKD thousand	Parent Company	Subsidiaries	Associates	Management of the Bank	Other related parties	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)					•	
Assets						
Current accounts	40.020	-	-	-	341.199	381.219
Trading assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	-	-	-	-	-	
Mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Customer loans	-	-	-	10.344	2.271	12.615
Finance lease receivables Factoring and forfeiting of receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other loans and advances	-	_	380.692	58.876	6.157	445.725
Investments in securities	-	_	46.598	-	_	46.598
(Allowance for impairment)	(10)	=	(336)	(154)	(72)	(572)
Other assets	· -	-	-	-		-
Total	40.010	-	426.954	69.066	349.555	885.585
Liabilities						
Trading liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits	7.337.115	-	219.673	78.486	393.816	8.029.090
Issued securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings liabilities	346.467	-	-	-	-	346.467
Subordinated debt	1.931.362	-	-	-	-	1.931.362
Other liabilities	47	-	-	-	369	416
Total	9.614.991	-	219.673	78.486	394.185	10.307.335
Contingent liabilities						
Issued guarantees	-	-	-	-	202.388	202.388
Issued letter of credit	-	-	-		-	-
Other contingent liabilities	-	-	802	3.533	15.909	20.244
(Special reserves)	-	-	(1)	(8)	(12)	(21)
Total	-	-	801	3.525	218.285	222.611
Contingent assets						
Received guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other contingent assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	•

44. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS (continued)

A. Separate Balance sheet (continued)

					Other	
In MKD thousand	Parent Company	Subsidiaries	Associates	Management of the Bank	related parties	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)					P Simulation of the Control of the C	
Assets						
Current accounts	65.178	-	-	-	536.644	601.822
Trading assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Customer loans	-	-	-	8.856	591	9.447
Finance lease receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Factoring and forfeiting of receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other loans and advances	-	-	171.961	43.333	35.713	251.007
Investments in securities	-	-	46.598	-	-	46.598
(Allowance for impairment)	(17)	-	(285)	(315)	(520)	(1.137)
Other assets	-	83	-	-	-	83
Total	65.161	83	218.274	51.874	572.428	907.820
Liabilities						
Trading liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits	6.920.196	2.207	34.515	61.338	363.408	7.381.664
Issued securities	-	-	-	-	-	
Borrowings liabilities	484.273	-	-	-	-	484.273
Subordinated debt	2.430.573	-	-	-	-	2.430.573
Other liabilities	42	40	-	-	7.425	7.507
Total	9.835.084	2.247	34.515	61.338	370.833	10.304.017
Contingent liabilities					407.070	407.070
Issued guarantees	-	-	-	-	107.078	107.078
Issued letter of credit	-	-	-		- 4 400	4 750 500
Other contingent liabilities	1.752.863	-	457	3.722	1.488	1.758.530
(Special reserves)	4 750 000	-	(1)	(25)	(252)	(278)
Total	1.752.863	-	456	3.697	108.314	1.865.330
Continuent coasts						
Contingent assets Received guarantees						
Other contingent assets	-		-	-	-	-
Total	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
I Otal	-	-	-	-	-	-

44. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS (continued)

B. Income and expenses from related parties' transactions

In MKD thousand	Parent Company	Subsidiaries	Associates	Management of the Bank	Other related parties	Total
2024 (current year)						
Income						
Interest income	1.702	-	9.889	2.310	15.622	29.523
Fee and commission income	453	-	2.371	244	6.131	9.199
Trading income, net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital gains from sale of non- current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	93.064	-	3.217	405	413.713	510.399
Transfers between subjects						-
Total	95.219		15.477	2.959	435.465	549.121
						-
Expenses						-
Interest expense	455.706	-	-	1.186	8.664	465.556
Fee and commission expense	6.830	-	-	-	31.870	38.700
Trading losses, net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for purchase of non-	-	-	-	-	-	-
current assets Allowance for impairment of financial	(6)	50		(151)	(119)	(226)
assets, net	(0)	30	_	(131)	(119)	(220)
Other expenses	(90.959)	-	2.182	(399)	(317.740)	(411.280)
Transfers between subjects		=	-			-
Total	553.489	50	2.182	1.434	358.155	915.310

In MKD thousand	Parent Company	Subsidiaries	Associates	Management of the Bank	Other related parties	Total
2023 (previous year)						
Income						
Interest income	3.562	-	2	1.741	8.251	13.556
Fee and commission income	44	-	661	288	1.128	2.121
Trading income, net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital gains from sale of non- current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	-	23	2.258	25	312.378	314.684
Transfers between subjects	-	-				
Total	3.606	23	2.921	2.054	321.757	330.361
Expenses						
Interest expense	310.838	-	-	307	1.110	312.255
Fee and commission expense	852	-	-	-	20.235	21.087
Trading losses, net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses for purchase of non-	-	_	-	_	_	_
current assets Allowance for impairment of financial				(32)	(9)	(41)
assets, net	-	-	-	(32)	(9)	(41)
Other expenses	6.964	1.383	97	142	30.139	38.725
Transfers between subjects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	318.654	1.383	97	417	51.475	372.026

RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS (continued) 44.

В. **Management compensations**

Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Benefits due to termination of employment Employee payment based on shares, settled with equity instruments Employee payment based on shares, settled in cash Other Total

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
113.185	97.018			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
=	-			
-	-			
113.185	97.018			

Pursuant to the Banking Law, the following parties shall be considered as related parties to the Bank: persons with special rights and responsibilities in the Bank and persons related to them; shareholders with qualified participation in the Bank (direct or indirect ownership of at least 5% of the total number of shares or of issued voting shares of the Bank, or shares that provide significant influence on the management of the Bank) and persons related to them, as well as responsible persons of those shareholders - legal entities; Bank's subsidiaries and other entities that have established close relations with the Bank.

The Bank provides loans, performs payment and deposit operations to related companies and financial institutions. The Bank's management considers that these transactions are performed under standard market conditions and within the regular business activities.

45. **LEASES**

Α. Lessor

Financial leases receivables A.1.

	Total finance	Matanty period for infarioace receivables		
In MKD thousand	lease receivables	up to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years
December 31, 2024 (current year) Net present value of minimum lease payments				
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2023 (previous year) Net present value of minimum lease				
payments	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total	_	_	_	_

Total

45. LEASES (continued)

A. Lessor (continued)

A.2. Irrevocable operating lease receivables

	Total irrevocable operating lease Maturity period for irrevocable operating lease			erating lease	
In MKD thousand	receivables	up to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	
December 31, 2024 (current year)					
Net present value of minimum lease payments					
paymone	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	
December 31, 2023 (previous year) Net present value of minimum lease payments	-		-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	

In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	Furniture and office equipment	Other equipment	Other items of property and equipment	Total
Value of property under operating lease: December 31, 2024 (current year)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	_	-		_	-	-
, (1							

B. The Bank as Lessee

B.1. Financial lease liabilities

In MKD thousand	Total financial	Maturity period for financial lease liabilities			
III MKD (nousand	lease liabilities	up to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)					
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total		F		-	
Balance as of December 31, 2023					
(previous year)					
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	

45. LEASES (continued)

B. The Bank as Lessee (continued)

B.1. Financial lease liabilities (continued)

In MKD thousand	Land	Buildings	Transport	Furniture and office equipment	Other equipment	Other items of plant, property and equipment	Total
Value of property under operating lease Cost Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -
(Disposal and write- off) Other Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	- - -
balance as of becember 51, 2023 (previous year)	_	-			_		_
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year) Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Disposal and write- off) Other	- -	-	-		-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	-	•	-	-	•	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance as of January 1, 2023 (previous year) Depreciation for the year	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss during the year (Release of impairment loss during the year)		-	-		-	-	
(Disposal and write offs) Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of January 1, 2024 (current year)							
Depreciation for the year	-	=	-	-	=	-	-
Impairment loss during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Release of impairment loss during the year) (Disposal and write offs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount as of:							
January 1, 2023 (previous year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2023 (previous year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2024 (current year)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- 45. LEASES (continued)
- B. The Bank as Lessee (continued)
- B.2. Irrevocable operating lease liabilities

	Total irrevocable	Maturity period for irrevocable operating lease liabilities			
In MKD thousand	operating lease liabilities	up to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	
Balance as of December 31, 2024 (current year)					
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	
Balance as of December 31, 2023 (previous year)					
	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	

46. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Date of granting of option
Date of option expiry
Price of option realization
Share price on the date the option is granted
Variance
Expected dividend return
Interest rate
Fair value on the date the option is granted

In MKD thousand				
current year 2024	previous year 2023			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			

Balance at January 1 Changes during the year options granted to Supervisory Board members options granted to Board of Directors members Other granted options Forfeited options Realized options Options with expired date

Balance at December 31

current y	ear 2024	previous	year 2023
Number of share options	Weighted average price of share options	Number of share options	Weighted average price of share options
-	-	-	-
_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-
-	-	=	-
-	=	=	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	•	-

47. TAX RISKS

Financial statements and accounting records of the Bank are subject to tax audit by the tax authorities for a period of 5 years subsequent to the reported tax returns for the financial year and may impose additional tax liabilities. According to the estimates of the Bank's management, they are not aware of any additional conditions that may cause potential materially significant liabilities on this basis.

48. EVENTS AFTER THE DATE OF THE SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

After the balance sheet date, no significant events have occurred that should be disclosed in the financial statements.