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I. Statement of Comprehensive Income of Erste Group for the Year ended 31 December 2011

Income statement

			2010
in EUR thousand	Notes	2011	restated ¹⁾
Interest and similar income		9,350,593	8,821,637
Interest and similar expenses		(3,789,576)	(3,403,422)
Income from equity method investments		7,952	21,015
Net interest income	1	5,568,969	5,439,230
Risk provisions for loans and advances	2	(2,266,877)	(2,021,047)
Fee and commission income		2,298,233	2,394,945
Fee and commission expenses		(510,997)	(552,388)
Net fee and commission income	3	1,787,236	1,842,557
Net trading result	4	122,330	321,895
General administrative expenses	5	(3,850,904)	(3,816,782)
Other operating result	6	(1,589,851)	(439,327)
Result from financial instruments – at fair value through profit or loss	7	306	(6,025)
Result from financial assets – available for sale	8	(66,253)	9,244
Result from financial assets – held to maturity	9	(27,084)	(5,535)
Pre-tax profit/loss		(322,128)	1,324,210
Taxes on income	10	(240,440)	(280,900)
Net profit/loss for the year		(562,568)	1,043,310
attributable to			
non-controlling interests		156,332	164,644
owners of the parent	11	(718,900)	878,666

¹⁾ Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share constitute net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent (adjusted for dividend on participation capital in the amount of EUR 141.1 million) divided by the average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings

per share represent the maximum potential dilution (through an increase in the average number of shares) which would occur if all subscription and conversion rights granted were exercised (see Note 30) Total equity).

			2010
		2011	restated ¹⁾
	in EUR		
Net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent	thousand	(718,900)	878,666
Dividend on participation capital		(141,100)	(141,100)
Net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent after deduction			
of dividend on participation capital		(860,000)	737,566
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	Number	377,670,141	374,695,868
Earnings per share	in EUR	(2.28)	1.97
Weighted average number of shares taking into account the effect of dilution	Number	377,670,141	376,749,863
Diluted earnings per share	in EUR	(2.28)	1.96

¹⁾ Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

Statement of comprehensive income

		2011		2010
in EUR thousand				restated1)
Net profit/loss for the year		(562,568)		1,043,310
Other comprehensive income				
Available for sale reserve (including currency translation)		(64,617)		127,620
Gain/loss during the year	(30,739)		161,987	
Reclassification adjustments	(33,878)		(34,367)	
Cash flow hedge reserve (including currency translation)		30,567		(76,497)
Gain/loss during the year	67,094		(50,725)	
Reclassification adjustments	(36,527)		(25,772)	
Actuarial gains and losses		(42,651)		34,753
Currency translation		(232,947)		78,164
Deferred taxes on items recognised in other comprehensive income		23,049		(26,210)
Gain/loss during the year	23,502		(39,666)	
Reclassification adjustments	(453)		13,456	
Total other comprehensive income		(286,599)		137,830
Total comprehensive income		(849,167)		1,181,140
attributable to			•	
non-controlling interests		124,250	•	193,207
owners of the parent		(973,417)		987,933

¹⁾ Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

II. Balance Sheet of Erste Group as of 31 December 2011

in EUR thousand	Notes	2011	2010 restated ¹⁾	1 Jan 2010 restated ¹⁾
ASSETS	•			
Cash and balances with central banks	12	9,412,879	5,839,384	5,996,253
Loans and advances to credit institutions	13	7,577,654	12,496,460	13,139,942
Loans and advances to customers	14	134,749,509	132,334,114	128,754,895
Risk provisions for loans and advances	15	(7,027,331)	(6,119,058)	(4,954,291)
Derivative financial instruments	16	10,930,814	8,507,929	4,749,421
Trading assets	17	5,875,838	5,535,543	6,012,564
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	17	1,813,055	2,434,158	2,997,230
Financial assets – available for sale	17	20,245,339	17,751,115	16,389,828
Financial assets – held to maturity	17	16,073,575	14,234,700	14,899,067
Equity method investments	18	173,116	223,497	240,575
Intangible assets	19	3,531,968	4,674,578	4,866,518
Property and equipment	19	2,360,804	2,445,580	2,343,859
Current tax assets	20	115,667	116,474	123,784
Deferred tax assets	20	701,886	616,775	605,048
Assets held for sale	21	87,179	52,461	57,785
Other assets	19, 22	3,384,382	4,626,328	5,290,998
Total assets		210,006,334	205,770,038	201,513,476
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Deposits by banks	23	23,785,284	20,153,934	26,295,125
Customer deposits	24	118,880,197	117,016,323	112,042,412
Debt securities in issue	25	30,781,595	31,298,536	29,612,066
Derivative financial instruments	16	9,336,614	8,398,818	3,980,193
Trading liabilities	26	535,552	215,698	720,674
Provisions	27	1,580,114	1,544,549	1,670,015
Current tax liabilities	20	33,729	68,367	30,077
Deferred tax liabilities	20	344,759	328,062	331,044
Other liabilities	28	3,765,955	4,349,677	4,988,353
Subordinated liabilities	29	5,782,574	5,838,041	6,148,376
Total equity	30	15,179,961	16,558,033	15,695,141
attributable to				
non-controlling interests		3,142,895	3,443,621	3,320,742
owners of the parent		12,037,066	13,114,412	12,374,399
Total liabilities and equity		210,006,334	205,770,038	201,513,476

¹⁾ Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

III. Statement of Changes in Total Equity

A) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN TOTAL EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

in EUR million	Sub- scribed capital	Addi- tional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Cash flow hedge reserve	Avail- able for sale reserve	Cur- rency transla- tion	Deferred tax ²⁾	Total owners of the parent	Non- control- ling interests	Total equity
Total equity as of 31										
December 2010	2,513	6,177	4,939	11	(278)	(312)	64	13,114	3,444	16,558
Changes in treasury shares			(27)					(27)		(27)
Purchase			(731)					(731)		(731)
Sale			681					681		681
Result			23					23		23
Dividends			(405)					(405)	(36)	(441)
Capital increases ¹⁾	26	236						262		262
Participation capital			0					0		0
Purchase			(4)					(4)		(4)
Sale			4					4		4
Result								0		0
Change in interest in subsidiaries								0	(389)	(389)
Acquisition of non- controlling interest			67					67		67
Total comprehensive income	0	0	(744)	24	(38)	(229)	13	(974)	124	(850)
Net profit/loss for the year			(719)					(719)	156	(563)
Other comprehensive income			(25)	24	(38)	(229)	13	(255)	(32)	(287)
Total equity as of 31 December 2011	2,539	6,413	3,830	35	(316)	(541)	77	12,037	3,143	15,180

Capital increase in connection with ESOP (Employees Share Option Plan) was EUR 8 million and in connection with issuance of new ordinary shares related to acquisition of additional shares in Banca Comercială Română SA was EUR 256 million (see section V.B.). Costs in relation to the capital increase reduced the equity by EUR 2 million.
 For disclosure of tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income, see Note 10.

For further details, see Note 30) Total equity.

B) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN TOTAL EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Sub- scribed capital	Addi- tional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Cash flow hedge reserve	Avail- able for sale reserve	Cur- rency translat ion	Deferred tax ²⁾	Total owners of the parent	Non- control- ling interests	Total equity
	•								
2,517	6,171	4,628	73	(372)	(390)	82	12,709	3,414	16,123
		(335)					(335)	(93)	(428)
2,517	6,171	4,293	73	(372)	(390)	82	12,374	3,321	15,695
		146					146		146
		(541)					(541)		(541)
		664					664		664
		23					23		23
		(385)					(385)	(42)	(427)
	6						6		6
(4)		0					(4)		(4)
		(37)					(37)		(37)
		37					37		37
		0					0		0
							0	(28)	(28)
		(11)					(11)		(11)
0	0	896	(62)	94	78	(18)	988	193	1,181
		879					879	164	1,043
		17	(62)	94	78	(18)	109	29	138
2,513	6,177	4,939	11	(278)	(312)	64	13,114	3,444	16,558
	2,517 2,517 (4)	Sub-scribed capital 2,517 6,171 2,517 6,171 6 (4)	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained earnings 2,517 6,171 4,628 (335) 2,517 6,171 4,293 (346) 146 (541) 664 23 (385) 6 (4) 0 (37) 37 0 (11) 0 0 896 879 17	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained earnings flow hedge reserve 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 2,517 6,171 4,293 73 146 (541) 664 23 (385) 6 (4) 0 (37) 37 0 (11) 0 896 (62) 879 17 (62)	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained earnings flow hedge reserve able for sale reserve 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 (372) 2,517 6,171 4,293 73 (372) 146 (541) 664 23 (385) 6 (4) 0 (37) 37 0 0 (11) 0 94 879 94 17 (62) 94	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained earnings flow hedge reserve able for sale reserve rency translat ion 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 (372) (390) 2,517 6,171 4,293 73 (372) (390) 146 (541) 664 23 (385) 6 6 (4) 0 (37) 37 0 0 (37) 37 0 78 879 78 879 17 (62) 94 78 78	Subscribed capital scribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained paid-in capital flow hedge reserve able for sale reserve rency translat reserve Deferred tax²) 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 (372) (390) 82 2,517 6,171 4,293 73 (372) (390) 82 146 (541) 664 23 (385) 6 6 (4) 0 (37) 37 0 0 0 (11) 0 0 94 78 (18) 879 17 (62) 94 78 (18)	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained earnings flow hedge reserve able for reserve rency translat ion Deferred tax²¹ owners of the parent 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 (372) (390) 82 12,709 2,517 6,171 4,293 73 (372) (390) 82 12,374 146 146 146 146 146 146 146 (541) 664 23 23 23 23 23 23 (385) (385) 6 6 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (541)	Subscribed capital tional paid-in capital Retained capital flow hedge carnings reserve reserve rency translat ion Deferred tax ² owners of the parent interests 2,517 6,171 4,628 73 (372) (390) 82 12,709 3,414 (335) 335 335 332 390 82 12,374 3,321 146

Capital increase in connection with ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan).
 For disclosure of tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income, see Note 10.
 Expenses incurred in relation to the capital increase reduced the equity by EUR 5 million and the positive tax effect from tax deductible expenses incurred by the capital increase resulted in an increase of equity by EUR 1 million. See also Note 30.

⁴⁾ Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

IV. Cash Flow Statement

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated ²⁾
Net profit/loss for the year	(563)	1,043
Non-cash adjustments for items in net profit/loss for the year		
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and reversal of impairment, revaluation of assets	1,608	676
Allocation to and release of provisions (including risk provisions)	2,400	2,142
Gains/losses from the sale of assets	23	(82)
Other adjustments	(132)	(66)
Changes in assets and liabilities from operating activities after adjustment for non-cash components		
Loans and advances to credit institutions	4,529	653
Loans and advances to customers	(1,744)	(3,580)
Trading assets and positive market value from derivative financial instruments	(2,763)	(2,957)
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	609	557
Financial assets – available for sale	(2,539)	(1,264)
Other assets from operating activities	17	(372)
Deposits by banks	3,457	(6,141)
Customer deposits	1,803	4,974
Debt securities in issue	(517)	1,686
Trading liabilities and negative market values from derivative financial markets	1,228	3,153
Other liabilities from operating activities	(695)	(102)
Cash flow from operating activities	6,721	320
Proceeds of disposal		
Financial assets – held to maturity and associated companies	2,507	3,790
Property and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties	171	252
Acquisition of	0	0
Financial assets – held to maturity and associated companies	(4,573)	(3,225)
Property and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties	(534)	(622)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash and cash equivalents acquired)	(29)	(7)
Disposal of subsidiaries	0	3
Cash flow from investing activities	(2,458)	191
Capital increases	8	2
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	(88)	0
Dividends paid to equity holders of the parent	(405)	(385)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(36)	(42)
Other financing activities (mainly changes of subordinated liabilities)	(55)	(268)
Cash flow from financing activities	(576)	(693)
Cash and cash equivalents ¹⁾ at beginning of period	5,839	5,996
Cash flow from operating activities	6,721	320
Cash flow from investing activities	(2,457)	191
Cash flow from financing activities	(576)	(693)
Effect of currency translation	(114)	25
Cash and cash equivalents ¹⁾ at end of period	9,413	5,839
Cash flows related to taxes, interest and dividends	5,329	5,084
Payments for taxes on income	(240)	(329)
Interest received	9,236	8,668
Dividends received	123	148
Interest paid	(3,790)	(3,403)

¹⁾ Cash and cash equivalents are equal to cash in hand and balances held with central banks. 2) Regarding restatement, see section so named in the Notes under Accounting Policies.

V. Notes to the Financial Statements of Erste Group

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Erste Group Bank AG is Austria's oldest savings bank and the largest wholly privately owned Austrian credit institution listed on the Vienna Stock Exchange. It is also quoted on the Prague Stock Exchange (since October 2002) and on the Bucharest Stock Exchange (since 14 February 2008). The registered office of Erste Group Bank AG is located at Graben 21, 1010 Vienna, Austria.

Erste Group offers a complete range of banking and other financial services, such as savings accounts, asset management (including investment funds), consumer credit and mortgage lending, investment banking, securities and derivatives trading, portfolio management, project finance, foreign trade financing, corporate finance, capital market and money market services, foreign exchange trading, leasing and factoring.

The consolidated financial statements of Erste Group for the 2011 financial year and the comparative information were prepared in compliance with applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union on the basis of IAS Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002. This satisfies the requirements of Section 59a of the Austrian Banking Act and Section 245a of the Austrian Commercial Code.

Except as otherwise indicated, all amounts are stated in millions of euro. The tables in this report may contain rounding differences

It is planned for the Management (following a presentation to the supervisory board) to approve the consolidated financial statements for publication on 29 February 2012.

B. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Acquisitions in 2011

Intermarket Bank AG

Erste Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen AG, Wien increased its 22.38% share of Intermarket Bank AG, Wien by 66.24% to 88.62%.

With the existing shares of Kärntern Sparkasse Aktiengesellschaft, Klagenfurt of approximately 4.38% and of Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft, Graz of 7.00%, Erste Group owns 100% (91.46% directly and indirectly held shares by Erste Group Bank AG) of Intermarket Bank AG, Wien.

Intermarket Bank AG, Wien was fully consolidated in the financial statements of Erste Group with effect from 1 August 2011.

The purchase price for acquisition of shares of Intermarket Bank AG, Wien was about EUR 28.9 million and was paid in cash.

The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, measured at fair value had the following composition at the time of initial consolidation:

in EUR million	Carrying amount	Fair value adjustment	Fair value
Loans and advances to credit institutions	7.5	0.0	7.5
	7.5	0.0	7.5
Loans and advances to customers	276.6	0.0	276.6
Risk provisions for loans			
and advances	(5.5)	0.0	(5.5)
Property and equipment	2.2	0.0	2.2
Other assets	5.6	1.4	7.0
ASSETS	286.4	1.4	287.8
Deposits by banks	173.6	0.0	173.6
Customer deposits	60.8	0.0	60.8
Other liabilities	10.4	0.0	10.4
Total equity	41.6	1.4	43.0
LIABILITIES AND			
EQUITY	286.4	1.4	287.8

Taking into account identifiable equity of EUR 43.0 million and the EUR 7.6 million fair value for the share of Intermarket Bank AG, Wien held by Erste Group immediately before the acquisition date resulted in negative goodwill in the amount of EUR 2.8 million. This was recognised directly in other operating result.

The carrying amount of the non-controlling interest is EUR 3.7 million.

Due to remeasurement to fair value of the equity interest held before the business combination, Erste Group recognised a loss of EUR 1.1 million directly in other operating result.

The contribution of Intermarket Bank AG, Wien to the operating income of Erste Group since the time of initial consolidation was EUR 6.8 million; its contribution to net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent was EUR (0.8) million. Had Intermarket Bank AG, Wien already been included in Erste Group's consolidated financial statements from 1 January 2011, its contribution to operating income would have been EUR 14.3 million. Likewise, net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent would have been EUR 6.0 million.

Banca Comercialā Românā SA

Erste Group raised its participation in Banca Comercială Română SA from 69.4% by 20.5 percentage points to 89.9% by capital

increase and acquisition of shares from owners of non-controlling interests.

As consideration for acquisition of 13.7% of the voting shares in Banca Comercială Română SA, EUR 373 million was paid out to the owners of the non-controlling interests. Additionally, a put option was written to the owners of non-controlling interests. Consideration of EUR 88 million was settled in cash and EUR 256 million was settled by issuance of Erste Group Bank shares. The contractual consideration for the put option in the amount of EUR 29 million would be settled in cash.

The carrying amount for the additional acquired shares was EUR 433 million. The EUR 60 million difference between the costs of acquisition and the carrying amount resulting from the acquired shares was recognised in equity among retained earnings.

Acquisitions in 2010

Erste Group made no significant acquisitions or disposals during 2010.

Shareholdings in significant companies and their representation in the consolidated financial statements are detailed in Note 46.

C. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

Subsidiaries

All subsidiaries directly or indirectly controlled by Erste Group Bank AG are consolidated in the group financial statements on the basis of the subsidiaries' annual accounts as of 31 December 2011 and for the year then ended.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date upon which control is transferred to the bank. Control is achieved when the bank has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. The financial statements of the bank's subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as that of Erste Group Bank AG and using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses as well as unrealised gains and losses and dividends are eliminated. Non-controlling interests represent those portions of total comprehensive income and net assets which are not attributable directly or indirectly to the owners of the Erste Group Bank AG. Non-controlling interests are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

Acquisitions of non-controlling interests are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby the difference between the consideration transferred and the share in the carrying amount of the net assets acquired is recognised as equity. Disposals of non-controlling interests that do not lead to loss of control are accounted for in the same way.

Erste Group Bank AG is a member of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system) of the Austrian savings bank sector. As of the balance sheet date almost all of Austria's savings banks, in addition to Erste Group Bank AG and Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, formed part of this Haftungs-

verbund. The provisions of the agreement governing the Haftungsverbund are implemented by the steering company Haftungsverbund GmbH. Erste Group Bank AG always holds indirectly at least 51% of the subscribed capital of the steering company through Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG. Two of the four members of the steering company's management, including the CEO, who has the casting vote, are appointed by Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG. The steering company is vested with the power to monitor the common risk policies of its members. If a member encounters serious financial difficulties - specific key indicators are continually monitored - the steering company has the mandate to provide support measures and/or to intervene, as required, in the business management of the affected member savings bank. As Erste Group Bank AG owns the controlling interest in the steering company, it exercises control over the members of the crossguarantee system. In accordance with IFRS, all Haftungsverbund members are therefore fully consolidated.

Investments in associates

Investments in companies over which Erste Group Bank AG exercises significant influence ('associates') are accounted for under the equity method. As a general rule, significant influence is presumed to mean an ownership interest of between 20% and 50%. Under the equity method, an interest in an associate is recognised in the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the entity. The Group's share of the associate's profit or loss is recognised in the income statement. Entities accounted for under the equity method are recognised on the basis of annual financial statements as of 31 December 2011 and for the year then ended.

b) ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a cost basis, except for available-for-sale investments, derivative financial instruments, financial assets and liabilities held for trading, and financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, all of which have been measured at fair value.

Restatement

in EUR million

Due to volatility on capital and financial markets, the management of Erste Group analysed the outstanding portfolio of credit default swaps (CDS) which were held within its International Business Division with a view to Erste Group's strategic business orientation. Based upon this analysis, the accounting for these instruments classified in prior periods as financial guarantees has been consequently restated to classify and measure them as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss. By yearend 2011 the outstanding notional value of this portfolio had been reduced to EUR 57 million.

As a result of harmonising and improving certain IT tools within Erste Group, prior calculations as to the effective interest rates (EIR) for loans and advances to customers have been restated.

In accordance with IAS 8, comparative figures have been restated to reflect the above.

Balance sheet of Erste Group

4 len 2010	Published	CDC	EID	Restated
1 Jan 2010 ASSETS	amount	CDS	EIR	amount
	420.424		(270)	100.755
Loans and advances to customers Derivative financial instruments	129,134 4,711	37	(379)	128,755 4,748
Deferred tax assets	4,711	51	100	
			100	605
Other assets	5,297	(6)		5,291
Non-adapted positions	62,114	00	(070)	62,114
Total assets	201,710	82	(279)	201,513
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Derivative financial instruments	3,749	231		3,980
Non-adapted positions	181,838			181,838
Total equity	16,123	(149)	(279)	15,695
attributable to				
non-controlling interests	3,414		(93)	3,321
owners of the parent	12,709	(149)	(186)	12,374
Total liabilities and equity	201,710	82	(279)	201,513
in EUR million				
	Published			Restated
31 Dec 2010	amount	CDS	EIR	amount
ASSETS				
Loans and advances to customers	132,729		(395)	132,334
Derivative financial instruments	8,474	34		8,508
Deferred tax assets	418	95	104	617
Other assets	4,632	(6)		4,626
Non-adapted positions	59,685			59,685
Total assets	205,938	123	(291)	205,770
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Derivative financial instruments	7,996	403		8,399
Non-adapted positions	180,813			180,813
Total equity	17,129	(280)	(291)	16,558
attributable to	•	, ,	. ,	
non-controlling interests	3,544		(100)	3,444
owners of the parent	13,585	(280)	(191)	13,114
Total liabilities and equity	205,938	123	(291)	205,770

Statement of comprehensive income of Erste Group

in EUR million				
	Published			Restated
1-12 2010	amount	CDS	EIR	amount
Net interest income	5,412.5		26.7	5,439.2
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(2,031.2)	10.1		(2,021.1)
Net fee and commission income	1,936.0	(51.7)	(41.7)	1,842.6
Net trading result	456.2	(134.3)		321.9
General administrative expenses	(3,816.8)			(3,816.8)
Other result	(441.6)			(441.6)
Pre-tax profit/loss from continuing operations	1,515.1	(175.9)	(15.0)	1,324.2
Taxes on income	(328.7)	44.1	3.7	(280.9)
Net profit/loss for the year	1,186.4	(131.8)	(11.3)	1,043.3
Total other comprehensive income	137.8			137.8
Total comprehensive income	1,324.2	(131.8)	(11.3)	1,181.1
attributable to				
non-controlling interests	199.6		(6.4)	193.2
owners of the parent	1,124.6	(131.8)	(4.9)	987.9

Earnings per share

in EUR million

	Published	•	•	Restated
1–12 2010	amount	CDS	EIR	amount
Earnings per share	2.33	(0.35)	(0.01)	1.97
Diluted earnings per share	2.32	(0.35)	(0.01)	1.96

Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, which is the functional currency of Erste Group Bank AG. The functional currency is the currency of the primary business environment in which an entity operates. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency, and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

For foreign currency translation, exchange rates quoted by the central banks in each country are used. For group entities with the euro as functional currency, these are the ECB reference rates.

(i) Transactions and balances in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency exchange rate effective as of the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency's exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. All resulting exchange differences that arise are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net trading result' or in the line 'Result from financial instruments – at fair value through profit or loss'. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as of the dates of the initial transactions.

(ii) Translation of the statements of group companies

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations (foreign subsidiaries and branches) are translated into Erste Group's presentation currency, the euro, at the rate of exchange as of the balance sheet date (closing rate). Their statements of comprehensive income are translated at monthly average exchange rates. Goodwill and intangible assets recognised on acquisition of foreign subsidiaries (i.e. customer relationships and brand) and fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries and are translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the cumulative amount of translation differences recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result'.

Financial instruments – recognition and measurement

A financial instrument is any contract giving rise to a financial asset at one company and a financial liability or equity instrument at another company. In accordance with IAS 39, all financial assets and liabilities – which also include derivative financial instruments – have to be recognised in the balance sheet and measured in accordance with their assigned categories.

Erste Group uses the following categories of financial instruments:

- _ financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- _ available-for-sale financial assets
- _ held-to-maturity investments
- _ loans and receivables
- _ financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

IAS 39 categories of financial instruments relevant for measurement are not necessarily the line items presented in the balance sheet. Specific relationships between the balance sheet line items and categories of financial instruments are described in the table at point (xi).

(i) Initial recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when Erste Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way (spot) purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised at settlement date, which is the date that an asset is delivered. The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their characteristics as well as the purpose and management's intention for which the financial instruments were acquired.

(ii) Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial instruments are measured initially at their fair value including transaction costs. In the case of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, however, transaction costs are not included but are recognised directly in profit or loss. Subsequent measurement is described in the chapters below.

(iii) Cash and balances with central banks

Balances with central banks include only claims (deposits) against central banks which are repayable on demand. Repayable on demand means that it may be withdrawn at any time or with a term of notice of only one business day or 24 hours. Mandatory minimum reserves are also shown under this position.

(iv) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives used by Erste Group include mainly interest rate swaps, futures, forward rate agreements, interest rate options, currency swaps and currency options as well as credit default swaps. Derivatives are measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. All kinds of derivatives without regard to their internal classification are disclosed under the line item 'Derivative financial instruments', which can be found, depending on their fair value as of the balance sheet date, on the assets or liabilities side of the balance sheet. Hence, the line item 'Derivative financial instruments' contains both derivatives held in the trading book and banking book and includes also derivatives designated for hedge accounting. Changes in fair value (clean price) are recognised in the income statement in the line

'Net trading result', except for those resulting from the effective part of cash flow hedges which are reported in other comprehensive income. Interest income/expense related to derivative financial instruments is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net interest income' for those held in the banking book or designated as hedging instruments in fair value hedges or in the line 'Net trading result' for those held in the trading book.

(v) Financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading

Financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading include debt securities as well as equity instruments acquired or issued principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial instruments held for trading are measured at fair value and are presented as 'Trading assets' or 'Trading liabilities' in the balance sheet. Changes in fair value (clean price) resulting from financial instruments held for trading are reported in the income statement in the line 'Net trading result'. Nonetheless, interest income and expenses are reported in the income statement in the line 'Net interest income'.

If securities purchased under agreement to resell are subsequently sold to third parties, the obligation to return the securities is recorded as a short sale within 'Trading liabilities'.

(vi) Financial assets or financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets or financial liabilities classified in this category are those that have been designated by management on initial recognition (fair value option).

Erste Group uses the fair value option in case of financial assets managed on a fair value basis. In accordance with a documented investment strategy, the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and regularly reported to the management board. The portfolio consists largely of investments in bonds issued by EU governments and EU municipalities. These have very low interest risk, as most are floating rate bonds linked to EURIBOR.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value in the line 'Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss' with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement in the line 'Result from financial instruments – at fair value through profit or loss'. Interest earned on debt instruments as well as dividend income on equity instruments is shown in the position 'Interest and similar income'.

Erste Group uses the fair value option in case of some hybrid financial liabilities, if:

such classification eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch between the financial liability otherwise measured at amortised cost and the related derivative measured at fair value; or

_ the entire hybrid contract is designated at fair value through profit or loss due to existence of an embedded derivative.

The amount of fair value change attributable to changes in own credit risk for financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss is calculated by the method described by IFRS 7. This amount is the difference between the present value of the liability and the observed market price of the liability at the end of the period. The rate used for discounting the liability is the sum of the observed (benchmark) interest rate at the end of the period and the instrument-specific component of the internal rate of return determined at the start of the period.

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are reported under the respective financial liabilities positions 'Customer deposits', 'Debt securities in issue' or 'Subordinated liabilities'. Changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Result from financial instruments – at fair value through profit or loss'. Interest incurred is reported in the line 'Interest and similar expenses'.

(vii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale assets include equity and debt securities as well as other interests in non-consolidated companies. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and reported in the 'Available-for-sale reserve' until the financial asset is disposed of or impaired. If available-for-sale assets are disposed of or impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss and reported under the line item 'Result from financial assets – available for sale'. In the balance sheet, available-for-sale financial assets are disclosed in the line item 'Financial assets – available for sale'.

If the fair value of investments in non-quoted equity instruments cannot be measured reliably, they are recorded at cost less impairment. This is the case when the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates calculated by valuation models is so significant that probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed. There is no market for such investments. Erste Group does not have any specific plan to dispose of such investments.

Interest and dividend income on available-for-sale financial assets are reported in the income statement in the line 'Interest and similar income'.

(viii) Held-to-maturity financial investments

If Erste Group has the intention and ability to hold these until maturity, non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are reported in the balance sheet as 'Financial assets - held to maturity'. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost including impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount, premium and/or transaction costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Interest earned on financial assets held to maturity is reported in the income statement in the line 'Interest and similar income'. Losses arising from impairment of such investments as well as occasional realised gains or losses from selling are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Result from financial assets - held to maturity'. Provisions for incurred but not reported losses are shown in the position 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'.

(ix) Loans and receivables

The balance sheet line items 'Loans and advances to credit institutions' and 'Loans and advances to customers' include assets meeting the definition of loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets (including debt securities) with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than:

- _ those that Erste Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term and those that Erste Group upon initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;
- those that Erste Group, upon initial recognition, designates as available for sale; or
- _ those for which Erste Group may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration

After initial measurement, loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost including impairment. Interest income earned is included in the line 'Interest and similar income' in the income statement. Allowance for impairment and incurred but not reported losses are reported in the balance sheet line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'. Losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'.

(x) Deposits and other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Except those which are held for trading, financial liabilities are reported in the balance sheet in the lines 'Deposits by banks', 'Customer deposits', 'Debt securities in issue' or 'Subordinated liabilities'. Interest expenses incurred are reported in the line 'Interest and similar expenses' in the income statement.

(xi) Relationships between balance sheet positions and categories of financial instruments:

Balance sheet positions	N	leasurement value		Financial instrument category
		At amortised		
	Fair value	cost	Other	
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with central banks		No	ominal Value	n/a
Loans and advances to credit institutions		Х		Loans and receivables
Loans and advances to customers		Х		Loans and receivables
Risk provisions for loans and advances		Х		Loans and receivables
				Financial assets – at fair value
Derivative financial instruments	х			through profit or loss
Hedging derivatives	Х			n/a
				Financial assets – at fair value
Trading assets	х			through profit or loss
Financial assets – at fair value through				Financial assets – at fair value
profit or loss	X			through profit or loss
Financial assets – available for sale	Х			Financial assets – available for sale
Financial assets – held to maturity		Х		Financial assets – held to maturity
LIABILITIES				
Deposits by banks		X		Financial liabilities
Deposits by bariks				Financial liabilities /
				Financial liabilities – at fair value
Customer deposits	х	х		through profit or loss
				Financial liabilities /
				Financial liabilities – at fair value
Debt securities in issue	Х	Х		through profit or loss
				Financial liabilities – at fair value
Derivative financial instruments	х			through profit or loss
Hedging derivatives	Х			n/a
				Financial liabilities – at fair value
Trading liabilities	х			through profit or loss
				Financial liabilities /
				Financial liabilities – at fair value
Subordinated liabilities	Х	Х		through profit or loss

For purposes of risk disclosures under IFRS 7, Erste Group splits balance sheet positions for financial instruments into classes, including to disaggregate these according to industries (see Note 37.5).

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- _ the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- as Erste Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset
- _ or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement;
- _ and either:
- _ has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the asset, or
- _ has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

Securities sold under agreement to repurchase at a specified future date are not derecognised from the balance sheet as Erste Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Such transactions are also known as 'repos' or 'sale and repurchase agreements'. The corresponding cash received is recognised in the balance sheet with a corresponding obligation to return it as a liability in the respective lines 'Deposits by banks' or 'Customer deposits' reflecting the transaction's economic substance as a loan to Erste Group. The difference between the sale and repurchase prices is treated as interest expense and recorded in the income statement in the line 'Interest and similar expenses' and is accrued over the life of the agreement. Financial assets transferred out by Erste Group under repurchase agreements remain on the Group's balance sheet and are measured according to the rules applicable to the respective balance sheet item.

Conversely, securities purchased under agreements to resell at a specified future date are not recognised in the balance sheet. Such transactions are also known as 'reverse repos'. The consideration paid is recorded in the balance sheet in the respective lines 'Loans and advances to credit institutions' or 'Loans and advances to customers', reflecting the transaction's economic substance as a loan by Erste Group. The difference between the purchase and resale prices is treated as interest income which is accrued over the life of the agreement and recorded in the income statement in the line 'Interest and similar income'.

Securities lending and borrowing

In securities lending transactions, the lender transfers ownership of securities to the borrower on the condition that the borrower will retransfer, at the end of the agreed loan term, ownership of instruments of the same type, quality and quantity and will pay a fee determined by the duration of the lending. The transfer of the securities to counterparties via securities lending does not result in derecognition unless the risks and rewards of ownership are also transferred. Securities borrowed are not recognised on the balance sheet, unless they are then sold to third parties. In this case the obligation to return the securities is recorded as a trading liability.

Determination of fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

The best indication of a financial instrument's fair value is provided by quoted market prices in an active market. Where quoted market prices in an active market are available, they are used to measure the financial instrument's value (level 1 of the fair value hierarchy). The measurement of fair value at Erste Group is based primarily on external sources of data (stock market prices or broker quotes in highly liquid market segments). Where no market prices are available, fair value is determined on the basis of valuation models that are based on observable market information (level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). In some cases, the fair value of financial instruments can be determined neither on the basis of market prices nor of valuation models that rely entirely on observable market data. In such cases, individual valuation parameters not observable in the market are estimated on the basis of reasonable assumptions (level 3 of the fair value hierarchy).

Erste Group employs only generally accepted, standard valuation models. Fair value is determined for non-option derivatives (e.g. interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, foreign exchange forwards and forward rate agreements) by discounting the respective cash flows. Plain vanilla OTC options (on shares, currencies and interest rates) are valued using option pricing models of the Black-Scholes class; complex interest rate derivatives are measured using Hull-White and/or Brace Gatorek Musiela (BGM) models. Erste Group uses only valuation models which have been tested internally and for which the valuation parameters (such as interest rates, exchange rates and volatility) have been determined independently.

Impairment of financial assets and credit risk losses of contingent liabilities

Erste Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower or a group of borrowers is experiencing significant financial difficulty, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments. For assessment at portfolio level, indications of impairment are observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Credit risk losses resulting from contingent liabilities are recognised if it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources to settle a credit risk bearing contingent liability which will result in a loss.

(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

Erste Group first assesses individually for significant loans and held-to-maturity securities whether objective evidence of impairment exists. If no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, Erste Group includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The calculation of the present value of the estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset also reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral.

In cases of loans and advances, any impairment is reported in the allowance account referred to as 'Risk provisions for loans and advances' in the balance sheet and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'. Risk provisions for loans and advances include specific risk provisions for loans and advances for which objective evidence of impairment exists. In addition, 'Risk provisions for loans and advances' include portfolio risk provisions for incurred but not reported losses. For held-to-maturity investments, impairment is recognised directly by reducing the asset account and in the income statement in the line 'Result from financial assets – held to maturity'. Incurred but not reported losses on held-to-maturity investments recognised at portfolio level are presented both in the balance sheet and in the income statement in the line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'.

Loans together with the associated allowance are removed from the balance sheet when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collaterals have been realised by Erste Group. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account in case of loans and advances. No allowance account is used in the case of impaired held-to-maturity investments, but the carrying amount is increased or decreased directly.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial investments

In cases of debt instruments classified as available for sale, Erste Group assesses individually whether there is objective evidence of impairment based on the same criteria as used for financial assets carried at amortised cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement.

On recognising impairment, any amount of losses retained in the other comprehensive income item 'Available for sale reserve' is reclassified to the income statement and shown as impairment loss in the line 'Result from financial assets – available for sale'. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases, the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement in the line 'Result from financial assets – available for sale'. Impairment losses and their reversals are recognised directly against the assets in the balance sheet.

In cases of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence also includes a 'significant' or 'prolonged' decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. For this purpose at Erste Group, 'significant' decline means a market price below 80% of the acquisition cost and 'prolonged' decline refers to a market price which is permanently below acquisition cost for a period of nine months up to the reporting date. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement, is removed from 'Available for sale reserve' in other comprehensive income and is reclassified and shown as impairment loss in the income statement in the line 'Result from financial assets - available for sale'. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the income statement; increases in the fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses and their reversals are recognised directly against the assets in the balance sheet.

(iii) Contingent liabilities

Provisions for credit losses of contingent liabilities (particularly financial guarantees as well as credit commitments) are included in the balance sheet line 'Provisions'. The related expense is reported in the income statement in the line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'.

Hedge accounting

Erste Group makes use of derivative instruments to manage exposures to interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. At inception of a hedge relationship, the bank formally documents the relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including the nature of the risk, the objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge and the method that will be used to assess the effectiveness of the hedging relationship. Also at the inception of the hedge relationship, a formal assessment is undertaken to ensure the hedging instrument is expected to be highly effective in offsetting the designated risk in the hedged item. A hedge is expected to be highly effective if the changes in fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk during the period for which the hedge is designated are expected to offset the fair value changes of the hedging instrument in a range of 80% to 125%. Exact conditions for particular types of hedges applied by Erste Group are specified internally.

(i) Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are employed to reduce market risk. For qualifying and designated fair value hedges, the change in the fair value of a hedging instrument is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net trading result'. The change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is also recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net trading result'.

If the hedging instrument expires, is sold, is terminated or is exercised, or when the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship is terminated. In this case, the fair value adjustment of the hedged item shall be amortised to the income statement in the line 'Net interest income' until maturity of the financial instrument.

(ii) Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges are used to eliminate uncertainty in the future cash flows in order to stabilise net interest income. For designated and qualifying cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income and reported under the 'Cash flow hedge reserve'. The ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net trading result'. When the hedged cash flow affects the income statement, the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is reclassified from other comprehensive income into the corresponding income or expense line in the income statement (mainly 'Net interest income').

When a hedging instrument expires, is sold, is terminated, is exercised, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship is terminated. In this case, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in other comprehensive income shall remain separately in 'Cash flow hedge reserve' until the transaction occurs.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Leasing

A lease is an agreement whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee in return for a payment or series of payments the right to use an asset for an agreed period of time. A finance lease at Erste Group is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Remaining lease agreements at Erste Group are classified as operating leases.

Erste Group as a lessor

The lessor in the case of a finance lease reports a receivable against the lessee in the line 'Loans and advances to customers' or 'Loans and advances to credit institutions'. The receivable is equal to the present value of the contractually agreed payments taking into account any residual value. Interest income on the receivable is reported in the income statement in the line 'Net interest income'.

In the case of operating leases, the leased asset is reported by the lessor in 'property and equipment' or in 'investment property' and is depreciated in accordance with the principles applicable to the assets involved. Lease income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term in the income statement in the line 'Net interest income'.

Lease agreements in which Erste Group is the lessor almost exclusively are comprised of finance leases.

Erste Group as a lessee

As a lessee, Erste Group has not entered into any leases meeting the conditions of finance leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as expense in the income statement in the line 'General administrative expenses' on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Business combinations and goodwill

(i) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Goodwill represents the future economic benefits resulting from the business combination, arising from assets that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests and the fair value of the previously held equity interest over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired as well as the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment of all components described above, the calculation results in a negative amount, it is recognised as a bargain purchase gain and reported in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result' in the year of acquisition.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests in the acquiree are measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another IFRS. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in the income statement line 'Other operating result'. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are generally recognised at their fair values.

(ii) Goodwill and goodwill impairment testing

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established as of the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually in November, or whenever there is an indication of possible impairment during the year, with any impairment determined recognised in profit or loss. The impairment test is carried out for each cash-generating unit (CGU) to which goodwill has been allocated. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Goodwill is tested for impairment by comparing the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated with its carrying amount. The carrying amount of a cash-generating unit is based on the amount of net asset value allocated to a cash-generating unit taking into account any goodwill and unamortised intangible assets recognised for the cash-generating unit at the time of business combination. The recoverable amount is the higher of a CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Where available, the fair value less costs to sell is determined based on recent transactions, market quotations or appraisals. The value in use is determined using a discounted cash flow model (DCF model), which incorporates the specifics of the banking business and its regulatory environment. In determining value in use, the present value of future earnings distributable to shareholders is calculated.

The estimation of future earnings distributable to shareholders is based on financial plans for the CGUs as agreed by the subsidiaries' management taking into account the fulfilment of the respective regulatory capital requirements. The planning period is five years. Any forecasted earnings beyond the planning period are derived on the basis of the last year of the planning period and a long-term growth rate, which is based on macroeconomic parameters for each CGU. The present value of such forecasted earnings is reflected in the terminal value.

The 2011 goodwill impairment test is based on the current macroeconomic situation, updated macroeconomic projections for each country, as well as updated five-year budgets for each subsidiary or group of subsidiaries (subgroup).

In September 2011, Erste Group identified indications of impairment of goodwill, especially in Hungary and in Romania. In Hungary, given the adoption of legislation allowing early repayment of FX loans at a fixed FX rate as well as worsening of the macroeconomic outlook, substantial losses have been incurred. Consequently, the entire goodwill related to the Hungarian subsidiary was written off in September 2011. In Romania, lower banking sector profitability, compounded by a worsening macroeconomic outlook, led to a goodwill impairment charge in the amount of EUR 693 million.

Additionally, Erste Group performed the regular annual goodwill impairment review of all its subsidiaries. A worsening macroeconomic outlook together with higher capital adequacy requirements (and higher target capital ratios) led to impairment of goodwill in some Austrian subsidiaries.

As part of the annual goodwill impairment review, the calculation of the value in use of the CGU related to the subsidiary in Romania was updated in November 2011. On the basis of this update, no additional impairment of goodwill has been recognised.

Expected cash flow forms the basis for calculating the terminal value, which represents the ability of the CGUs to generate future cash flows beyond that year. Terminal value is calculated as a perpetual income estimated on the basis of economically sustainable cash flow. The value in use is determined by discounting the cash flows at a rate that takes into account present market rates and the specific risks of the asset. Taking into consideration the different risk levels of respective geographical locations, the Group used different risk premiums specific to the individual subsidiaries (groups of subsidiaries).

The calculation of the value in use for impairment testing purposes was conducted using a discounted cash flow (DCF) model. The cash flows were determined by subtracting the annual capital requirement generated by change in the amount of risk-weighted assets from the net profit. The capital requirement was defined through the target tier 1 ratio in light of the expected future minimum regulatory capital requirements.

The DCF model used by the Group is based on two periods:

- _ from 2012 to 2016 (i.e. the five-year budget);
- _ beyond 2016, the terminal value was calculated using a nominal growth rate of 1% to 4.5%. For the CEE countries the terminal value growth was estimated on the basis of the expectation for convergence of the economic level to the euro area and while taking into account the projection for the banking sector of a respective CEE country to reach the ma-

tured level. For Austria, a nominal growth rate of 1% was used

Long-term growth rates applied to estimate future earnings beyond the five-year planning period are as follows:

		Growth rates
in %	2011	2010
Austria	1.0	2.0-3.3
CEE	1.5–4.5	2.0-4.3
Other	-	2.0

The discount rates applied to calculate the present values have been determined based on the capital asset pricing model (CAPM). According to the CAPM, the discount rate comprises a risk-free interest rate together with a market risk premium that itself is multiplied by a factor that represents the systematic market risk (beta factor). Furthermore, a country-risk premium component is considered in calculating the discount rate. The values used to establish the discount rates are determined using external sources of information.

Discount rates applied to determine the value in use of the CGUs in 2011 and 2010 are as follow:

	•	Discount rates
in %	2011	2010
Austria	8.7–10.2	8.1–9.0
CEE	12.8–17.7	10.6–12.0
Other	-	11.6–15.0

Where the recoverable amount of a CGU is less than its carrying amount, the difference is recognised as an impairment loss in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result'. The impairment loss is allocated first to write down the CGU's goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss reduces the carrying amount of the CGU's other assets, though not to an amount lower than their fair value less costs to sell. There is no need to recognise an impairment loss if the recoverable amount of the CGU is higher than or equal to its carrying amount. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

(iii) Sensitivities

The value in use of a CGU is most sensitive to changes in the estimated future earnings distributable to shareholders, the discount rate, the long-term growth rate as well as the targeted level of the capital adequacy.

As the goodwill related to the Hungarian subsidiary was fully impaired in 2011, no sensitivity analysis is meaningful. For the goodwill related to subsidiaries in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Croatia, hidden reserves (excess of calculated value in use over the carrying amount) are so significant that no reasonable

change in key parameters would cause the value in use to equal the carrying amount.

The following change in key parameters applied to determine the value in use of the subsidiary in Romania (Banca Comercială Română) would cause the value in use to equal the carrying amount (based on the updated calculation of the value in use from November 2011):

	Increase in discount rate	Increase in target capital adequacy	Decrease in terminal growth rate	Decrease in annual profit
Change in	•		0.3	
key	17 basis		percent-	
parameters	points	0.5%	age point	1.2%

It should be taken into account that changing the parameters might have compensatory impacts on overall change in the value in use

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Borrowing costs for qualifying assets are capitalised into the costs of property and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is recognised in the income statement in the line 'General administrative expenses' and impairment in the line 'Other operating result'.

The estimated useful lives are as follow:

	Useful life in years
Buildings	15–50
Office furniture and equipment	4–10
Passenger cars	4–8
Computer hardware	4–6

Land is not depreciated.

Property and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result' in the year the asset is derecognised.

Investment properties

Investment property is property (land and buildings) held for the purpose of earning rental income or for capital appreciation. In case of partial own use, the property is investment property only if the owner-occupied portion is insignificant. Investment proper-

ties are measured at cost less accumulated straight-line depreciation based on useful life and less accumulated impairment. Such depreciation is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net interest income'. Any impairment losses are recognised in the income statement line 'Other operating result'. If the reasons which led to the impairment cease to apply, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to no more than the asset's carrying amount reflecting depreciation as if no impairment loss had been recognised over the past years.

The useful lives of investment properties are identical to those of buildings as reported under property and equipment.

Intangible assets

In addition to goodwill, Erste Group's other intangible assets include computer software and customer relationships, brand, distribution network and other intangible assets. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the bank.

Costs of internally generated software are capitalised if Erste Group can demonstrate technical feasibility and intention of completing the software, ability to use it, how it will generate probable economic benefits, availability of resources and ability to measure the expenditures reliably. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as of the date of acquisition. In the case of Erste Group, these are brands, customer relationships and distribution networks and they are capitalised on acquisition if they can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives using the straight-line method. The amortisation period and method are reviewed at least at each financial year-end and adjusted if necessary. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the income statement in the line 'General Administrative expenses' except for amortisation of customer relationships which is reported in the line 'Other operating result'.

The estimated useful lives are as follow:

	Useful life in years
Computersoftware	4–6
Customer relationships	10–20
Distribution network	5.5

Brands are not amortised as they are assumed to have an indefinite useful life. An intangible asset has an indefinite useful life if there are no legal, contractual, regulatory or other factors limiting that useful life. Brands are annually tested for impairment within cash-generating units to which they belong and impairment is recognised if necessary. Furthermore, each period brands are reviewed as to whether current circumstances continue to support the conclusion about indefinite life. In the event of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result'.

Impairment of non-financial assets (property and equipment, investment property, intangible assets)

The bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the bank estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In measuring value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For non-financial assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the bank estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount or exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

Impairments and their reversals are recognised in the income statement in the line 'Other operating result'.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if they can be sold in their present condition and the sale is highly probable within 12 months of their being classified as held for sale. Assets classified as held for sale are reported under the balance sheet line 'Assets held for sale'. Non-current assets that are classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Financial guarantees

In the ordinary course of business, Erste Group gives financial guarantees, consisting of various types of letters of credit and guarantees. According to IAS 39, a financial guarantee is a con-

tract that requires the guarantor to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with original or modified terms of a debt instrument. If Erste Group is in a position of being a guarantee holder, the financial guarantee is not recorded in the balance sheet but is taken into consideration as collateral when determining impairment of the guaranteed asset.

Erste Group as a guarantor recognises financial guarantees as soon as it becomes a contracting party, i.e., when the guarantee offer is accepted. Financial guarantees are initially measured at fair value. Generally the initial measurement is the premium received for a guarantee. If no premium is received at contract inception the fair value of a financial guarantee for which the premium is not received at contract inception is nil, as this is the amount at which the guarantee could be settled in an arm's length transaction with an unrelated party. Subsequent to initial recognition the financial guarantee contract is reviewed for the possibility that provisioning will be required under IAS 37.

The premium received is recognised in the income statement in the line 'Net fee and commission income' on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

Defined employee benefit plans

Defined employee benefit plans operated by Erste Group are for pensions, severance and jubilee benefits.

The defined benefit pension plans relate only to retired employees. The pension obligations for current employees were transferred to external pension funds in previous years. Remaining with Erste Group is a defined benefit obligation for entitlements of former employees who were already retired as of 31 December 1998 before the pension reform took effect, as well as for those former employees who retired only in 1999 but remained entitled to a direct pension from Erste Group under individual agreements. Included also are entitlements to resulting survivor pensions.

Severance benefit obligations exist in relation to Austrian employees who entered the Group's employment before 1 January 2003. The severance benefit is a one-time remuneration to which employees are entitled when their employment relationship ends. The entitlement to this severance payment arises after three years of employment.

Defined benefit plans include also jubilee benefits. Jubilee payments (long-service/loyal-service payments) are remuneration tied to the length of an employee's service to the employer. The entitlement to jubilee benefits is established by collective agreement, which defines both the conditions and amount of the entitlement.

Obligations resulting from defined employee benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Future obligations are determined based on actuarial expert opinions. The calculation takes into account not only those salaries, pensions and vested rights to future pension payments known as of the balance sheet date but also anticipated future rates of increase in salaries and pensions.

As of 31 December 2011, for all domestic subsidiaries, the most important actuarial assumptions used in the computation were adjusted to reflect the situation at year-end 2011. Thus, the actuarial calculation of pension, severance and jubilee benefit obligations is based on a discount rate (long-term capital market interest rate) of 4.65% per annum (previously: 4.25%). The statutory increase in pension benefits is assumed to be 2.4% per year (previously: 2.0%) and severance and jubilee benefits are calculated based on an expected annual increase of 3.4% per year in salaries (previously: 3.0%). Obligations were calculated in accordance with the Pagler & Pagler mortality tables entitled 'AVÖ 2008 P -Rechnungsgrundlagen für die Pensionsversicherung'. The expected retirement age for each employee was individually calculated on the basis of the changes set out in the Budget Implementation Act of 2003 (Austrian Federal Law Gazette Vol. I No. 71/2003) regarding the increase in the minimum retirement age. The currently applicable legislation on the gradual raising of the retirement age for men and women to 65 was taken into consideration. For Central European subsidiaries, depending upon the particular countries, the mandatory retirement ages are used, as are the discount rates, which range from 3.4% (previously: 3.1%) to 7.5% (previously: 6.7%).

The liability recognised from a defined benefit plan represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets available for the direct settlement of obligations. For all plans, the present value of the obligation exceeds the fair value of the plan assets. The resulting defined benefit liability is reported in the balance sheet in the line 'Other provisions'. At Erste Group, the plan assets consist of qualifying insurance policies purchased to back severance and jubilee benefit provisions.

Actuarial gains or losses of pension and severance benefit obligations and of plan assets available to settle these obligations are recognised in other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur. Actuarial gains or losses of provisions for jubilee benefits are recognised in the income statement in the line 'General administrative expenses' in the period during which they occur.

Based on actually realised returns of portfolios and forecasts on the development of investments included in these portfolios, as of 31 December 2011 an interest rate of 4.00% (2010: 4.25%) was assumed for the expected return on plan assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. In the balance sheet, provisions are reported in the line 'Other provisions'. They include credit risk loss provisions for contingent liabilities (particularly financial guarantees) as well as provisions for litigations and restructuring. Expenses or income from allocation or release relating to credit risk loss provisions for contingent liabilities are presented in the income statement line 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'. All other expenses or income related to provisions are reported in the line 'Other operating result'.

Share-based payment transactions

As compensation for their services, Erste Group grants shares and share options to employees and managers under the employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) and the management share option (MSOP) plan. Both take the form of equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value as of the date upon which they are granted. Under ESOP, Erste Group shares are offered to employees at a discounted price; therefore, the fair value results from the discount at which employees purchase Erste Group shares. Any expense incurred from this fair value is immediately recognised in personnel expenses in the income statement in the line 'General administrative expenses'. Under MSOP, Erste Group share options are granted to managers and other key personnel. For MSOP initial fair value of the options granted is determined by means of generally accepted option pricing models (Black and Scholes, binomial model). Expense from this fair value together with corresponding increase in equity is spread over the vesting periods (the period between the granting date and the first permitted exercise date). Expense is recognised in the income statement as personnel expense in the line 'General administrative expenses'.

Taxes

(i) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured as the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amounts are those enacted by the balance sheet date.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as of the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred taxes are not recognised on temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted as of the balance sheet date. For the subsidiaries, local tax environments apply.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive income is also recognised in other comprehensive income and not in the income statement.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right to offset exists and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

Treasury shares and contracts on treasury shares

Equity instruments of Erste Group which it or any of its subsidiaries acquire into treasury are deducted from equity. Consideration paid or received on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of Erste Group's own equity instruments is recognised directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of its own equity instruments.

Fiduciary assets

The Group provides trust and other fiduciary services that result in the holding or investing of assets on behalf of its clients. Assets held in a fiduciary capacity are not reported in the financial statements, as they are not the assets of the Group.

Dividends on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity when they are approved by Erste Group's shareholders.

Regarding dividends on participation capital, see Note 30).

Recognition of income and expenses

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. Regarding the lines reported in the income statement, their description and revenue recognition criteria are as follow:

(i) Net interest income

Interest income or expense is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The calculation includes origination fees resulting from the lending business as well as transaction costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the EIR (apart from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss) but no future credit losses. Interest income from individually impaired loans is calculated by applying the original effective interest rate used to discount the estimated cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

Interest and similar income mainly includes interest income on loans and advances to credit institutions and customers, on balances with central banks and on bonds and other interest-bearing securities in all portfolios. Interest and similar expenses mainly include interest paid on deposits by banks and customer deposits, deposits of central banks, debt securities in issue and subordinated debt. In addition, net interest income includes interest on derivative financial instruments held in the banking book.

Also reported in interest and similar income is current income from shares and other equity-related securities (especially dividends) as well as income from other investments in companies categorised as available for sale. Such dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

Net interest income also includes rental income and corresponding depreciation charge from investment properties. Such rental income constitutes income from operating leases and is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Income from associates recorded by applying the equity method (share of profit or loss in associates) is also included in the total of net interest income. Impairment losses, reversal of impairment losses, and realised gains and losses on investments in associates accounted for at equity are reported in the line 'Other operating result'.

(ii) Risk provisions for loans and advances

This item includes allocations to and releases of specific and portfolio risk provisions for loans and advances and for contingent liabilities bearing credit risk. Also reported in this item are direct write-offs of loans and advances as well as recoveries on written-off loans removed from the balance sheet.

(iii) Net fee and commission income

The bank earns fee and commission income from a diverse range of services it provides to its customers.

Fees earned for the provision of services over a period of time are accrued over that period. These fees include lending fees, guarantee fees, commission income from asset management, custody and other management and advisory fees as well as fees from insurance brokerage, building society brokerage and foreign exchange transactions.

Fee income earned from providing transaction services, such as arranging the acquisition of shares or other securities or the purchase or sale of businesses, is recognised on completion of the underlying transaction.

(iv) Net trading result

Results arising from trading activities include all gains and losses from changes in fair value (clean price) on financial assets and financial liabilities classified as held for trading, including all derivatives not designated as hedges. In addition, for derivative financial instruments held in the trading book, 'Net trading result' contains also interest income or expense. However, interest income or expenses on non-derivative trading assets and liabilities and on derivatives held in the banking book are not part of 'Net trading result' as they are reported as 'Net interest income'. It also includes any ineffective portions recorded in hedging transactions as well as foreign exchange gains and losses.

(v) General administrative expenses

General administrative expenses represent the following expenses accrued in the reporting period: personnel and other administrative expenses, as well as depreciation and amortisation, apart from amortisation of customer relationships and impairment of goodwill that are reported under 'Other operating result'.

Personnel expenses include wages and salaries, bonuses, statutory and voluntary social security contributions, staff-related taxes and levies. They also include expenses and income for severance payments, pension and jubilee obligations (covering service cost, interest cost, expected return on plan assets and actuarial gains and losses for jubilee obligations).

Other administrative expenses include information technology expenses, expenses for office space, office operating expenses, advertising and marketing, expenditures for legal and other consultants as well as sundry other administrative expenses.

(vi) Other operating result

Other operating result reflects all other income and expenses not directly attributable to Erste Group's ordinary activities. This includes especially impairment losses or any reversal of impairment losses as well as results on the sale of property and equipment and other intangible assets. Also included here are amortisation and impairment of customer relationships and any impairment losses on goodwill. In addition, other operating result encompasses the following: expenses for other taxes, including special banking taxes and for deposit insurance contributions; income from the release of and expenses for allocations to other provisions; impairment losses (and their reversal if any) on investments in associates accounted for at equity; and realised gains and losses from the disposal of equity-accounted investments.

(vii) Result from financial instruments

Result from financial instruments consists of the following lines in the income statement:

- Result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss: Changes in clean price of assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are reported here. Furthermore this position contains changes in clean prices of derivatives which are related to financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. Designation of such liabilities at fair value was chosen to remove or reduce an accounting mismatch between the liability and the derivative.
- Result from financial assets available for sale: Realised gains and losses from selling as well as impairment losses and reversals of impairment losses from financial assets available for sale are reported in this position. However interest and dividend element on these assets and reversals of impairment losses on equity instruments are not part of this position.
- Result from financial assets held to maturity: Impairment losses and reversals of impairment losses as well as occasional selling gains and losses from financial assets held to maturity are reported in this position. However, this position does not include losses incurred but not reported which are recognised for financial assets held to maturity on portfolio level, which rather are part of the position 'Risk provisions for loans and advances'.

Significant accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates

The consolidated financial statements contain amounts that have been determined on the basis of judgements and by use of estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions used are based on historical experience and other factors, such as planning as well as expectations and forecasts of future events that are currently deemed to be reasonable. As a consequence of the uncertainty associated with these assumptions and estimates, actual results could in future periods lead to adjustments in the carrying amounts of the related assets or liabilities. The most significant use of judgements, assumptions and estimates are as follow:

Going concern

Erste Group's management has made an assessment of Erste Group's ability to continue as a going concern and has concluded that Erste Group has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. The management is aware of no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon Erste Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on a going concern basis.

Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded on the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where

possible, but where observable market data is not available judgement is required to establish fair values. Disclosures for valuation models, fair value hierarchy and fair values of financial instruments can be found in Note 39) Fair value of financial instruments.

Impairment of financial assets

Erste Group reviews its financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss at each balance sheet date to assess whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement. In particular, it is required to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of a loss event occurring after initial recognition and to estimate the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining an impairment loss.

Disclosures concerning impairment are provided in Note 37) Risk Management in the part 'Credit risk – Non-performing credit risk exposure, risk provisions and collateral'. Development of loan loss provisions is described in Note 15) Risk provisions for loans and advances.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Erste Group reviews its non-financial assets at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment loss which should be recorded in the income statement. This is especially relevant for cash-generating units containing goodwill which have to be tested for impairment annually. Judgement and estimates are required to determine the value in use by estimating the timing and amount of future expected cash flows and the discount rates. Assumptions and estimates used for impairment on non-financial assets calculations are described in the parts 'Business combinations and goodwill' and 'Impairment of non-financial assets (property and equipment, investment property, intangible assets)' in the Accounting Policies discussion of the Notes.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised in respect of tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies. Disclosures concerning deferred taxes are in Note 20) Tax assets and liabilities.

Defined benefit obligation plans

The cost of the defined benefit pension plan is determined using an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Assumption and estimates used for the defined benefit obligation calculations can be found in 'Defined benefit plans' within the Accounting Policies discussion under the Notes. Quan-

titative data for long-term employee provisions are in Note 27) Other provisions.

Leases

From Erste Group's perspective as a lessor, judgement is required to distinguish whether a given lease is a finance or operating lease based on the transfer of substantially all the risk and rewards from the lessor to the lessee.

c) APPLICATION OF AMENDED AND NEW IFRS/IAS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those used in the previous financial year except for standards and interpretations which became effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

Effective standards and interpretations

The following amended standards and interpretations have been mandatory since 2011:

- _ IAS 24: (revised 2009) Related Party Disclosures
- _ Amendments to IAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues
- _ Amendments to IFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters
- _ Improvements to IFRSs (issued in 2010)
- _ IFRIC 19: Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments
- _ Amendments to IFRIC 14: IAS 19 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction

Application of these amended standards and interpretations had no material effect on the recognition and measurement methods of Erste Group. However, amendments to IFRS 7 brought by the Improvements to IFRS (issued in 2010) have resulted in omission of disclosures for the carrying amount of financial assets that would be past due or impaired but whose terms have been renegotiated.

Standards and interpretations not yet effective

The following standards and interpretations were issued by IASB but are not yet effective. Except for *Amendments to IFRS 7 – Disclosures–Transfers of Financial Assets* they have not yet been endorsed by the EU and therefore are not applicable for Erste Group. Although the IFRS 7 amendments (*Disclosures–Transfers of Financial Assets*) have been endorsed by the EU, Erste Group decided not to apply them before they become effective.

Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

Amendments to IAS 1 were issued in June 2011 and become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

The main requirement is to present, by using subtotals, whether the items of other comprehensive income (OCI) are reclassifiable to profit or loss or not. Moreover, if OCI items are presented before tax then the tax related to each of the two categories has to be presented separately.

Application of these amendments will have an impact on presentation of the statement of comprehensive income due to changes in the presentation of OCI items and their tax effects.

Amendments to IAS 12 – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets

Amendments to IAS 12 were issued in December 2010 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

These amendments provide clarification for deferred taxes arising from investment property measured using the fair value model in IAS 40. For such property there is a rebuttable presumption that the carrying amount of the property will be recovered entirely through sale rather than through use.

Application of these amendments is not expected to have any impact on Erste Group's financial statements since the fair value model is not applied to investment property.

IAS 19 (revised 2011) Employee Benefits

The revised IAS 19 was issued in June 2011 and becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

The revision brought changes mainly in accounting for defined benefit plans. Net interest is recognised in profit or loss by multiplying the net defined liability by the discount rate. As the corridor method is no longer allowed, actuarial gains and losses are treated as remeasurements and are recognised fully in other comprehensive income. Clarifications were made for the area of plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Disclosure requirements were revised. New definition and recognition criteria were introduced for the termination benefits.

Application of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements. However, it will result in some new disclosures in the Notes.

IAS 27 (revised 2011) Separate Financial Statements
Revised IAS 27 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

After revision, only the part relevant for individual financial statements was kept in IAS 27. This is due to the fact that IFRS 10 becomes a new standard relevant for consolidated financial statements. This resulted in a change of the name of IAS 27.

The revised IAS 27 is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

IAS 28 (revised 2011) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Revised IAS 28 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

Joint ventures are added into the scope of the revised IAS 28, which also results in a change in the name of the standard. This is due to the fact that under IFRS 11 the equity method is the only way of including joint ventures into the consolidated financial statements.

IAS 28 revised is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 32 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Amendments to IAS 32 were issued in December 2011 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

The amendments clarify the meaning of the terms 'currently' and 'settlement on net basis'.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-Time Adopters

Amendments to IFRS 1 were issued in December 2010 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011.

Application of these amendments does not have any impact on Erste Group's financial statements as Erste Group is not a first-time adopter of IFRSs.

Amendments to IFRS 7 – Disclosures–Transfers of Financial

Amendments to IFRS 7 were issued in October 2010 and are effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2011.

The aim of the new disclosures is to understand relationships between transferred financial assets which are not derecognised in their entirety and the associated liabilities as well as to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's continuing involvement in derecognised financial assets.

The amendments will result in new disclosures mainly related to repo and security lending transactions.

Amendments to IFRS 7 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Amendments to IFRS 7 were issued in December 2011 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

Disclosures required by the amendments have to be provided for financial assets and liabilities that are set off in accordance with IAS 32. Furthermore, potential effects of netting and similar agreements which do not result in offsetting under IAS 32 are disclosed.

The amendments will result in new disclosures about the effects of master netting agreements and cash collateral agreements which do not result in offsetting under IAS 32.

IFRS 9: Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 relevant for classification and measurement of financial assets was issued in November 2009 and supplemented by regulation for financial liabilities in October 2010. An amendment issued in December 2011 concerns the mandatory effective date, which was postponed. As a result, IFRS 9 becomes effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

IFRS 9 introduces two classification criteria for financial assets: 1) an entity's business model for managing the financial assets, and 2) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. As a result, a financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if the following conditions both are met: a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. All financial assets which do not fulfil these conditions are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Based on changes in the business model an entity shall reclassify all affected assets from fair value to amortised cost category or vice versa.

IFRS 9 eliminates the concept of embedded derivatives for financial assets. Application of the classification criteria results in the fact that all structured financial instruments have to be fair valued (except for narrowly defined cases, such as for interest rate caps or floors, prepayments, puts, calls, renewal options).

Generally, all equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. For those which are not held for trading an entity may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure them at fair value with changes recognised in other comprehensive income. Gains and losses once recognised in other comprehensive income, with the exception of dividends, are never recycled into profit or loss even when the equity instruments are sold.

Investments in tranches resulting from securitisation (referred to as contractually linked instruments) are subject to a 'look-through' approach to determine if they are measured at fair value or amortised cost. This means that risk and cash flow characteristics of the underlying pool of instruments and the tranches are assessed according to the defined criteria. If the look-through approach is not possible, tranches must be fair valued.

IFRS 9 requires that an entity which applies the fair value option for its financial liabilities recognises the fair value changes resulting from its own credit risk in other comprehensive income rather than in the income statement. Recycling from other comprehensive income into profit or loss is not allowed.

Entities need not restate prior periods in the first year of IFRS 9 application. Instead, comprehensive disclosures on transition from IAS 39 to IFRS 9 will be required.

This standard will have a significant effect on balance sheet positions and measurement methods for financial instruments. As IFRS 9 has not yet been published in its final version, its impact cannot be quantified.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 10 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. It replaces IAS 27, 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' and interpretation SIC-12, 'Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities'.

IFRS 10 defines the principle of control for all entities, including those that were previously considered special purpose entities under SIC-12. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed or has rights to variable returns from the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The assessment of control is based on all facts and circumstances, and the conclusion is reassessed if there are changes in those facts and circumstances.

Furthermore, IFRS 10 addresses other issues such as control with less than majority voting rights, control solely through rights other than voting rights, and delegated decision rights. Parts dealing with consolidation procedures, non-controlling interests and loss of control were taken over into IFRS 10 from IAS 27.

Erste Group is currently evaluating its control of its subsidiaries in light of the new definition of control in IFRS 10.

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

IFRS 11 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. It supersedes IAS 31, 'Interests in Joint Ventures' and SIC-13, 'Jointly-controlled Entities – Nonmonetary Contributions by Venturers'.

The core principle of IFRS 11 is that a party to a joint arrangement determines the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations and accounts for those rights and obligations in accordance with that type of joint arrangement. IFRS 11 classifies joint arrangements as either joint ventures or joint operations. IFRS 11 requires use of the equity method of accounting for joint ventures by eliminating the option

to use the proportionate consolidation method. A joint operator recognises its assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses separately in relation to its interest in the arrangement.

As the Erste Group did not apply the proportionate consolidation method allowed in IAS 31, application of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

The objective of IFRS 12 is to require disclosure of information enabling users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, an investor's interests in other entities as well as the effects of those interests on the investor's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. Disclosures are provided separately for subsidiaries, joint operations, joint ventures, associates, and unconsolidated structured entities. IFRS 12 is a comprehensive disclosures standard. Therefore, there are no specific disclosure requirements in IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IAS 28.

Application of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements. However, it will result in new disclosures.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13 was issued in May 2011 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

It establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurement and application under IFRS. It applies for fair value measurements which are already required or permitted by other standards. Therefore, IFRS 13 does not increase the scope of assets and liabilities measured at fair value. IFRS 13 also introduces more comprehensive disclosure requirements on fair value measurement (e.g. extending the fair value hierarchy to financial instruments measured at amortised cost).

Application of IFRS 13 will result in enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements.

IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface

IFRIC 20 was issued in October 2011 and becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

Application of this Interpretation is not expected to have any impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

D. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND THE BALANCE SHEET OF ERSTE GROUP

1) Net interest income

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Interest income		
Lending and money market transactions with credit institutions	1,077.4	1,090.9
Lending and money market transactions with customers	6,426.5	6,333.6
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	1,331.9	1,139.3
Other interest and similar income	10.3	10.8
Current income		
Equity-related securities	77.8	93.6
Investments		
Non-consolidated subsidiaries	11.2	8.2
Other investments	19.2	18.4
Investment properties	74.0	78.2
Interest and similar income	9,028.3	8,773.0
Interest income from financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	322.3	48.6
Total interest and similar income	9,350.6	8,821.6
Interest expenses		
Deposits by banks	(654.6)	(532.6)
Customer deposits	(1,831.8)	(1,661.7)
Debt securities in issue	(1,032.2)	(890.1)
Subordinated liabilities	(239.5)	(304.4)
Other	(8.9)	(10.1)
Interest and similar expenses	(3,767.0)	(3,398.9)
Interest expenses from financial liabilities – at fair value through profit or loss	(22.6)	(4.5)
Total interest and similar expenses	(3,789.6)	(3,403.4)
Income from equity method investments	8.0	21.0
Total	5,569.0	5,439.2

Rental income from investment properties which are classified in accordance with IAS 40 totalled EUR 88.7 million (2010: EUR 85.8 million).

For financial assets or liabilities that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, the total interest income amounted to EUR 7,570.9 million (2010: EUR 7,383.4 million) and the total interest expense to EUR (3,551.6) million (2010: EUR (3,257.4)

million). Net interest income for these positions is therefore EUR 4,019.3 million (2010: EUR 4,126.0 million).

In 2011, the interest income from securities which are accounted for as trading assets is presented in 'Net interest income' (in 'Interest income from financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss') and no longer in 'Net trading result'.

2) Risk provisions for loans and advances

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Allocation to risk provisions for loans and advances	(3,111.8)	(2,887.9)
Release of risk provisions for loans and advances	1,016.5	933.3
Direct write-offs of loans and advances	(223.6)	(93.8)
Recoveries on written-off loans and advances	52.0	27.4
Total	(2,266.9)	(2,021.0)

3) Net fee and commission income

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Lending business	279.9	243.8
Payment transfers	863.3	847.3
Card business	205.6	182.1
Securities business	373.4	421.7
Investment fund transactions	205.6	215.8
Custodial fees	36.5	43.0
Brokerage	131.3	162.9
Insurance brokerage	105.0	112.0
Building society brokerage	33.7	40.1
Foreign exchange transactions	24.8	26.1
Investment banking business	13.1	25.9
Other	94.0	125.6
Total	1,787.2	1,842.5

4) Net trading result

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Securities and derivatives trading	(33.4)	103.9
Foreign exchange transactions	155.7	218.0
Total	122.3	321.9

5) General administrative expenses

in EUR million	2011	2010
Personnel expenses	(2,323.7)	(2,263.8)
Other administrative expenses	(1,152.4)	(1,165.9)
Depreciation and amortisation	(374.8)	(387.1)
Total	(3,850.9)	(3,816.8)

Personnel expenses

in EUR million	2011	2010
Wages and salaries	(1,768.5)	(1,684.6)
Compulsory social security contributions	(445.5)	(456.2)
Long-term employee provisions	(62.9)	(73.0)
Other personnel expenses	(46.8)	(50.0)
Total	(2,323.7)	(2,263.8)

Personnel expenses include expenses of EUR 57.4 million (2010: EUR 55.8 million) for defined contribution plans of which EUR 0.9 million (2010: EUR 0.9 million) relates to members of the management board.

Average number of employees during the financial year (weighted according to the level of employment)

	2011	2010
Employed by Erste Group	50,167	50,386
Domestic	16,051	16,010
Haftungsverbund savings banks	7,465	7,624
Abroad	34,116	34,376
Banca Comercială Română Group	9,299	9,077
Česká spořitelna Group	10,556	10,744
Slovenská sporiteľňa Group	4,097	4,084
Erste Bank Hungary Group	2,949	3,100
Erste Bank Croatia Group	2,536	2,289
Erste Bank Serbia	931	943
Erste Bank Ukraine	1,716	1,719
Other subsidiaries and foreign		
branch offices	2,032	2,420

Other administrative expenses

in EUR million	2011	2010
IT expenses	(265.9)	(282.0)
Expenses for office space	(295.4)	(281.9)
Office operating expenses	(144.4)	(210.9)
Advertising/marketing	(193.7)	(182.7)
Legal and consulting costs	(115.4)	(86.6)
Sundry administrative expenses	(137.6)	(121.8)
Total	(1,152.4)	(1,165.9)

For 2011, telephone costs are no longer shown as office operating expenses but among the IT expenses.

Operating expenses (including repair and maintenance) for 'Investment properties' held for rental income totalled EUR 5.1 million (2010: EUR 4.5 million).

Depreciation and amortisation

in EUR million	2011	2010
Software and other intangible assets	(139.3)	(158.4)
Real estate used by the Group	(88.8)	(86.4)
Office furniture and equipment and		
sundry property and equipment	(146.7)	(142.3)
Total	(374.8)	(387.1)

Amortisation of customer relationships is included not in the item depreciation and amortisation but in other operating result.

6) Other operating result

in EUR million	2011	2010
Other operating income	195.1	157.4
Other operating expenses	(1,785.0)	(596.7)
Total	(1,589.9)	(439.3)
Result from real estates/movables/properties/software	(84.3)	(77.9)
Allocation/release of other provisions/risks	(35.2)	(17.2)
Expenses for deposit insurance contributions	(87.2)	(66.2)
Amortisation of customer relationships	(69.0)	(69.5)
Other taxes	(163.5)	(71.9)
Impairment of goodwill	(1,064.6)	(51.9)
Result from other operating expenses/income	(86.1)	(84.7)
Total	(1,589.9)	(439.3)

Operating expenses (including repair and maintenance) for 'Investment properties' not held for rental income totalled EUR 8.9 million (2010: EUR 9.8 million).

The amount of impairment on assets held for sale recognised in the result from real estates/moveables/properties/software is EUR (14.7) million (2010: EUR (17.1) million).

7) Result from financial instruments – at fair value through profit or loss

in EUR million	2011	2010
Gain / (loss) from measurement / sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	0.3	(6.0)

8) Result from financial assets - available for sale

in EUR million	2011	2010
Gain / (loss) from sale of financial		
assets available for sale	64.1	67.6
Impairment / reversal of impairment of		
financial assets available for sale	(130.3)	(58.4)
Total	(66.2)	9.2

During the reporting period, the amount removed from 'Other comprehensive income' to 'Result from Financial assets – available for sale' was EUR 33.9 million (2010: EUR 34.4 million).

The carrying amount of investments in equity instruments measured at cost which were sold during the period was EUR 4.4 million (2010: 0.1 million). The resulting gain on sale was EUR 17.3 million (2.7 million).

9) Result from financial assets - held to maturity

in EUR million	2011	2010
Income		
Income from sale of financial		
assets held to maturity	8.7	6.6
Reversal of impairment loss of		
financial assets held to maturity	1.3	0.0
Expenses		
Loss from sale of financial assets		
held to maturity	(27.8)	0.0
Impairment of financial assets held		
to maturity	(9.3)	(12.1)
Total	(27.1)	(5.5)

10) Taxes on income

Taxes on income are made up of current taxes on income calculated in each of the group companies based on the results reported for tax purposes, corrections to taxes on income for previous years, and the change in deferred taxes.

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Current tax expense / income	(308.5)	(318.3)
current period	(302.2)	(320.0)
prior period	(6.3)	1.7
Deferred tax expense / income	68.1	37.4
current period	77.9	8.6
prior period	(9.8)	28.8
Total	(240.4)	(280.9)

The following table reconciles the income taxes reported in the income statement to the pre-tax profit/loss multiplied by the nominal Austrian tax rate.

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Pre-tax profit/loss	(322.2)	1,324.2
Income tax expense for the financial year at the domestic statutory tax rate		
(25%)	80.6	(331.0)
Impact of different foreign tax rates	(83.9)	29.5
Impact of tax-exempt earnings of investments and other tax-exempt		
income	168.5	130.6
Tax increases due to non-deductible		
expenses	(389.5)	(140.5)
Tax income not attributable to the		
reporting period	(16.1)	30.5
Total	(240.4)	(280.9)

Since the loss is mainly resulting from impairment of goodwill in some countries and Erste Group expects taxable profits in future, tax assets have been recognised.

Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income:

		2011			2010	
in EUR million	Before-tax amount	Tax benefit	Net-of-tax amount	Before-tax amount	Tax benefit	Net-of-tax amount
Available for sale reserve (including						
currency translation)	(64.6)	14.5	(50.1)	127.6	(33.4)	94.2
Cash flow hedge reserve (including						
currency translation)	30.6	(6.4)	24.2	(76.5)	14.8	(61.7)
Actuarial gains and losses	(42.7)	15.0	(27.7)	34.8	(7.6)	27.2
Currency translation	(232.9)	0.0	(232.9)	78.2	0.0	78.2
Other comprehensive income	(309.6)	23.1	(286.5)	164.1	(26.2)	137.9

11) Appropriation of profit

It will be proposed to the Annual General Meeting of Erste Group Bank AG that shareholders will be paid no dividend (2010: dividend of EUR 0.70 per share). Shareholders of participation capital will be paid a dividend of 8% on nominal value, which is EUR 141,099,520.00 in total. In 2011, a dividend of EUR 0.70 per share was paid for the financial year 2010, which is EUR

264,723,704.70 in total. (In 2010, a dividend of EUR 0.65 per share was paid for the financial year 2009, which is EUR 245,651,305.90 in total.) The total profit of Erste Group Bank AG distributable under Austrian accounting regulations is EUR 141.1 million (2010: EUR 405.8 million).

12) Cash and balances with central banks

in EUR million	2011	2010
Cash in hand	2,164	2,142
Balances with central banks	7,249	3,697
Total	9,413	5,839

A portion of 'Balances with central banks' represent mandatory reserve deposits that are not available for use in the day-to-day operations of Erste Group.

13) Loans and advances to credit institutions

in EUR million	2011	2010
Loans and advances to domestic credit institutions	726	1,356
Loans and advances to foreign credit institutions	6,852	11,140
Total	7,578	12,496

14) Loans and advances to customers

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Loans and advances to domestic customers		
Public sector	3,027	2,996
	,	
Commercial customers	37,541	35,970
Private customers	25,148	24,443
Unlisted securities	256	250
Other	268	201
Total loans and advances to		
domestic customers	66,240	63,860
Loans and advances to foreign customers		
Public sector	3,487	3,100
Commercial customers	34,313	34,548
Private customers	29,728	29,534
Unlisted securities	689	971
Other	293	321
Total loans and advances to		
foreign customers	68,510	68,474
Total	134,750	132,334

15) Risk provisions for loans and advances

Development in risk provisions 2011

		Acquisi- tion/dis- posal of subsid-	Currency	Allo-			Interest income from impaired	Reclassi-	
in EUR million	2010	iaries	translation	cations	Use	Releases	loans	fication	2011
Specific loan loss provisions	5,315	16	(75)	2,653	(920)	(712)	(178)	14	6,113
Loans and advances to credit									
institutions	67	0	0	12	(4)	(11)	0	0	64
Loans and advances to									
customers	5,248	16	(75)	2,641	(916)	(701)	(178)	14	6,049
Portfolio loan loss provisions	804	0	(12)	335	0	(221)	0	8	914
Loans and advances to credit institutions	18	0	0	2	0	(11)	0	0	9
Loans and advances to	10	- 0	0			(11)		- 0	
customers	785	0	(12)	320	0	(210)	0	8	891
Financial assets – held to									
maturity	1	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	14
Risk provisions for loans and									
advances ¹⁾	6,119	16	(87)	2,988	(920)	(933)	(178)	22	7,027
Other risk provisions ²⁾	116	3	(2)	35	(2)	(10)	0	(10)	130
Provisions for contingent credit risk									
liabilities	186	0	(1)	89	(4)	(74)	0	(10)	186
Total	6,421	19	(90)	3,112	(926)	(1,017)	(178)	2	7,343

¹⁾ Risk provisions for loans and advances are recognised in the balance sheet as a deduction from assets.

²⁾ Other risk provisions mainly include provisions for legal proceedings in the course of the lending business.

Development in risk provisions 2010

in EUR million	2009	Acquisi- tion/dis- posal of subsidi- aries	Currency translation	Allo- cations	Use	Releases	Interest income from impaired loans	Reclassifi-	2010
Specific loan loss provisions	3,777	(3)	27	2,405	(806)	(593)	(113)	621	5,315
Loans and advances to credit institutions	69	0	0	11	(5)	(8)	0	0	67
Loans and advances to customers	3,708	(3)	27	2,394	(801)	(585)	(113)	621	5,248
Portfolio loan loss provisions	1,177	0	30	357	0	(249)	0	(511)	804
Loans and advances to credit institutions	4	0	1	2	0	(9)	0	20	18
Loans and advances to customers	1,172	0	29	355	0	(240)	0	(531)	785
Financial assets – held to maturity	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Risk provisions for loans and advances ¹⁾	4,954	(3)	57	2,762	(806)	(842)	(113)	110	6,119
Other risk provisions ²⁾	112	0	4	13	(5)	(9)	0	1	116
Provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities	266	0	(1)	113	(11)		0	(99)	186
Total	5,332	(3)	60	2,888	(822)	(933)	(113)	12	6,421

Impairment loss for financial instruments

in EUR million	2011	2010	Position in Statement of Comprehensive Income
Loans and advances to credit institutions	19.1	17.7	Risk provisions for loans and advances (Note 2)
Loans and advances to customers	3,180.2	2,837.8	Risk provisions for loans and advances (Note 2)
			Result from financial assets – available for sale
Financial assets – available for sale	136.1	63.9	(Note 8)
			Result from financial assets - held to maturity (Note 9),
Financial assets – held to maturity	21.9	12.5	Risk provisions for loans and advances (Note 2)
Contingent credit risk liabilities	123.6	126.3	Risk provisions for loans and advances (Note 2)

Risk provisions for loans and advances are recognised in the balance sheet as a deduction from assets.
 Other risk provisions mainly include provisions for legal proceedings in the course of the lending business.
 Due to the group-wide implementation of Erste Group Risk Management Standards in retail businesses, portfolio loan loss provisions have been reclassified to specific loan loss provisions.

16) Derivative financial instruments

	•	2011			2010 restated		
	Notional amount	Fair va	lue	Notional amount	Fair value		
in EUR million	_	Positive	Negative		Positive	Negative	
Derivatives held for trading		•	·				
Interest rate swaps	206,081	5,533	5,571	204,496	3,951	4,079	
Currency swaps	41,008	878	616	31,601	817	829	
Credit default swaps	986	29	20	3,373	50	30	
Interest forward rate agreement	31,903	30	29	106,122	24	23	
Currency forward rate agreement	2,992	70	30	1,748	41	35	
Interest rate futures	9	0	0	643	0	0	
Currency futures	47	0	0	15	0	0	
Interest rate options	76,668	1,343	1,371	101,274	1,035	1,006	
Currency options	2,901	57	44	8,620	69	59	
Other agreements	854	8	9	2,371	32	33	
Total derivatives held for trading	363,449	7,948	7,690	460,263	6,019	6,094	
Derivatives held in banking book							
Fair value hedges							
Interest rate contracts	15,484	1,648	499	18,153	1,516	627	
Currency contracts	583	29	76	314	54	156	
Other agreements	20	3	1	2	0	0	
Total fair value hedges	16,087	1,680	576	18,469	1,570	783	
Cash flow hedges							
Interest rate contracts	4,633	97	19	6,378	134	97	
Currency contracts	1,291	36	4	500	1	0	
Other agreements	2	0	0	0	0	0	
Total cash flow hedges	5,926	133	23	6,878	135	97	
Other derivatives							
Interest rate contracts	31,173	884	642	32,071	606	605	
Currency contracts	10,436	170	314	11,593	86	350	
Credit default swaps – purchased	377	56	1	90	0	1	
Credit default swaps – issued	384	0	28	6,717	34	403	
Credit default swaps (held within							
International Business Division)	57	0	21	6,602	34	403	
Other agreements	1,352	60	63	194	58	65	
Total other derivatives	43,722	1,170	1,048	50,665	784	1,425	
Total derivatives in banking book	65,735	2,983	1,647	76,012	2,489	2,305	
Total derivatives	429,184	10,931	9,337	536,275	8,508	8,399	

17) Securities

	•					_	-					
	advan custom cre	s and ices to iers and edit utions	Trading	g assets	throug	value h profit oss		able for ale		ld to turity	To	otal
in EUR million	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	1.705	2,077	5,461	4,945	1,502	2,029	17,654	14,736	16,074	14,235	42,396	38,022
Listed	0	0	4,253	4,316	1,375	1,942	16,457	12,942	15,150	13,630	37,235	32,830
Unlisted	1,705	2,077	1,208	629	127	87	1,197	1,794	924	605	5,161	5,192
Equity-related securities	0	0	406	580	311	406	2,109	2,513	0	0	2,826	3,499
Listed	0	0	119	182	311	406	474	529	0	0	904	1,117
Unlisted	0	0	287	398	0	0	1,635	1,984	0	0	1,922	2,382
Equity holdings	0	0	0	0	0	0	482	502	0	0	482	502
Total	1,705	2,077	5,867	5,525	1,813	2,435	20,245	17,751	16,074	14,235	45,704	42,023

Investment funds are disclosed within equity-related securities. Held-to-maturity financial assets include bonds and other interest-bearing securities that are quoted in active markets and are intended to be held to maturity.

The carrying amount of investments in equity instruments measured at cost is EUR 431 million (2010: EUR 436 million).

Securities lending and repurchase transactions are disclosed in Note 36).

18) Equity method investments

in EUR million	2011	2010
Credit institutions	94	106
Non-credit institutions	79	117
Total	173	223

The table below shows the aggregated financial information of companies accounted for at equity:

in EUR million	2011	2010
Total assets	2,533	5,142
Total liabilities	2,159	4,099
Income	366	567
Profit/loss	43	60

As of 31 December 2011, the fair value of listed companies accounted for at equity was EUR 0 million (2010: EUR 33 million).

19) Movements in fixed assets schedule

19.1) Property, equipment and other assets

A) AT COST

·		Property and	equipment		Other assets			
in EUR million	Land and buildings (used by the Group)	Office and plant equipment / other fixed assets	IT assets (hardware)	Property and equipment	Investment properties	Movable other property	Investment properties and movable other property	
Balance as of								
1 Jan 2010	2,766	1,293	535	4,594	1,549	29	1,578	
Additions in current year (+	108	120	176	405	42	3	45	
Disposals (-)	(50)	(175)	(86)	(311)	(30)	(10)	(40)	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (+)	0	1	131	132	27	0	27	
Disposal of subsidiaries (-)	0	0	0	0	(20)	0	(20)	
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Currency translation (+/-)	41	10	8	59	29	0	29	
Balance as of 31 Dec 2010	2,865	1,250	765	4,879	1,597	22	1,619	
Additions in current year (+	92	81	44	218	75	35	110	
Disposals (-)	(72)	(81)	(94)	(248)	(38)	(15)	(54)	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (+)	5	4	4	14	0	0	0	
Disposal of subsidiaries (-)	(6)	(6)	(1)	(13)	(6)	0	(6)	
Reclassifications (+/-)	1	(35)	14	(20)	6	20	26	
Assets held for sale (+/-)	64	0	0	64	0	0	0	
Currency translation (+/-)	(33)	(12)	(11)	(57)	(14)	0	(14)	
Balance as of 31 Dec 2011	2,917	1,200	720	4,837	1,620	62	1,682	

B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

		Property and	equipment	(Other assets		
in EUR million	Land and buildings (used by the Group)	Office and plant equipment / other fixed assets	IT assets (hardware)	Property and equipment	Investment properties	Movable other property	Investment properties and movable other property
Balance as of							
1 Jan 2010	(897)	(905)	(448)	(2,250)	(368)	(14)	(382)
Amortisation and depreciation (-)	(86)	(67)	(75)	(228)	(34)	(4)	(38)
Disposals (+)	46	101	(67)	79	(8)	6	(1)
Acquisition of			(01)		(-)		(' /
subsidiaries (-)	0	0	0	0	(1)	0	(1)
Disposal of subsidiaries (+)	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Impairment (-)	(3)	(1)	0	(4)	(20)	0	(20)
Reversal of impairment (+)	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Currency translation (+/-)	(15)	(8)	(8)	(30)	(5)	0	(5)
Balance as of							
31 Dec 2010	(955)	(880)	(598)	(2,434)	(434)	(12)	(446)
Amortisation and depreciation (-)	(89)	(70)	(76)	(235)	(34)	(9)	(43)
Disposals (+)	47	69	91	207	11	5	16
Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(7)	(4)	0	(4)
Disposal of subsidiaries (+)	2	3	1	6	0	0	0
Impairment (-)	(9)	(2)	0	(12)	(23)	0	(23)
Reversal of impairment (+)	0	0	0	0	5	1	7
Reclassifications (+/-)	6	4	0	10	(4)	(4)	(8)
Assets held for sale (+/-)	(26)	0	0	(26)	Ô	Ó	0
Currency translation (+/-)	7	0	8	15	1	0	1
Balance as of							
31 Dec 2011	(1,019)	(879)	(578)	(2,476)	(481)	(18)	(499)

C) CARRYING AMOUNTS

		Property and equipment				Other assets			
in EUR million	Land and buildings (used by the Group)	Office and plant equipment / other fixed assets	IT assets (hardware)	Property and equipment	Investment properties	Movable other property	Investment properties and movable other property		
Balance as of									
31 Dec 2010	1,910	369	166	2,446	1,163	10	1,173		
Balance as of									
31 Dec 2011	1,897	322	142	2,361	1,139	44	1,183		

The amount recorded for investment properties under operating leases includes a carrying amount of EUR 157 million (2010: EUR 102 million).

In the reporting period, borrowing costs of EUR 6.0 million (2010: EUR 4.7 million) were capitalised. The related interest rates ranged from 1.0% to 3.7%. (2010: 1.9% to 8.0%).

Impairment losses recognised in 2011 and 2010 for investment property come from real estate funds managed by Česká spořitelna, a.s.

19.2) Intangible assets

A) AT COST

			li I	ntangible asset	ts		
in EUR million	OIIIII	Customer relation-	Bernd	Software	Self- constructed software within the	Others (licenses,	Total
Balance as of 1 Jan 2010	Goodwill	ships 777	Brand	acquired	Group 239	patents, etc.)	Total
	4,012		305	1,067		494	6,893
Additions in current year (+)	0	0	0	117	15	40	172
Disposals (-)	0	0	0	(67)	(1)	(28)	(96)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (+)	3	8	0	32	0	0	44
Disposal of subsidiaries (-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Currency translation (+/-)	(12)	(3)	(2)	11	0	15	8
Balance as of 31 Dec 2010	4,003	782	303	1,160	253	520	7,021
Additions in current year (+)	0	0	0	178	15	14	207
Disposals (-)	0	0	0	(102)	(16)	(2)	(120)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (+)	0	0	0	6	0	1	8
Disposal of subsidiaries (-)	(2)	0	0	(1)	0	0	(3)
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	36	0	(29)	7
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Currency translation (+/-)	(21)	(6)	(4)	(20)	0	(9)	(59)
Balance as of 31 Dec 2011	3,981	776	299	1,258	251	495	7,060

B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

			In	tangible asset	s		
in EUR million	Goodwill	Customer relation- ships	Brand	Software acquired	Self- constructed software within the Group	Others (licenses, patents, etc.)	Total
Balance as of 1 Jan 2010	(692)	(206)	0	(684)	(200)	(244)	(2,027)
Amortisation and depreciation (-)	0	(70)	0	(108)	(24)	(27)	(228)
Disposals (+)	0	2	0	28	0	0	30
Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)	0	0	0	(30)	0	0	(30)
Disposal of subsidiaries (+)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment (-)	(52)	0	0	(18)	0	0	(69)
Reversal of impairment (+)	Ó	0	0	Ó	0	0	Ó
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Currency translation (+/-)	0	0	0	(9)	0	(13)	(22)
Balance as of 31 Dec 2010	(744)	(274)	0	(821)	(224)	(284)	(2,346)
Amortisation and depreciation (-)	0	(69)	0	(102)	(16)	(21)	(208)
Disposals (+)	0	0	0	88	19	2	109
Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)	0	0	0	(4)	0	(1)	(5)
Disposal of subsidiaries (+)	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Impairment (-)	(1,065)	0	0	0	0	(1)	(1,066)
Reversal of impairment (+)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Assets held for sale (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Currency translation (+/-)	0	0	0	0	0	(14)	(14)
Balance as of 31 Dec 2011	(1,809)	(343)	0	(838)	(221)	(317)	(3,528)

In comparison with the prior period, EUR 314 million of accumulated amortisation was eliminated with a corresponding decrease in gross amount of goodwill. This amount represents accumulated

amortisation of goodwill accounted for before 1 January 2003. Consequently, the carrying amount of goodwill did not change.

C) CARRYING AMOUNTS

		Intangible assets							
in EUR million	Goodwill	Customer relation- ships	Brand	Software acquired	Self- constructed software within the Group	Others (licenses, patents, etc.)	Total		
Balance as of 31 Dec 2010	3,259	508	303	340	29	236	4,675		
Balance as of 31 Dec 2011	2,172	433	299	420	30	178	3,532		

As of 31 December 2011, customer relationships included the customer relationships of Banca Comercială Română at EUR 315.2 million (2010: EUR 375.3 million), the customer relationship and distribution network of Erste Card Club d.d. Croatia at EUR 17.4 million (2010: EUR 24.5 million), as well as the customer relationships of Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H at EUR 72.8 million (2009: EUR 77.2 million). The remaining amortisation period of customer relationships in Banca Comercială Română is 5.7 years, in Erste Card Club d.d. Croatia 2.6 years and in Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H 16.8 years.

The item 'Brand' as of 31 December 2011 consisted of the brand of Banca Comercială Română, at EUR 298.7 million (2010: EUR 303.0 million).

Impairment losses recognised in 2010 for other intangible assets, shown in the movements in the fixed assets schedule, relate to the core banking systems in Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s. and Erste Bank Ukraine.

Development in goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, as well as gross amounts and accumulated impairment losses of goodwill, for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 are shown below by country of subsidiary:

		Czech					Other	
in EUR million	Romania	Republic	Slovakia	Hungary	Croatia	Austria	countries	Total
Balance as of 1 Jan 2010	1,828	544	226	313	117	269	23	3,320
Acquisitions	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment losses	0	0	0	0	0	(29)	(23)	(52)
Exchange rate changes	(11)	0	0	0	(1)	0	0	(12)
Balance as of 31 Dec 2010	1,819	544	226	313	116	240	1	3,259
Gross amount of goodwill	2,299	544	226	313	116	363	142	4,003
Cumulative impairment	(480)	0	0	0	0	(123)	(141)	(744)
Balance as of 1 Jan 2011	1,819	544	226	313	116	240	1	3,259
Acquisitions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1)	(1)
Impairment losses	(699)	0	0	(313)	0	(53)	0	(1,065)
Exchange rate changes	(19)	0	0	0	(2)	0	0	(21)
Balance as of 31 Dec 2011	1,101	544	226	0	114	187	0	2,172
Gross amount of goodwill	2,280	544	226	313	114	363	141	3,981
Cumulative impairment	(1,179)	0	0	(313)	0	(176)	(141)	(1,809)

The gross amount of goodwill is the amount at the time of acquisition, less accumulated amortisation before 2004, including exchange rate changes.

In the development of goodwill, all companies are grouped by the country of subsidiary. Goodwill as of 31 December 2011 comprised predominantly goodwill of EUR 1,097.6 million (2010: EUR 1,809.8 million) from Banca Comercială Română S.A, goodwill of EUR 543.1 million (2010: EUR 543.1 million) from Česká spořitelna a.s., and goodwill of EUR 226.3 million (2010: EUR 226.3 million) from Slovenská sporitel'ňa a.s.

Impairment losses recognised for goodwill in 2011 come from Banca Comercială Română S.A. (EUR 692.8 million). Goodwill from Erste Bank Hungary Nyrt. (balance as of 31 Dec 2010: EUR 312.7 million), Erste Asset Management GmbH (balance as of 31 Dec 2010: EUR 36.3 million), as well as BCR Leasing IFN S.A. and Tiroler Sparkasse AG was fully impaired in 2011.

Goodwill from Kärtner Sparkasse AG (EUR 26.2 million), Investbanka a.d. Skopje, Macedonia (EUR 14.6 million), as well as Sparkasse Waldviertel AG and ABS Banka d.d., Bosnia-Herzegovina was fully impaired in 2010.

All these impairments were allocated based on value in use of the assets.

20) Tax assets and liabilities

in EUR million	Tax assets 2011	Tax assets 2010 restated	Tax liabilities 2011	Tax liabilities 2010
Temporary differences relate to the following items:				
Loans and advances to credit institutions and customers	53	110	(33)	(140)
Risk provisions for loans and advances	146	110	(114)	(83)
Financial assets – available for sale	227	114	(38)	(36)
Property and equipment	32	18	(6)	84
Deposits by banks and customer deposits	(20)	4	0	(34)
Long-term employee provisions	114	79	1	32
Sundry provisions	32	21	(2)	10
Carry forward of tax losses	174	66	15	46
Customer relationships and brand	0	0	(119)	(131)
Other	(56)	95	(49)	(76)
Total deferred taxes	702	617	(345)	(328)
Current taxes	116	116	(34)	(68)
Total taxes	818	733	(379)	(396)

In compliance with IAS 12.39, no deferred tax liabilities were recognised for temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries in the amount of EUR 337 million (31 December 2010: EUR 356 million), as they are not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

No deferred taxes were recognised for tax losses carried forward of EUR 1,694 million (31 December 2010: EUR 888 million), as they will not be realised in the foreseeable future.

21) Assets held for sale

in EUR million	2011	2010
Assets held for sale	87	52

Assets held for sale include mainly cars and buildings.

22) Other assets

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Accrued interest and commissions	125	1,370
Deferred income	224	213
Investment properties	1,139	1,163
Sundry assets	1,894	1,880
Total	3,382	4,626

Sundry assets consist mainly of clearing items from the settlement of securities and payment transactions.

In 2011, accrued interest is presented together with the respective underlying financial asset and is no longer presented in other assets.

The fair value of investment properties totalled EUR 1,212 million (2010: EUR 1,184 million).

The determination of fair values in Austria is widely conducted by internal experts, while in the CEE countries it is on the basis of external expert opinions. The determined market values are then cross-checked with observed market values.

The carrying amount of expenditure recognised in the line 'Fixed assets and investment properties during their construction' is EUR 334.9 million (2010: EUR 339.7 million). The contractual commitments for purchase of fixed assets and investment properties amounts to EUR 199.7 million (2010: EUR 206.2 million).

23) Deposits by banks

in EUR million	2011	2010
Deposits by banks – domestic credit institutions	7,865	5,680
Deposits by banks – foreign credit		
institutions	15,920	14,474
Total	23,785	20,154

24) Customer deposits

in EUR million	Domestic 2011	Domestic 2010	Abroad 2011	Abroad 2010	Total 2011	Total 2010
Savings deposits	41,508	41,347	13,229	12,974	54,737	54,321
Other deposits						
Public sector	908	987	2,814	3,293	3,722	4,280
Commercial customers	12,450	11,118	12,893	13,072	25,343	24,190
Private customers	5,505	5,263	28,888	28,382	34,393	33,645
Sundry	318	279	367	301	685	580
Total other	19,181	17,647	44,962	45,048	64,143	62,695
Total	60,689	58,994	58,191	58,022	118,880	117,016

Customer deposits include a total of EUR 553 million (2010: EUR 368 million) of liabilities to which the fair value option was applied. As of 31 December 2011, the total amount repayable on these liabilities at maturity was EUR 549 million (2010: EUR 363 million). The difference between the fair value of the customer deposits to which the fair value option was applied and the amount repayable at maturity totalled EUR 4 million (2010: EUR 5 million).

25) Debt securities in issue

20, 2000 0000 11100 11100		
in EUR million	2011	2010
Bonds	18,656	19,754
Certificates of deposit	1,420	3,761
Other certificates of deposits/		
name certificates	2,033	1,761
Mortgage and municipal bonds	11,652	9,090
Other	18	62
Own issues repurchased	(2,997)	(3,130)
Total	30,782	31,298

In 1998, Erste Group Bank AG launched a debt issuance programme (DIP) amounting to EUR 30 billion. The DIP is a programme for issuing debt instruments in various currencies and with a wide array of available structures and maturities. In 2011, 71 new issues with total volume of about EUR 3.5 billion were issued under the DIP.

Furthermore, in July 2010, a programme to offer bonds to retail customers was begun. In 2011, 69 new issues with total volume of about EUR 1 billion were floated.

The Euro Commercial Paper and Certificates of Deposit Programme from August 2008 has an overall size of EUR 10 billion.

In all, 248 issues amounting to EUR 16.4 billion were placed in 2011. Issues totalling approximately EUR 17.8 billion were redeemed over the same period.

'Debt securities in issue' include EUR 781 million (2010: EUR 89 million) in liabilities to which the fair value option was applied. As of 31 December 2011, the total amount repayable on these liabilities at maturity was EUR 788 million (2010: EUR 119 million). The difference between the fair value of the debt securities for which the fair value option was applied and the amount repayable at maturity was EUR (7) million (2010: EUR (30) million). Fair value changes attributable to changes in own credit risk resulted in a reduction of the carrying amount of EUR 30.0 million for the reporting period 2011, and the cumulative gains resulting from fair value changes as of 31 December 2011 attributable to the changes in credit risk is EUR 30.0 million.

The profit from own issues repurchased is EUR 4.1 million (2010: EUR 5.6 million).

26) Trading liabilities

<u>, , </u>		
in EUR million	2011	2010
Debt instruments	64	64
Trading liabilities	472	152
Total	536	216

27) Provisions

in EUR million	2011	2010
Long-term employee provisions	1,101	1,109
Sundry provisions	479	436
Total	1,580	1,545

a) Long-term employee provisions

Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2007 991 395 62 1,448	in FUD william	Banatana	Severance	Jubilee	Total
obligations, 31 Dec 2007 991 395 62 1,448 Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2008 950 407 70 1,427 Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2009 887 409 72 1,368 Increase from acquisition of subsidiaries 0 5 0 5 Decrease from disposal of subsidiaries 0 0 0 0 0 Settlements 0 <td>in EUR million</td> <td>Pensions</td> <td>payments</td> <td>payments</td> <td>Total</td>	in EUR million	Pensions	payments	payments	Total
Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2008 950 407 70 1,427 1,368 1,569 1,56		004			4.440
obligations, 31 Dec 2008 950 407 70 1,427 Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2009 887 409 72 1,368 Increase from acquisition of subsidiaries 0 5 0 5 Decrease from disposal of subsidiaries 0 0 0 0 0 Settlements 0 0 0 0 0 0 Curtailments 0 0 0 0 0 0 Service cost 42 21 3 66 Payments (71) 344 (4) (109) Exchange rate difference 0 0 0 0 0 Actuarial gains/losses recognised in other (25) (12) 0 (37) (37) Actuarial gains/losses recognised in income 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 Diligations, 31 Dec 2010 833 405 73 1,311 0 1 2 202 <th< td=""><td></td><td>991</td><td>395</td><td>62</td><td>1,448</td></th<>		991	395	62	1,448
Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2009 887 409 72 1,368 Increase from acquisition of subsidiaries 0 5 0 5 Decrease from disposal of subsidiaries 0 0 0 0 0 0 Settlements 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>050</td><td>407</td><td>70</td><td>4 407</td></t<>		050	407	70	4 407
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Less fair value of plan assets 0 182 12 194		0	215	61	276
		0	182	12	194
	•	825	215	61	1,101

The movement in plan assets during the reporting period was as follows:

in EUR million	Severance payments	Jubilee payments	Total
Fair value of plan assets as of 31 Dec 2009	189	8	197
Expected return on plan assets	0	4	4
Contributions by the employer	10	1	11
Benefits paid	11	1	12
Actuarial gains/losses recognised in other comprehensive income	(18)	(2)	(20)
Actuarial gains/losses recognised in income	(2)	0	(2)
Settlements	0	0	0
Fair value of plan assets as of 31 Dec 2010	190	12	202
Expected return on plan assets	7	1	8
Contributions by the employer	12	1	13
Benefits paid	(18)	(1)	(19)
Actuarial gains/losses recognised in other comprehensive income	(9)	0	(9)
Actuarial gains/losses recognised in income	0	(1)	(1)
Settlements	0	0	0
Fair value of plan assets as of 31 Dec 2011	182	12	194

In 2012, the expected premiums for the severance and jubilee benefit obligations will amount to EUR 10.7 million (2011: EUR 11.2 million).

The following table presents the portfolio structure of the plan assets.

in EUR million	2011	2010
Debt instruments	129	183
Fixed-term deposits / cash	65	19
Total	194	202

In 2011 (2010), actual loss (gain) on plan assets amounted to EUR (1.8) million (2010: EUR 8.4 million).

b) Sundry provisions

Sundry provisions 2011

in EUR million	2010	Acquisition/ disposal of subsidiaries	Currency translation	Alloca- tions	Use	Releases	Reclassi- fication	2011
Provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities and other risk	•	•		•		•		
provisions	302	3	(3)	124	(6)	(84)	(20)	316
Other provisions ¹⁾	134	1	(5)	68	(20)	(15)	0	163
Total	436	4	(8)	192	(26)	(99)	(20)	479

¹⁾ Other provisions consist mainly of provisions for litigation. It is considered highly likely that use will be made of sundry other provisions next year.

Sundry provisions 2010

in EUR million	2009	Acquisition/ disposal of subsidiaries	Currency translation	Alloca- tions	Use	Releases	Reclassi- fication	2010
Provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities and other risk								
provisions	378	0	3	126	(16)	(91)	(98)	302
Other provisions ¹⁾	121	(1)	1	33	(11)	(9)	0	134
Total	499	(1)	4	159	(27)	(100)	(98)	436

¹⁾ Other provisions consist mainly of provisions for litigation. It is considered highly likely that use will be made of sundry other provisions next year

28) Other liabilities

in EUR million	2011	2010
Deferred income	343	366
Accrued interest and commissions	14	1,191
Sundry liabilities	3,407	2,793
Total	3,764	4,350

Sundry liabilities consist mainly of clearing items from the settlement of securities and payment transactions.

In 2011, accrued interest is presented together with the respective underlying financial liability and is no longer presented in other liabilities.

29) Subordinated liabilities

in EUR million	2011	2010
Subordinated issues and		
deposits	3,090	2,885
Supplementary capital	1,510	1,775
Hybrid issues	1,239	1,200
Own issues repurchased	(56)	(22)
Total	5,783	5,838

Subordinated liabilities include EUR 215 million (2010: EUR 0 million) in liabilities to which the fair value option was applied. As of 31 December 2011, the total amount repayable on these liabilities at maturity was EUR 223 million. The difference between the fair value of the subordinated liabilities for which the fair value option was applied and the amount repayable at maturity was EUR (8) million. Fair value changes attributable to changes in own credit risk resulted in a reduction of the carrying amount of EUR 17.7 million for the reporting period 2011, and the cumulative gains resulting from fair value changes as of 31 December 2011 attributable to the changes in credit risk is EUR 17.7 million.

30) Total equity

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Subscribed capital	2,539	2,513
Share capital	782	756
Participation capital	1,757	1,757
Additional paid-in capital	6,413	6,177
Retained earnings and other reserves	3,085	4,424
Owners of the parent	12,037	13,114
Non-controlling interests	3,143	3,444
Total ¹⁾	15,180	16,558

¹⁾ Details on equity are provided in Section III, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Total Equity.

As of 31 December 2011, subscribed capital (also known as called up and fully paid share capital – the capital paid in by

shareholders) consisted of 390,767,262 (2010: 378,176,721) voting bearer shares (ordinary shares). The par value of each ordinary share was EUR 2.00. Additional paid-in capital (or share premium) represents the amount by which the issue price of the shares exceeded their par value. Retained earnings and other reserves represent accumulated net profit brought forward, as well as income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income.

In April 2009, Erste Group Bank AG issued participation capital for subscription. Within the context of this offer, Erste Group Bank AG placed EUR 540 million of participation capital with private and institutional investors. In March 2009, the Republic of Austria subscribed to EUR 1.0 billion of participation capital and in May 2009, another EUR 224 million of participation certificates. In total, the participation capital issued in measures to strengthen the bank at that time amounts to EUR 1.76 billion. The participation capital securities are perpetual and non-transferable. The notional amount of each participation capital security is EUR 1,000.00. Erste Group is entitled to repay the participation capital securities only if the repayment amount would not be below 100% (or 150% after 1 January 2019) of the nominal amount.

Participation capital participates in losses of Erste Group in the same manner as does share capital, but the holders of participation capital have no voting rights. The participation capital securities confer no conversion right for ordinary shares of Erste Group. Dividend payments to holders of participation capital securities are made prior to distributions of dividends to shareholders of Erste Group. Erste Group shall not be obliged to make up for any dividends which were not paid as a result of losses.

The dividend on the participation capital is 8.0% per annum for the business years 2009 to 2013. For the business years starting from 2014, the dividend is stepped up as follows: 2014, 8.5% p.a.; 2015, 9.0% p.a.; 2016, 9.75%; and from 2017, 1% increase each year. However, the dividend must never exceed 12-month EURIBOR plus 10% per annum.

In the second half of 2011, Erste Group Bank AG negotiated with all five regional Romanian investment funds ("Societati de Investitii Financiare", in short 'SIF"), namely, SIF Banat-Crisana, SIF Moldova, SIF Muntenia, SIF Oltenia and SIF Transilvania on the acquisition of the shares in Banca Comercială Română (BCR) currently held by those funds. Acquisition of the shares will be carried out in several tranches. The last transaction is expected to take place in 2013, which will increase the interest of Erste Group in BCR to around 99.5%.

Prior to the first transaction, the SIFs held a total of 3,257,561,011 shares in BCR (30.0%). Out of those, up to 2,575,523,440 shares of BCR stock will be incorporated into Erste Group Bank AG by means of a capital increase from authorised capital with a conversion ratio of 1 to 127.9583 excluding the subscription rights of existing shareholders. The

remaining shares of BCR held by the SIFs will be acquired by Erste Group in an all-cash payment.

The issue price for the new shares of the tranches from the capital increase by contribution in kind executed during 2011 was fixed at EUR 20.79. In 2011, SIF Banat-Crisina, SIF Moldova, SIF Muntenia and SIF Transilvania contributed 1,573,999,761 shares of BCR into Erste Group Bank AG in kind and the share capital of the company was accordingly increased by EUR 24,601,756. A

total of 12,300,878 new Erste Group Bank AG shares were issued to the four SIFs.

Upon completion of all transactions in 2011, Erste Group owns in total 89.9% of BCR.

In addition, at year-end 2011 the SIFs held options that could lead to the issue of 3,801,386 shares of Erste Group Bank AG.

Changes in number of shares and participation capital securities

Shares in units	2011	2010
Shares outstanding as of 1 January	361,988,924	355,211,949
Acquisition of treasury shares	(20,634,660)	(16,827,866)
Disposal of treasury shares	17,498,999	23,353,206
Capital increases due to ESOP and MSOP	289,663	251,635
Capital increase November/December 2011	12,300,878	0
Shares outstanding as of 31 December	371,443,804	361,988,924
Treasury shares	19,323,458	16,187,797
Number of shares as of 31 December	390,767,262	378,176,721
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	377,670,141	374,695,868
Dilution due to MSOP/ESOP	2,085,372	2,053,995
Dilution due to options	3,801,386	
Weighted average number of shares taking into account the effect of dilution ¹⁾	377,670,141	376,749,863
Participation capital securities in units	2011	2010
Participation capital securities outstanding as of 1 January	1,763,478	1,763,353
Acquisition of own participation capital securities	(4,640)	(36,973)
Disposal of own participation capital securities	4,436	37,098
Participation capital securities outstanding as of 31 December	1,763,274	1,763,478
Participation capital securities	470	266
Number of participation capital securities as of 31 December	1,763,744	1,763,744

¹⁾ Options are anti-dilutive in 2011, and therefore no consideration is given to dilution in relation to them.

Employee share ownership plan and management share option plan

Under the **ESOP 2011**, between 2 and 13 May 2011, a total of 289,663 shares were subscribed for at a price of EUR 28.00. The resulting issue proceeds of EUR 8,110,564.00 plus EUR 172,547.49 (resulting from the difference between the issue price of EUR 28.00 and the quoted price of EUR 33.73 on the 26 May 2011 value date when 30,113 shares were subscribed for by employees of Erste Group Bank AG and subsequently charged to personnel expenses in the income statement) totalled EUR 8,283,111.49. Of this amount, EUR 579,326.00 was allocated to subscribed capital and EUR 7,703,785.49 to additional paid-in capital.

Personnel expenses include EUR 1.6 million (prior year: EUR 0.8 million) related to the ESOP and profit-sharing.

MSOP 2005: The MSOP comprises a maximum of 2,000,000 ordinary shares of Erste Group Bank AG, represented by 2,000,000 options. The distribution of vested options among members of the management board, managers and eligible other staff of Erste Group Bank AG is shown in the tables below.

Terms of MSOP 2005: Each of the options, which are granted free of charge, entitles the holder to receive one share; the transfer of options inter vivos is not permitted. The 2005 option grant dates were as follows: for the management board and other managers, 1 June 2005; for other key personnel, the grants occurred in three tranches, on 1 September 2005, 1 September 2006 and 31 August 2007. For all recipients the options were vested in three tranches, at which time they were credited to recipients' accounts: 1 September 2005, 1 September 2006 and 31 August 2007. The exercise price for all three tranches was set at the average market price of Erste Group Bank AG shares quoted in April 2005 plus a 10% premium, rounded down to the nearest half euro. The resulting exercise price was EUR 43.00 per share. The option term begins at the grant date and ends on the value date of the last exercise window of the fifth calendar year after the year in which the option vested. Every year, notices of intention to exercise may be submitted within 14 days from the publication date of the quarterly results for the first, second and third quarter of each financial year (three exercise windows per year). The holding period runs for one year from the value date of the share purchase. Up to 25% of the purchased shares may be sold during this holding period.

The MSOP 2005 options granted, vested and exercised had the following distribution among recipients:

	Outstanding / Exercisable 1 Jan 2011	Forfeited in 2011	Expired in 2011	Outstanding/ Exercisable 31 Dec 2011
Members of the management board	34,000	0	15,000	19,000
Other management	486,000	18,500	201,000	266,500
Other staff	461,321	4,200	207,851	249,270
Total options	981,321	22,700	423,851	534,770

The outstanding/exercisable amount as of 1 Jan 2011 changed by 4,000 options due to change in composition of the management board in comparison to 31 Dec 2010.

In 2011, no options were exercised (2010: none exercised).

Information on shares held and transactions in Erste Group Bank AG shares by members of the management board and supervisory board (in number of shares):

Members of the management

				
Managing board member	As of 31 Dec 2010	Addititions 2011	Disposals 2011	As of 31 Dec 2011
Andreas Treichl	184,640	0	0	184,640
Franz Hochstrasser	25,260	0	0	25,260
Herbert Juranek	656	0	0	656
Gernot Mittendorfer	2,100	0	0	2,100
Bernhard Spalt	6,376	0	0	6,376
Martin Škopek	1,560	200	0	1,760
Manfred Wimmer	18,132	0	0	18,132

The number of shares held by members of the management board as of 31 December 2010 changed by 2,710 options, mainly due to change in the composition of the board.

Members of the management board held the following amounts of Erste Group Bank AG participation capital as of the balance sheet date of 31 December 2011:

Managing board member	Notional amount
Andreas Treichl	30,000
Herbert Juranek	30,000
Bernhard Spalt	10,000
Manfred Wimmer	30,000

Supervisory board members held the following numbers of Erste Group Bank AG shares as of the balance sheet date of 31 December 2011:

Supervisory board member	Number
Georg Winckler	2,500
Jan Homan	4,400
Wilhelm Rasinger	15,135
Theresa Jordis	2,900
Friedrich Rödler	1,702
John James Stack	32,761
Werner Tessmar-Pfohl	1,268
Elisabeth Gürtler	700
Christian Havelka	1,851
Andreas Lachs	52
Friedrich Lackner	500
Bertram Mach	95
Barbara Smrcka	281
Karin Zeisel	35
Markus Haag	160

As of 31 December 2011, supervisory board members did not hold options in Erste Group Bank AG shares.

As far as can be determined, persons related to members of the management board or supervisory board held 4,136 shares of Erste Group Bank AG as of 31 December 2011.

Supervisory board members held the following amounts of participation capital as of the balance sheet date of 31 December 2011:

O	Notional
Supervisory board member	amount
Heinz Kessler	30,000
Georg Winckler	5,000
Wilhelm Rasinger	20,000
Friedrich Rödler	82,000
Elisabeth Gürtler	59,000

As of 31 December 2011 persons related to members of the management board or supervisory board held participation capital of Erste Group Bank AG in notional amount of EUR 91,000.

Remaining authorised and contingent capital and participation capital as of 31 December 2011

Clause 5 of the articles of association authorises the management board until 12 May 2015, subject to approval by the supervisory board, to increase – if necessary in several tranches – the subscribed capital of Erste Group Bank AG up to EUR 175,398,244.00 by issuing up to 87,699,122 shares as follows (type of share, issue price, terms of issue, and – if intended – exclusion of subscription rights are assigned by the management board with approval by the supervisory board): by issuing of shares by cash contributions without exclusion of subscription rights of existing shareholders; if, however, the capital increase is used for the issue of shares to employees, management or members of the Management Board of Erste Group Bank AG or a subsidiary while excluding the subscription rights of existing shareholders; by issuing of shares by contribution in kind while excluding the subscription rights of existing shareholders.

Under clause 6.3 of the articles of association, based on decisions of the management board taken from 2002 to 2010, there exists contingent capital of EUR 21,923,264.00 which may be utilised by issuing up to 10,961,632 bearer or registered shares at an issue price of at least EUR 2.00 (payable in cash) while excluding the subscription rights of existing shareholders. This contingent capital is used for granting options to other staff, other management and members of the management board of the entity or of one of its related undertakings.

Under clause 6.4 of the articles of association, the company has contingent capital of EUR 124,700,000.00 available, which may be utilised by issuing up to 62,350,000 bearer shares. This contingent capital can be used for granting conversion or subscription rights to holders of convertible bonds.

Under clause 7 of the articles of association, currently no authority for granting contingent capital is available.

31) Segment reporting

The segment reporting of Erste Group follows the presentation and measurement requirements of IFRS.

Segment structure

Following the structure of Erste Group, the segment reporting is divided into four primary segments based on class of business: Retail & SME, Group Corporate & Investment Banking, Group Markets and Corporate Center.

The geographical information regarding segments is based on the internal reporting structure. The Retail & SME segment is divided between Austria (Erste Bank Oesterreich and Saving Banks) and the CEE countries (Czech Republic, Romania, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia, Serbia and Ukraine). The other three segments are directed from the Group's perspective and thus are not split into additional geographical segments.

The basis for Erste Group's management of individual segments is the average attributed equity as well as the average risk-weighted assets (credit risk). For measuring and assessing the profitability of segments, return on equity as well as cost/income ratio is used.

The return on equity is calculated as net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent divided by the average attributed equity allocated to the segment.

The average attributed equity of each segment represents the economic capital of the segment, which is assigned on the basis of credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

Retail & SME

The Retail & SME segment includes the individual, retail-focused regional banks of Erste Group. To enhance transparency, the Austria division is divided into two subsegments, Erste Bank Oesterreich (including local subsidiaries) and Savings Banks. The latter subsegment consists of those savings banks which as a result of their membership in the Haftungsverbund are consolidated into the Erste Group accounts. In the segment Central and Eastern Europe, the individual subsidiaries are reported separately.

Group Corporate & Investment Banking

The Group Corporate & Investment Banking segment (GCIB) includes all large corporate customers operating in the markets of Erste Group and having revenue of more than EUR 175 million. Also part of the Group Corporate & Investment Banking segment is the International Business Division excluding treasury activities; the real estate business of Erste Group including the leasing subsidiary, Immorent; and investment banking (including equity capital markets).

Group Markets

The Group Markets (GM) segment comprises the divisionalised business units Group Treasury and Capital Markets (which includes all capital markets activities except equity capital markets). In addition to Erste Group Bank's own treasury activities, it also includes the capital market units of the CEE subsidiaries and of the foreign branches in Hong Kong and New York, as well as the capital markets activities of the investment banking subsidiaries Erste Securities Polska, Erste Bank Investment Hungary, Erste Securities Zagreb (merged with Erste Bank Croatia in 2011) and Erste Securities Istanbul, as well as the asset management activities of Erste Asset Management GmbH

Corporate Center segment

The Corporate Center segment includes group-wide services in the Marketing, Organisation, Information Technology and other departments that support the implementation of corporate strategy at group level. Consolidation effects and non-operating exceptional items are also recorded in this segment. Additionally, the Balance Sheet Management unit forms part of the Corporate Center segment. The results of the local asset/liability business units are reported in the individual subsegments.

Total impairment of goodwill in 2011 amounted to EUR 1,064.6 million. Corporate Center segment results include impairment of goodwill in the amount of EUR 1,058.2 million and segment Romania includes EUR 6.4 million (2010: total amount EUR 51.9 million, of which EUR 30.3 million is shown in the segment Group Corporate Center and EUR 21.6 million in the Savings Banks segment. Details regarding impairment of goodwill are included in Note 19. Also recorded in the Corporate Center segment is the amortisation of customer relationships at BCR, Erste Card Club d.d. and Ringturm KAG totalling EUR 66.8 million (2010: EUR 67.4 million).

Segmentation by core business

Retail and SME		Group Corporate and Investment Banking		Group Markets		Corporate Center		Total Group	
2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	restated		restated				restated		restated
4,716.3	4,623.9	543.2	574.2	197.4	156.4	112.1	84.8	5,569.0	5,439.2
(2,076.7)	(1,844.6)	(178.2)	(176.4)	(12.0)	0.0	0.0	(0.1)	(2,266.9)	(2,021.0)
1,642.0	1,633.0	118.8	108.3	126.6	157.1	(100.2)	(55.8)	1,787.2	1,842.5
58.8	176.2	(129.2)	(128.5)	155.2	246.3	37.5	27.8	122.3	321.9
(3,278.8)	(3,264.8)	(191.5)	(183.9)	(244.8)	(233.7)	(135.9)	(134.5)	(3,850.9)	(3,816.8)
(405.5)	(278.1)	(46.7)	(32.4)	10.2	1.8	(1,240.8)	(132.9)	(1,682.9)	(441.6)
656.0	1,045.6	116.4	161.4	232.7	327.9	(1,327.2)	(210.8)	(322.1)	1,324.2
(263.8)	(235.3)	(31.3)	(30.7)	(55.6)	(67.6)	110.3	52.6	(240.4)	(280.9)
392.2	810.4	85.1	130.7	177.0	260.3	(1,216.9)	(158.1)	(562.6)	1,043.3
144.4	146.7	11.4	14.9	10.4	15.2	(9.9)	(12.2)	156.3	164.6
247.7	663.7	73.8	115.8	166.6	245.1	(1,207.0)	(146.0)	(718.9)	878.7
74,934	74,952	24,429	25,421	2,743	2,943	970	1,400	103,077	104,716
4,117	4,123	1,956	2,035	312	324	6,654	6,595	13,038	13,077
51.1%	50.7%	35.9%	33.2%	51.1%	41.7%	274.7%	237.1%	51.5%	50.2%
6.0%	16.1%	3.8%	5.7%	53.4%	75.7%	(18.1)%	(2.2)%	(5.5)%	6.7%
	2011 4,716.3 (2,076.7) 1,642.0 58.8 (3,278.8) (405.5) 656.0 (263.8) 392.2 144.4 247.7 74,934 4,117 51.1%	restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) 1,642.0 1,633.0 58.8 176.2 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (405.5) (278.1) 656.0 1,045.6 (263.8) (235.3) 392.2 810.4 144.4 146.7 247.7 663.7 74,934 74,952 4,117 4,123 51.1% 50.7%	Retail and SME 2011 2010 2011 restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) 392.2 810.4 85.1 144.4 146.7 11.4 247.7 663.7 73.8 74,934 74,952 24,429 4,117 4,123 1,956 51.1% 50.7% 35.9%	Retail and SME 2011 2010 and Investment Banking 2011 2010 restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7) 392.2 810.4 85.1 130.7 144.4 146.7 11.4 14.9 247.7 663.7 73.8 115.8 74,934 74,952 24,429 25,421 4,117 4,123 1,956 2,035 51.1% 50.7% 35.9% 33.2%	Retail and SME 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7) (55.6) 392.2 810.4 85.1 130.7 177.0 144.4 146.7 11.4 14.9 10.4 247.7 663.7 73.8 115.8 166.6 74,934 74,952 24,429 25,421 2,743 4,117 4,123 1,956 2,035 312 51.1% 50.7% 35.9% 33.2%	Retail and SME 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 156.4 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 0.0 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 157.1 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 246.3 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (233.7) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 1.8 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 327.9 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7) (55.6) (67.6) 392.2 810.4 85.1 130.7 177.0 260.3 144.4 146.7 11.4 14.9 10.4 15.2 247.7 663.7 73.8 115.8 166.6 245.1 74,934 74,952 24,429 25,421 2,743	Retail and SME 2010 and Investment Banking 2010 Group Markets Corporate 2011 Corporate 2011 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 Corporate 2011 restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 156.4 112.1 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 157.1 (100.2) 158.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 246.3 37.5 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (233.7) (135.9) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 1.8 (1,240.8) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 327.9 (1,327.2) (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7) (55.6) (67.6) 110.3 392.2 810.4 85.1 130.7 177.0 260.3 (1,216.9) 144.4 146.7 11.4 14.9 10.4 15.2 (9.9) 247.7 663.7 73.8 115.8 166.6 245.1 (1,207.0) 74,934 74,952 24,429 25,421 2,743 2,943 970 4,117 4,123 1,956 2,035 312 324 6,654 51.1% 50.7% 35.9% 33.2% 51.1% 41.7% 274.7%	Retail and SME 2011 and Investment Banking 2010 Group Markets 2010 Corporate Center 2010 restated restated restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 156.4 112.1 84.8 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 0.0 0.0 (0.1) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 157.1 (100.2) (55.8) 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 246.3 37.5 27.8 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (233.7) (135.9) (134.5) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 1.8 (1,240.8) (132.9) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 327.9 (1,327.2) (210.8) (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7) (55.6) (67.6) 110.3 52.6 <td>Retail and SME 2010 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 Corporate Center Total 2011 2010 2011 restated restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 156.4 112.1 84.8 5,569.0 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 0.0 0.0 (0.1) (2,266.9) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 157.1 (100.2) (55.8) 1,787.2 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 246.3 37.5 27.8 122.3 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (233.7) (135.9) (134.5) (3,850.9) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 1.8 (1,240.8) (132.9) (1,682.9) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 327.9 (1,327.2) (210.8) 322.1 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7)</td>	Retail and SME 2010 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 Corporate Center Total 2011 2010 2011 restated restated 4,716.3 4,623.9 543.2 574.2 197.4 156.4 112.1 84.8 5,569.0 (2,076.7) (1,844.6) (178.2) (176.4) (12.0) 0.0 0.0 (0.1) (2,266.9) 1,642.0 1,633.0 118.8 108.3 126.6 157.1 (100.2) (55.8) 1,787.2 58.8 176.2 (129.2) (128.5) 155.2 246.3 37.5 27.8 122.3 (3,278.8) (3,264.8) (191.5) (183.9) (244.8) (233.7) (135.9) (134.5) (3,850.9) (405.5) (278.1) (46.7) (32.4) 10.2 1.8 (1,240.8) (132.9) (1,682.9) 656.0 1,045.6 116.4 161.4 232.7 327.9 (1,327.2) (210.8) 322.1 (263.8) (235.3) (31.3) (30.7)

Other result consists of four income statement items: other operating result, result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, result from financial assets available for sale, and result from financial assets held to maturity.
 ROE = return on equity = Net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent divided by average attributed equity.

	-		-				-				
	Austria		Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system)		Total Austria			nd Eastern ope	Total Retail & SME		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
in EUR million		restated		restated		restated				restated	
Net interest income	665.9	655.2	1,015.6	960.6	1,681.5	1,615.8	3,034.8	3,008.0	4,716.3	4,623.9	
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(101.4)	(148.3)	(250.4)	(303.3)	(351.8)	(451.6)	(1.724.9)	(1.393.0)	(2.076.7)	(1,844.6)	
Net fee and commission	, ,		,	(2222)		(/	() - /	(, ,	() /	, ,	
income	320.6	334.0	390.2	393.8	710.7	727.7	931.2	905.2	1,642.0	1,633.0	
Net trading result	20.2	11.5	12.2	27.2	32.4	38.8	26.4	137.5	58.8	176.2	
General administrative expenses	(609.4)	(606.8)	(930.9)	(930.9)	(1,540.3)	(1,537.7)	(1,738.4)	(1,727.1)	(3,278.8)	(3,264.8)	
Other result ¹⁾	(63.7)	(25.7)	(81.9)	(24.4)	(1,540.5)	(50.1)	(259.9)	(228.0)	(405.5)	(278.1)	
Pre-tax	(03.7)	(23.1)	(61.9)	(24.4)	(143.0)	(30.1)	(239.9)	(220.0)	(403.3)	(270.1)	
profit/loss	232.2	219.9	154.7	123.0	386.9	342.9	269.1	702.7	656.0	1,045.6	
Taxes on income	(50.3)	(46.1)	(40.1)	(32.6)	(90.4)	(78.7)	(173.4)	(156.6)	(263.8)	(235.3)	
Net profit/loss for the year	181.9	173.8	114.6	90.4	296.5	264.2	95.7	546.2	392.2	810.4	
attributable to											
non-controlling interests	4.3	6.9	108.7	95.8	113.0	102.8	31.5	43.9	144.4	146.7	
owners of the parent	177.6	166.9	5.9	(5.4)	183.5	161.4	64.2	502.3	247.7	663.7	
Average risk- weighted assets	13,708	14,389	24,451	23,949	38,159	38,338	36,775	36,614	74,934	74,952	
Average attributed equity	1,088	1,143	304	291	1,393	1,434	2,724	2,689	4,117	4,123	
Cost/income ratio	60.5%	60.6%	65.6%	67.4%	63.5%	64.5%	43.5%	42.6%	51.1%	50.7%	
ROE ²⁾	16.3%	14.6%	1.9%	(1.9)%	13.2%	11.3%	2.4%	18.7%	6.0%	16.1%	

¹⁾ Other result consists of four income statement items: other operating result, result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, result from financial assets available for sale, and result from financial assets held to maturity.

²⁾ ROE = return on equity = Net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent divided by average attributed equity.

	Czech R	Republic	Rom	ania	Slov	akia	Hung	gary	Cro	atia	Ser	bia	Ukra	ine	Total	CEE
in EUR million	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net interest income	1,183.2	1,087.2	672.3	798.6	445.7	426.8	402.7	387.1	261.8	247.9	36.4	27.5	32.6	32.9	3,034.8	3,008.0
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(210.5)	(365.8)	(499.3)	(506.7)	(73.6)	(123.2)	(812.0)	(244.3)	(109.3)	(106.0)	(9.5)	(8.2)	(10.7)	(38.8)	(1,724.9)	(1,393.0)
Net fee and commission	400.5	470.0	100.4	404.4	1100	400.0	07.0	07.0	70.7	740	10.0	44.5	10			005.0
income	496.5	476.8	130.1	134.4	112.2	106.6	97.8	97.8	76.7	74.0	13.0	11.5	4.9	4.1	931.2	905.2
Net trading result	(45.5)	62.5	49.3	24.0	(4.6)	4.0	19.1	23.2	11.2	9.7	0.1	2.4	(3.2)	11.7	26.4	137.5
General administrative expenses	(713.9)	(709.8)	(376.4)	(375.2)	(224.0)	(222.2)	(200.5)	(202.6)	(141.1)	(139.0)	(33.8)	(31.0)	(48.8)	(47.1)	(1,738.4)	(1,727.1)
Other result ¹⁾	(122.0)	(83.3)	(30.9)	(50.2)	(40.2)	(20.5)	(56.9)	(68.3)	(10.2)	(4.8)	(1.2)	(0.8)	1.6	(0.1)	(259.9)	(228.0)
Pre-tax profit/loss	587.8	467.4	(54.8)	24.8	215.5	171.6	(549.8)	(7.1)	89.0	81.8	5.0	1.5	(23.6)	(37.3)	269.1	702.7
Taxes on income	(122.4)	(82.7)	23.7	(6.7)	(42.3)	(34.9)	(16.8)	(14.9)	(16.1)	(17.0)	0.0	0.0	0.5	(0.2)	(173.4)	(156.6)
Net profit/loss for the year	465.4	384.7	(31.1)	18.1	173.2	136.7	(566.6)	(22.0)	72.9	64.7	5.1	1.5	(23.2)	(37.5)	95.7	546.2
attributable to																
non-controlling interests	9.2	5.9	(8.7)	9.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	(0.2)	29.5	28.1	1.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	31.5	43.9
owners of the parent	456.2	378.9	(22.5)	8.5	173.2	136.5	(566.6)	(21.8)	43.4	36.7	3.6	1.0	(23.2)	(37.5)	64.2	502.3
Average risk- weighted assets	12,951	12,422	9,167	9,059	4,825	5,231	4,147	4,703	4,321	3,903	606	634	757	664	36,775	36,614
Average attributed	12,951	12,422	9,107	9,009	4,023	5,251	7,177	4,703	4,521	3,303	000	054	131	004	30,113	30,014
equity	1,065	1,025	556	517	401	432	345	388	251	227	41	42	66	59	2,724	2,689
Cost/income ratio	43.7%	43.6%	44.2%	39.2%	40.5%	41.3%	38.6%	39.9%	40.4%	41.9%	68.1%	74.9%	142.4%	96.7%	43.5%	42.6%
ROE ²⁾	42.8%	37.0%	(4.0)%	1.6%	43.2%	31.6%	(164.4)%	(5.6)%	17.3%	16.2%	8.7%	2.4%	(35.2)%	(63.6)%	2.4%	18.7%

¹⁾ Other result consists of four income statement items: other operating result, result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, result from financial assets available for sale, and result from financial assets held to maturity.

2) ROE = return on equity = net profit/loss attributable to owners of the parent divided by average attributed equity.

32) Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and outside Austria

Assets and liabilities not denominated in EUR were as follow:

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Assets	85,662	86,089
Liabilities	57,288	59,513

The assets and liabilities outside Austria are given below:

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Assets	116,594	110,733
Liabilities	89,279	86,029

33) Leases

a) Finance leases

Erste Group leases both movable property and real estate to other parties under finance lease arrangements. For the finance lease receivables included in this item, the reconciliation of the gross investment in leases to the present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

2011	2010
5,627	5,831
1,118	1,149
6,745	6,980
1,114	1,017
5,631	5,963
745	778
4,886	5,185
	5,627 1,118 6,745 1,114 5,631

The maturity analysis of gross investment in leases and present values of minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases is as follows (residual maturities):

in EUR million	Gross inves	Present value of non- guaranteed residual values		
	2011	2010	2011	2010
< 1 year	1,111	1,250	950	1,085
1–5 years	3,039	3,150	2,344	2,479
> 5 years	2,595	2,580	1,592	1,563
Total	6,745	6,980	4,886	5,127

In the reporting period, the total amount of accumulated allowance for uncollectable minimum lease payments, presented as risk provisions for loans and advances, was EUR 205 million (2010: EUR 66 million).

The total amount of contingent rents from finance leases recognised as income in the period was EUR 31 million (2010: EUR 29 million).

Finance leases receivables are included in the balance sheet position 'Loans and advances to customers'.

b) Operating leases

Under operating leases, Erste Group leases both real estate and movable property to other parties.

Operating leases from view of Erste Group Bank AG as lessor:

Further minimum lease payments from non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

in EUR million	2011	2010
< 1 year	22	95
1–5 years	70	19
> 5 years	57	52
Total	149	166

Operating leases from the view of Erste Group Bank AG as lessee:

Further minimum lease payments from non-cancellable operating leases were as follow:

in EUR million	2011	2010
< 1 year	31	21
1–5 years	94	59
> 5 years	65	16
Total	190	96

34) Related-party transactions and principal shareholders

In addition to principal shareholders, Erste Group defines as related parties also other investments and associates which are included into the consolidated financial statements by the equity method. Furthermore related parties consist of management and supervisory board members as well as companies over which these persons have control or significant influence. Moreover, Erste Group Bank AG defines also close family members of management and supervisory board members as related parties.

Transactions between Erste Group Bank AG and fully consolidated companies are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements since they are eliminated.

Principal shareholders

As of 31 December 2011, the foundation DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung (hereinafter referred to as 'the Privatstiftung') controls a 25.02% interest in Erste Group Bank AG, of which 23.39% of the shares are held directly by DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung and 1.63% of the shares are held by Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG, an affiliated undertaking of DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung. This makes the Privatstiftung the largest single investor in Erste Group Bank AG.

The Privatstiftung received a dividend of EUR 67.0 million (prior year: EUR 64.1 million) on its stake in Erste Group Bank AG in 2011 (for financial year 2010). The dividend for participation capital of Erste Group Bank AG amounted to EUR 1.4 million. The purpose of the Privatstiftung, to be achieved notably by way of the participating interest in Erste Group Bank AG, is to support social, scientific, cultural and charitable institutions as well as to generally promote the guiding principles of the savings bank philosophy. As of 31 December 2011, the members of the Privatstiftung's management board were Andreas Treichl (Chairman of the Management Board of Erste Group Bank AG), Rupert Dollinger, Theodora Eberle, Richard Wolf and Boris Marte. The Privatstiftung's supervisory board had eight members at the end of 2011, three of whom are also members of the Supervisory Board of Erste Group Bank AG.

Under article 15.1 of the articles of association, for the duration of its assumption of liability for all current and future debts in the event of their default on payment, DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung is entitled, pursuant to Section 92, para. 9 of the Austrian Banking Act, to nominate up to one-third of the supervisory board members to be elected at the Annual General Meeting. To date, the Privatstiftung has not exercised this right.

As of 31 December 2011, Erste Group Bank AG has in relation to the Privatstiftung accounts payable of EUR 120.1 million (2010: EUR 290.2 million) and accounts receivable of EUR 87.0 million (2010: 276.1 million). In addition, standard derivative transactions for hedging purposes were in place between Erste Group

Bank AG and the Privatstiftung, namely interest rate swaps with caps and floors in the notional amount of EUR 0.0 million (2010: EUR 247.4 million), as well as interest rate swaps with caps in the notional amount of EUR 185.0 million (2010: EUR 103.0 million) and foreign currency swaps in the notional amount of EUR 29.3 million (2010: EUR 0.0 million).

In 2011, the interest income of Erste Group Bank AG resulting from said derivative transactions for the reporting period was EUR 11.4 million (2010: EUR 18.9 million) while interest expenses totalled EUR 6.9 million (2010: EUR 2.9 million).

CaixaBank S.A., located in Barcelona, Spain, holds a total of 38,195,848 (2010: 38.170.433) Erste Group shares, equivalent to 9.77% (2010: 10.10%) of the share capital of Erste Group Bank AG. In addition, CaixaBank S.A. held participation capital with a notional value of EUR 15 million in Erste Group Bank AG as of 31 December 2011. Juan Maria Nin, the Deputy Chairman and CEO of CaixaBank S.A. is a member of the Supervisory Board of Erste Group Bank AG.

CaixaBank S.A. received a dividend in the amount of EUR 26.7 million for its interest in Erste Group Bank AG during the year 2011 (for the fiscal year 2010). Its dividend for participation capital was EUR 1.2 million.

Loans and advances to and amounts owed to related parties

partics		
in EUR million	2011	2010
Loans and advances to credit institutions		
Equity method investments	4	99
Other investments	26	5
Total	29	104
Loans and advances to customers		•
Equity method investments	363	141
Other investments	1,221	1,127
Total	1,584	1,268
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss		
Equity method investments	1	3
Other investments	14	6
Total	15	9
Financial assets – available for sale		
Equity method investments	13	13
Other investments	67	53
Total	80	66
Financial assets – held to maturity		
Equity method investments	0	0
Other investments	6	6
Total	6	6
Deposits by banks		
Equity method investments	8	37
Other investments	18	0
Total	26	37
Customer deposits		
Equity method investments	9	23
Other investments	197	248
Total	207	271

Transactions with related parties are done at arm's length.

Compensation to management and supervisory board members

Breakdown of management board compensation:

	Compe	nsation i	Comparison with 2010		
in EUR thousand	for 2011	101			for 2009
Fixed salaries	4,987			4,122	
Performance- related salaries		1,305	498		3,684
Other					
compensation	1,078			1,021	
Total	6,065	1,305	498	5,143	3,684

In 2011, members of the management board received cash and non-cash compensation for their functions as members of the management board totalling EUR 6,065 thousand (prior year: EUR 5,143 thousand). Performance bonus paid in 2011 for the fiscal year 2010 totalled EUR 1,305 thousand and that for the

year 2007 amounted to EUR 498 thousand (performance bonus payment in 2010 for the year 2009 was EUR 3,684 million). This represented 0.3% (prior year: 0.4%) of the total personnel expenses of the Erste Group.

In the 2011 financial year, EUR 2,148 thousand (2010: EUR 924 thousand) was paid to former members of the management board or their surviving dependants.

The item 'other compensation' includes pension fund contributions (at severance payments – new) and various other forms of compensation.

No performance bonus will be paid to members of the management board for the fiscal year 2011. In relation to measures aimed at strengthening the bank strategically, the management board repaid EUR 585 thousand of performance bonuses for the year 2010 (including interest) and further waived its bonus entitlement of EUR 1,340 thousand for the year 2010 that would have been paid out in the years from 2012 to 2016.

In addition to the aforementioned performance bonus, the beneficiaries received a total of 43,529 share equivalents of Erste Group Bank AG. Valuation is based on the average, weighted daily share price of Erste Group Bank AG in 2011, which was EUR 25.37. Pay-outs will be made in 2012 after a one-year holding period.

Personnel expenses contain EUR 1,104 thousand related to cashsettled share-based payments.

In 2011 the Management Board of Erste Group Bank AG did not receive board emoluments or other compensation from fully consolidated subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG. The compensation of members of the management board is based on each individual's responsibilities, the achievement of corporate targets and the Group's financial situation.

Breakdown of supervisory board compensation:

in EUR thousand	2011	2010
Supervisory board		
compensation	706	350
Meeting fees	287	162
Total	993	512

In 2011, the members of the Supervisory Board of Erste Group Bank AG were paid a combined total of EUR 993 thousand (2010: EUR 512 thousand) in this capacity. Members of the supervisory board received the following compensation for board positions in fully consolidated subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG: Heinz Kessler: EUR 48,489; Friedrich Rödler: EUR 13,250 and Werner Tessmar-Pfohl: EUR 25,600.

There were no other transactions with members of the supervisory board.

Pursuant to the decision at the Annual General Meeting of 12 May 2011, the supervisory board adopted the following compensation structure in its constituent meeting:

in EUR	Number	Allowance per person	Total allowance
President	1	100,000	100,000
Vice Presidents	2	75,000	150,000
Members	9	50,000	450,000
Total	12		700,000

The supervisory board must consist of at least three and at most 12 members elected by the general meeting. DIE ERSTE österreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung, a foundation, has the right to delegate up to one-third of the members of the supervisory board, elected by the general meeting, as long as the foundation guarantees pursuant to Section 92, para. 9 of the Austrian Banking Act all existing and future liabilities of the company in case of insolvency. Participation in the supervisory board ends in case of death, recall, resignation, or if a defined impediment arises. For recall, it is necessary to have a three-quarters majority of the valid votes cast and at least a three-quarters majority of the ordinary share capital represented at the meeting.

Loans and advances to related parties

At the end of 2011, loans and advances to members of the management board totalled EUR 2,766 thousand (2010: EUR 166 thousand). Loans and advances to persons related to members of the management board totalled EUR 20 thousand as of 31 December 2011 (2010: EUR 26 thousand). Loans to members of the supervisory board totalled EUR 228 thousand (2010: EUR 251 thousand). Loans and advances to persons related to members of the supervisory board totalled EUR 14 thousand (2010: EUR 11 thousand). The applicable interest rates and other terms (maturity dates and collateral) are at market conditions. As regards loans and advances to member of the supervisory board, there were no material loan repayments.

Other transactions with related parties

Companies related to members of the supervisory board invoiced the following amounts from other transactions: In 2011, DORDA BRUGGER JORDIS Rechtsanwälte GmbH, a law firm in which Theresa Jordis is a partner, invoiced Erste Group Bank AG a total of 156,266.76 (2010: EUR 348,775.69) for several mandates.

Friedrich Rödler is senior partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers Austria. During 2011, companies of this group invoiced Erste Group Bank AG in total EUR 142,095.14 (2010: 54,726.00 for consulting mandates.

The compensation of the supervisory board members depends on the individual's responsibilities, the business volume and the company's financial situation.

35) Collateral

The following assets were pledged as security for liabilities:

in EUR million	2011	2010
Loans and advances to credit institutions	876	894
Loans and advances to		
customers	7,522	6,480
Trading assets	218	92
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	566	0
Financial assets – available for		
sale	3,297	3,192
Financial assets – held to		
maturity	3,005	2,272
Total	15,484	12,930

The financial assets pledged as collateral consist of loan receivables, bonds and other interest-bearing securities.

Collaterals were pledged as a result of repo transactions, refinancing transactions with the European Central Bank, loans backing issued mortgage bonds and other collateral arrangements.

The fair value of collateral received from repo transactions which may be repledged or resold even without the security provider's default was EUR 940 million (2010: 4,470 million). Collateral with fair value of EUR 471 million (2010: 25 million) was resold.

36) Securities lending and repurchase transactions

	20	11	2010		
in EUR million	Carrying amount of assets pledged as collateral	Carrying amount of liabilities	Carrying amount of assets pledged as collateral	Carrying amount of liabilities	
Repurchase transactions	3,009	2,864	2,256	2,219	
Securities lending agreements	5	0	450	0	
Total	3,014	2,864	2,706	2,219	

The total amount EUR 3,014 million (2010: EUR 2,706 million) represents the carrying amount of financial assets in the respective balance sheet positions for which the transferee has a right to sell or repledge.

Liabilities from repo transaction in the amount of 2,864 million (2010: 2,219 million), which are measured at amortised cost, represent an obligation to repay the borrowed funds.

The following balance sheet positions are affected by the transfers of financial instruments as a result of repo transactions and securities lending:

	Repurchase transa	ctions	Securities lendings			
in EUR million	Carrying amount of transf	erred assets	Carrying amount of transfe	Carrying amount of transferred assets		
	2011	2010	2011	2010		
Loans and advances to credit institutions	0	1	0	0		
Loans and advances to customers	0	0	0	0		
Trading assets	124	92	0	0		
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or						
loss	191	0	5	0		
Financial assets – available for sale	2,225	1,683	0	0		
Financial assets – held to maturity	469	480	0	450		
Total	3,009	2,256	5	450		

The transferred financial instruments consist of bonds and other interest-bearing securities.

37) Risk management

37.1) Risk policy and strategy

It is a core function of every bank to take risks in a conscious and selective manner and to professionally manage such risks. Erste Group's proactive risk policy and strategy aims to achieve an optimal balance of risk and return in order to achieve a sustainable, high return on equity.

Erste Group uses a control and risk management system that is proactive and tailored to its business and risk profile. It is based on a clear risk strategy that is consistent with the Group's business strategy and focused on early identification and management of risks and trends. In addition to meeting the internal goal of effective and efficient risk management, Erste Group's control and risk management systems have been developed to fulfil external and, in particular, regulatory requirements.

Given Erste Group's business strategy, the key risks for Erste Group are credit risk, market risk and operational risk. Erste

Group also focuses on managing liquidity, concentration and macroeconomic risks. In addition, Erste Group's control and risk management framework takes into account the range of other significant risks faced by the banking group.

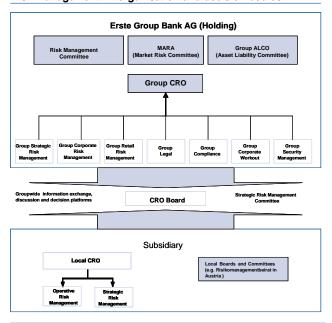
In 2011, Erste Group's risk management framework was broadened by the preparation of a formal Risk Appetite Statement (RAS) which serves to define the level of risks the Group is willing to take from a strategic point of view. The RAS sets boundaries and defines limits which are then relevant for the Group's daily operations. The RAS also forms an integral element of the planning process – both at group but also at local entity level – and is defined in the Holding Board Strategy Meeting. Furthermore, compliance with limits established within the RAS is regularly monitored and reported on at least a quarterly basis.

Erste Group Bank AG uses the Internet as the medium for publishing disclosures of Erste Group under Section 26 of the Banking Act and the Disclosure Regulation. Details are available on the website of Erste Group at www.erstegroup.com/ir.

37.2) Risk management organisation

Risk monitoring and control is achieved through a clear organisational structure with defined roles and responsibilities, delegated authorities, and risk limits. The following diagram presents an overview of Erste Group's risk management and control governance and responsibility.

Risk management - organisation and decision bodies



Overview of Risk Management Structure

The management board, and in particular Erste Group's chief risk officer ('Group CRO'), must perform its oversight function within Erste Group's risk management structure. Risk control and management functions within Erste Group are performed based on the business and risk strategies approved by the management board and the strategic risk framework. The Group CRO, working together with the chief risk officers of the subsidiaries, is responsible for implementation of and adherence to the risk control and risk management strategies across all risk types and business lines. While the management board and, in particular, the Group CRO ensure the availability of appropriate infrastructure and staff as well as methods, standards and processes to that effect, the actual identification, measurement, assessment, approval, monitoring, steering, and setting of limits for the relevant risks are performed at the operating entity level within Erste Group. At the group level, the management board is supported by several divisions established to perform operational risk control functions and exercise strategic management responsibilities:

- Group Strategic Risk Management,
- Group Corporate Risk Management,
- Group Retail Risk Management,
- Group Corporate Workout,
- _ Group Legal,

- Group Compliance, and
- _ Group Security Management.

Strategic Risk Management

Group Strategic Risk Management, which exercises the risk control function, is responsible for the provision of adequate risk measurement methodologies and tools as well as an appropriate risk policy and control framework. The Group Strategic Risk Management unit performs the function of the central and independent risk control unit required by Section 39 (2) of the Austrian Banking Act. One objective of Group Strategic Risk Management, a unit that is independent from the business units, is to ensure that all risks measured or taken are within the limits approved by the management board. The division is comprised of the departments Group Credit Risk Methods, Group Enterprisewide Risk Management and Reporting, and Group Market and Liquidity Risk Management, as well as of the unit Group Operational Risk Control and the corporate function 'Basel II'. Group Credit Risk Control is in charge of key tasks regarding Erste Group's credit risk methods and rating models. Group Enterprisewide Risk Management and Reporting is in charge of the essential elements of the risk management framework, Erste Group's risk policy principles, the group data pool and the group-wide credit risk reporting. The group-wide daily calculation, analysis and reporting of market and liquidity risks is provided by the Group Market and Liquidity Risk Management department. The organisational unit Group Operational Risk Control is responsible for modelling, managing and reporting of operational risks.

Group Corporate Risk Management

Group Corporate Risk Management is the operative credit risk management function for Erste Group's divisionalised corporate business (GCIB). It is responsible for the formal and material verification, recommendation and approval of all credit risks of Erste Group Bank AG as a holding company. Group Corporate Risk Management is also responsible for credit risk management for the GCIB segment as well as all credit applications where the amount involved exceeds the approval limits granted to the respective subsidiary. This unit covers country risks, sovereigns, other credit institutions, securitisations, large corporates, and real estate risks. Group Corporate Risk Management provides specific credit risk reports on the aforementioned centrally managed portfolios of Erste Group Bank AG as a holding company. It is in charge of process development for credit risk management and implementation of group standards for these exposure classes, and it monitors compliance with relevant credit risk limits. This unit is also responsible for establishing and monitoring appropriate credit analysis processes and systems for corporate business at the subsidiary level and co-ordinating and reviewing corporate credit and project analysis adopted across the business.

Group Corporate Workout

Group Corporate Workout is responsible for managing problematic clients of the group-wide Group Corporate and Investment Banking (GCIB) segment as well as of the local corporate seg-

ment where the exposure is above the authority of the management board of the respective subsidiary. This task includes the operative restructuring and workout function for exposures booked in Erste Group Bank and the risk management function for all substandard and non-performing clients in the other local SME segments mentioned above. An important additional task for the division is to implement group-wide procedures and policies on corporate restructurings and work-outs. Additionally, this area organises expert training programmes as well as workshops to ensure knowledge transfer across Erste Group entities. Furthermore, the group collateral catalogue defines standards for collateral management and principles for collateral evaluation.

Group Retail Risk Management

Group Retail Risk Management is responsible for controlling the Group's retail lending portfolio and defining the retail risk management lending framework. It provides an analytical framework to monitor local banks' retail loan portfolios and supplies timely and actionable information for senior management decisions. In addition, the unit ensures knowledge transfer across Erste Group entities. The local chief risk officer and the local retail risk head assume primary responsibility for credit risk management of retail loan portfolios of the respective local bank and for managing the risk—reward trade-off of their business. In line with Group Retail Risk Management Standards, local credit policy rules are defined locally in every bank, respecting the local regulatory and business environment.

Group Legal

Group Legal, in performing the function of the central legal department of Erste Group Bank, mitigates legal risk by providing legal support and counselling for the business and centre functions and by taking care of dispute resolution and litigation. Group Legal has a group-wide focus on legal risk management and reporting aimed at identifying and minimising, limiting or avoiding legal risk. Legal support for the business of the banking subsidiaries in the jurisdictions in which they operate is performed at the local level.

Group Compliance

Group Compliance includes the departments Securities Compliance, Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Fraud Management and is accountable for addressing compliance risks. Compliance risks are those of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss, or loss of reputation which Erste Group may suffer as a result of failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules and standards.

Group Security Management

Group Security Management is in charge of the strategy, the definition of security standards, quality assurance, monitoring as well as the further development of issues of relevance for security at Erste Group.

In addition to the risk management activities performed at the Erste Group Bank level in its special role as a holding company, each subsidiary also has a risk control and management unit, the responsibilities of which are tailored to the applicable local requirements. Each subsidiary's risk control and management unit is headed by the respective entity's chief risk officer.

Group co-ordination of risk management activities

The management board deals in its regular board meetings with risk issues. All types of risks are reported periodically and actions are taken when needed. In addition, the board is concerned with current risk issues and receives through the internal risk reporting ad hoc reports for all types of risk.

With the purpose of carrying out risk management activities within Erste Group, certain committees have been established, including the following:

- _ Risk Management Committee,
- _ CRO Board,
- _ Strategic Risk Management Committee,
- _ Group Asset/Liability Committee (ALCO),
- _ Group Operational Liquidity Committee, and
- _ Market Risk Committee.

The Risk Management Committee is responsible for granting approval in all those cases in which loans and exposures or large exposures reach an amount exceeding the approval authority of the management board according to the approval authority regulation. It is charged with granting approval to exposures or large exposures pursuant to Section 27 of the Austrian Banking Act, if such an investment in credit institutions exceeds 10% of the entity's own funds or if the investment amounts to at least 10% of the consolidated banking group's own funds. Within the competence assigned to it, the committee may grant advance approvals to the extent permitted by law. In addition, it is responsible for supervising the risk management of Erste Group Bank AG. The Risk Management Committee meets regularly. As the central risk control body, the Risk Management Committee is regularly briefed on the risk status across all risk types.

The CRO Board and the Strategic Risk Management Committee are responsible for consistent co-ordination and implementation of risk management activities within Erste Group, including the Sparkassen Haftungsverbund. The CRO Board is made up of the Group CRO and the chief risk officers of the subsidiaries in the Erste Group. Chaired by the Group CRO, the CRO Board has responsibility for the group-wide co-ordination of risk management and for ensuring uniformity of risk management standards across Erste Group. The Strategic Risk Management Committee, which is made up of the division heads of the strategic risk management department at each subsidiary, provides support to the CRO Board in decision-making on current risk-related topics.

Erste Group has established committees at the holding level that are specifically responsible for monitoring and managing market and liquidity risk:

- Group ALCO is managing the consolidated group balance sheet, focusing on trade-offs between all consolidated balance sheet risks (interest rate,, exchange rate, and liquidity risks) as well as taking care of Erste Group Bank's profit and loss account by performing management actions on the holding's balance sheet and by setting the group standards and limits for Erste Group members. Additionally, it approves policies and strategies for controlling liquidity risk, interest rate risk (net interest income), capital management of the banking book, as well as examining proposals, statements and opinions of ALM, Risk Management, Controlling and Accounting functions. The approved investment strategy is within the guidelines agreed with Risk Management.
- The Group Operational Liquidity Committee (Group OLC) is responsible for day-to-day management of the global liquidity position of Erste Group. It analyses the liquidity situation of Erste Group on a regular basis and reports directly to the Group Asset/Liability Committee (Group ALCO). It also proposes measures to the Group ALCO within the scope of the management policies and principles laid down in the Liquidity Risk Management Rule Book. Furthermore, members of the Group OLC are points of contact for other departments or Erste Group members for liquidity-related matters. Each local bank has its own local operational liquidity committee.
- The Market Risk Committee (MRC) is the main steering body for all risks related to capital market trading operations in Erste Group. The MRC meets quarterly, approves groupwide market risk limits and elaborates on the current market situation. The members of the MRC are the Group CRO, the board member responsible for Group Capital Markets, the Head of Group Capital Markets, the Head of Group Strategic Risk Management, and the Head of Group Market and Liquidity Risk Management.

In addition, committees established at local level (e.g. the *Risi-komanagementbeirat* in Austria) carry out a common risk approach in the Austrian members of Erste Group (i.e. Erste Bank Austria and Savings Banks).

As a result of the principle of segregation of risk origination and risk control, at every level of the risk management structure of Erste Group – and particularly concerning market and credit risks – the risk control functions are exercised independently of the front office functions. Local operative risk control divisions carry out this control function.

37.3. Current topics

Current regulatory topics

Having passed the required audit conducted by the Austrian supervisory authority in 2006, Erste Group Bank AG, almost all Haftungsverbund savings banks and Česká spořitelna successfully qualified for the Basel II internal ratings based (IRB) approach to the measurement of credit risk, effective from entry of the new regulations into force on 1 January 2007. For credit risk, Erste Group applies the Advanced IRB Approach in the retail segment and the Foundation IRB Approach in all other Basel segments. Since that time, additional subsidiaries have successfully implemented the IRB approach.

For managing operational risk, Erste Group received regulatory approval to use the AMA (Advanced Measurement Approach) at group level for its major entities (Erste Group Bank AG; Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG; Česká spořitelna a.s.; Slovenská sporitel'ňa a.s.; Erste Bank Hungary Nyrt; Banca Comercială Română S.A.; Erste&Steiermärkische Bank d.d., Rijeka; and Erste Leasing Hungary). Other major subsidiaries and savings banks which are currently using the Basic Indicator Approach intend to apply for the AMA in future. Erste Group received in 2011 approval for the use of insurance contracts for mitigation in the Advanced Measurement Approach.

Since 2010, Erste Group has been scrutinising the impacts of the planned regulatory changes commonly known as Basel III. The Group has established a group-wide Basel III programme, which ensures that all requirements arising from the Capital Requirements Directive IV (CRD IV) and from related national and international regulations are implemented in time and completely within the whole Group. The programme includes a stream covering capital requirements (including deductions from own funds), changes in risk-weighted asset (RWA) calculations, counterparty credit risk (CCR), and the new capital charge for credit value adjustments (CVA). Further streams focus on new requirements of the disclosure policy, the new liquidity rules, the newly introduced leverage ratio, and CRD IV-related projects like stressed value-at-risk (SVaR).

Due to the established programme structure, Erste Group has an integrated view on all requirements arising from Basel III. Furthermore, a close alignment is being undertaken with programmes focusing on other internal or regulatory requirements in the areas of risk and accounting, such as the IFRS 9 project.

Regarding changes in risk-weighted assets according to Basel III, in 2011 Erste Group actively participated in the semi-annual Quantitative Impact Study (QIS) which was co-ordinated by regulatory authorities. In future, Erste Group will also participate in the quarterly exercises. The bank has completed several calculations to evaluate the impact of the new accord on its risk-weighted assets, both within and beyond the scope of the QIS exercises.

Erste Group calculated as well the Basel III compliant liquidity ratios which also will be collected within the scope of the planned exercises. The Group has made several calculations to assess the status of the entities with regards to these ratios, and the preparation for the future regulatory reporting is currently underway.

Regulatory changes for the internal model approach to market risk according to the Capital Requirements Directive III (CRD III) became effective for Erste Group at year-end 2011. The inclusion of stressed VaR and event risk (for equity-related risks) into the internal model was developed and received approval from regulators after a successful audit by the Austrian regulator in the fourth quarter of 2011.

The capital question has once again moved centre stage, as the European Union is aiming to resolve the ongoing sovereign debt crisis. The European Banking Authority (EBA) has defined a capital threshold of 9% (according to EBA definition) that has to be met by 30 June 2012.

According to an initial calculation with figures as of 30 September 2011, Erste Group required additional capital amounting to EUR 743 million. According to the EBA calculation's logic, the core capital ratio was 8.9% and the additional capital requirement amounted to EUR 166 million as of 31 December 2011. Several measures will be implemented for covering the capital requirements. The eligible qualifying capital will be reinforced by retained earnings. The resulting effect could be optimised by the buy-back of hybrid capital issues. The selective disposal of noncore assets will be continued in 2012. Hence, the required capital ratio of 9% will be met without any government support.

Under the EBA calculation, the core tier 1 ratio includes the participation capital provided by the Republic of Austria but excludes the hybrid capital and participation capital provided by private investors amounting to EUR 540 million.

Current economic topics

The main focus in 2011 was the European sovereign debt crisis as a consequence of the financial crisis in 2008. The Group monitors public debt restructuring discussions and potential haircuts, and it includes the relevant exposures in stress tests. Additionally, hedg-

ing opportunities are being analysed and applied as deemed appropriate.

As stated in the tables below, Erste Group's net exposure to European countries which are particularly affected by the sovereign debt crisis was reduced significantly during 2011. The net exposure decreased from EUR 6.3 billion at year-end 2010 to EUR 3.1 billion as of 31 December 2011. The exposure to sovereign obligors in Greece and Portugal was eliminated almost completely. The reduction resulted from repayments and above all from the sale of securities and credit default swaps (CDS) in the fourth quarter of 2011. The CDS portfolio of the International Business Division was sold almost in its entirety and new investments in bonds of sovereign issuers in these countries have not been undertaken.

The following tables show the net exposure to sovereigns and institutions in selected European countries as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The net exposure includes all on- and off-balance-sheet positions after counterparty netting and risk transfer to guarantors. Derivatives are netted (ISDA Master Agreement with netting agreement) and collateral for derivatives reduces the exposure, provided that respective contracts are in force (Credit Support Annex to ISDA Master Agreement). In the case of repo transactions, the book value of the securities sold under repurchase agreements is recognised as exposure of the issuer. Moreover, an exposure of the counterparty amounting to the difference between the funds received and a potentially higher market value of the securities sold plus a percentage of the nominal value is considered in order to account for price fluctuations. In the case of reverse repurchase agreements, the respective counterparty risk is considered as for repurchase agreements (the difference between the funds placed and a potentially lower market value of the securities purchased plus a percentage of the nominal value in order to account for price fluctuations), but the issuer risk is not taken into account. The net exposure represents the net risk view. It differs from the credit risk exposure, which is treated in the 'Credit risk' chapter, primarily by applying the risk transfer to guarantors, by the deduction of collateral and by taking into consideration of netting agreements. Therefore, the two are not comparable. The sovereign net exposure includes central banks, central governments and institutions which are explicitly guaranteed by the central government.

Net exposure to selected European countries

Total	Sovereigns		Banks		Other ¹⁾		Total	
in EUR million	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Greece	4	602	58	172	8	8	70	782
Ireland	47	89	204	252	78	82	329	423
Italy	473	1,076	807	1,165	582	1,082	1,861	3,323
Portugal	6	235	94	281	13	14	113	529
Spain	24	114	282	735	426	384	732	1,232
Total	553	2,115	1,445	2,604	1,106	1,569	3,105	6,289

^{1) &}quot;Other" is composed of securitisations and claims against corporates.

in EUR million	Fair value		Available fo	Available for sale		d cost	Total	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Greece	(9)	457	10	78	3	68	4	602
Ireland	0	60	32	25	15	4	47	89
Italy	400	907	71	149	2	20	473	1,076
Portugal	0	168	6	11	0	56	6	235
Spain	(27)	35	39	52	12	28	24	114
Total	364	1,627	157	314	31	174	553	2,115

Without taking into account credit protection, such as guarantees from third parties, or in particular credit default swaps, the claims against Greek and Spanish sovereign obligors increase by EUR 13.5 million and EUR 27.1 million, respectively. The Greek sovereign exposure is impaired, and the receivables were written down to 25% of their face value.

Banks	Fair value		Available for sale		At amortised cost		Total	
in EUR million	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Greece	0	0	0	0	58	172	58	172
Ireland	99	142	92	90	13	20	204	252
Italy	234	323	181	153	393	689	807	1,165
Portugal	9	72	30	56	55	152	94	281
Spain	62	341	65	164	156	230	282	735
Total	404	877	367	463	674	1,263	1,445	2,604

The following table shows the net exposure to sovereigns and banks in Erste Group's core market as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively:

Net exposure to sovereigns and banks in the core market

	Sovereign	s	Banks		Total		
in EUR million	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Austria	9,797	7,424	1,838	2,825	11,635	10,249	
Croatia	2,363	1,961	75	94	2,437	2,055	
Romania	5,709	5,223	73	72	5,782	5,295	
Serbia	115	159	0	3	116	162	
Slovakia	4,838	4,084	194	181	5,032	4,265	
Slovenia	374	287	75	259	448	546	
Czech Republic	9,438	5,240	906	966	10,344	6,206	
Ukraine	360	204	24	39	385	243	
Hungary	3,217	2,792	33	102	3,250	2,894	
Total	36,211	27,374	3,218	4,540	39,429	31,914	

37.4) Group-wide risk and capital management

Overview

In light of the lessons learned from recent turbulence on the financial markets, among other reasons, Erste Group's risk management framework has been continuously strengthened. In particular, the Group Strategic Risk Management and its Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) have been developed into a comprehensive framework. This includes as its fundamental pillar the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP), as required under Pillar 2 of the Basel framework.

The ERM framework is designed to support the bank's management in managing the risk portfolios as well as the coverage potential to assure at all times an adequate capital capacity reflecting the nature and magnitude of the bank's risk portfolio. ERM is tailored to the Group's business and risk profile, and it reflects the strategic goal of protecting share- and senior debt holders while ensuring sustainability of the organisation.

ERM is a modular and comprehensive management and steering system within Erste Group and is integral to the bank's and Group's overall steering and management system. The components necessary to ensure all aspects of ERM, regulatory requirements, but particularly internal value adding needs, can be clustered as follows:

- _ Risk Appetite Statement
- Portfolio & Risk Analytics including
 - _ Risk Materiality Assessment
 - _ Concentration Risk Management
 - _ Risk Modelling and Stress Testing
- _ Risk-bearing Capacity Calculation
- _ Risk Planning & Forecasting including
 - _ RWA Management
 - Capital Allocation
- _ Emergency Response Plan

In addition to ICAAP's ultimate goal of assuring capital adequacy and sustainability at all times, the ERM components serve to support the bank's management in pursuing its strategy.

Risk Appetite Statement

The Risk Appetite Statement (RAS) is a high-level strategic statement and forms an integral part of Erste Group's business and risk strategy. It also serves as a formalised, high-level steering tool from which top-down targets for the bank's limit system on lower aggregation levels can be derived.

The objective of Erste Group's Risk Appetite Statement is to contain earnings volatility, avoid net losses, ensure a stable target rating for Erste Group (including all associated aspects, e.g. funding costs) and protect external and internal stakeholders.

In order to reach those goals, general indicators are defined as well as indicators for credit, market and liquidity risk. In order to ensure that the RAS is operationally efficient, the indicators are classified as either limits, targets or principles, where the main differences will be in the mechanisms triggered in case of a breach of the RAS during the year.

Exceeding a limit will typically trigger immediate management action. Counterbalancing measures have to be taken to close the limit breach as soon as possible, but at least within the next month. Targets are in general derived as part of the planning process, where the final budget is aligned with the targets set. A significant deviation from a target usually will trigger management action and a 'cure' plan over the next 12 months must be formulated. Principles are the equivalent to a qualitative strategic statement/directive and are monitored ex ante and operationalised (e.g. via guidelines and policies).

The Risk Appetite Statement is part of the yearly planning process. The indicators of the RAS are regularly monitored and reported to the management.

Portfolio and risk analytics

For the purpose of adequately managing the Group's risk portfolios according to the strategy, risks are systematically analysed within the scope of portfolio and risk analytics. Therefore, Erste Group has developed adequate infrastructure, systems and processes with which extensive analyses are ensured. Risks are quantified, qualified and discussed in a consistent management process in order to decide on appropriate measures on time.

Risk materiality assessment

For the purpose of systematically and continuously assessing all relevant risk types and identifying risks which are significant for the Group, Erste Group has defined a clear and structured risk materiality assessment approach which is based on defined quantitative and qualitative factors for each risk type.

This process constitutes the basis for the determination of material risk types to be included into the Risk-bearing Capacity Calculation. Insights generated by the assessment are also used to improve risk management practices per se to further mitigate risks within the Group but also as an input for the design and definition of the Group's Risk Appetite Statement. Furthermore, insights from the risk materiality assessment are considered in the stress test when defining stress parameters.

Concentration risk management

Erste Group has implemented a framework to identify, measure, control, report and manage concentration risks. This is essential to ensuring the long-term viability of Erste Group, and especially in times of stressed economic conditions.

Concentration risk management at Erste Group is based on a framework of processes, methodologies and reports covering both intra- and inter-risk concentrations. Concentration risks also comprise an integral part of stress test analyses. Furthermore, the outcome of a stress test is directly considered in the Risk-bearing Capacity Calculation of the Group

Additionally, the results of concentration risk assessments are used in defining the Risk Appetite Statement, defining stress factors for stress tests, and when setting or calibrating Erste Group's limit system.

Based on the results of concentration risk studies, potential regional, country and industry concentration risks could be identified in the credit portfolio. Country concentration mainly reflects the Group's strategy to operate in its core CEE region.

Risk modelling and stress testing

Modelling sensitivities of the Group's assets, liabilities and profit or loss provide management and steering impulses and help in optimising the Group's risk / return profile. The additional dimension of stress tests should help to factor in severe but plausible scenarios and provide further robustness to the measuring, steering and management system. Risk modelling and stress testing are vital forward-looking elements of ICAAP. Finally, sensitivities and stress scenarios are explicitly considered within the Group's planning and budgeting process as well as the Riskbearing Capacity Calculation and the setting of the Maximum Risk Exposure Limit (MREL).

Erste Group's most complex stress tests take comprehensive account of the impact of stress scenarios, including second-round effects on all risk types (credit, market, operational and liquidity) and in addition impacts on the associated volumes (assets/liabilities) as well as on profit and loss sensitivities.

Erste Group has developed specific tools to support the stress testing process, which represents a combined bottom-up and top-down approach. In addition, Erste Group leverages the intimate knowledge of its professionals located in the different regions to further calibrate the model-based stress parameters. Special attention is given to consider adequate granularity and special characteristics when defining the stress parameters (e.g. the particular developments in the respective region, industry, product type or segment). The adequacy of scenarios and stress parameters is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

Results from all of Erste Group's stress tests are checked as to their explanatory power in order to decide on appropriate measures. All stress tests performed in the reporting period clearly showed capital adequacy to be sufficient .

Erste Group additionally participated in several stress test exercises at both national (OeNB) and international (EBA) levels. The results of these stress tests showed, too, that Erste Group's regulatory capital was adequate.

Risk-bearing Capacity Calculation (RCC)

The Risk-bearing Capacity Calculation is ultimately the tool to define the capital adequacy required by ICAAP. Within the RCC, all material risks are aggregated and compared to the coverage potential and capital of the bank. The integral forecast, risk appetite limit as well as a traffic light system support management in its discussion and decision process.

The traffic light system embedded in Erste Group's RCC helps in alerting the management in case there is a need to decide, plan and execute actions to either replenish the capital base or to take appropriate business measures for reducing the risk.

The management board and risk management committees are briefed regularly (and at least on a quarterly basis) in relation to the results of the capital adequacy calculation. The report includes movements in risks and available capital and coverage potential after consideration of potential losses in stress situations, the degree of utilisation of the risk limit and overall status of capital adequacy according to the traffic light system. The Group Risk Report also includes a comprehensive forecast of risk-weighted assets and capital adequacy.

Other risk types, in particular liquidity, concentration and macroeconomic risks, are managed by means of a proactive management framework that includes forward-looking scenarios, stress testing, trigger levels and traffic light systems.

Based on the business and risk profile of Erste Group, currently the three main types of banking risks – credit risk, market risk and operational risk – are considered directly in the Risk-bearing Capital Calculation. Credit risk accounts for approximate 81% of the total economic capital requirement. Reflecting what management believes is Erste Group's conservative risk management policy and strategy, the Group does not offset diversification effects between these three risk types. The economic capital requirement for unexpected losses is computed on a one-year time horizon with a 99.95% confidence level, which reflects the implied default risk consistent with a long-term credit rating of AA.

The capital or coverage potential required to cover economic risks and unexpected losses is subdivided based on the characteristics of their components, such as the legal qualification of the source of capital and tenor of subordinated debt. The coverage potential must be sufficient to absorb unexpected losses resulting from the Group's operations.

Risk planning and forecasting

It lies within the responsibility of Strategic Risk Management of the Group and each subsidiary to ensure a sound risk planning and forecasting process. The numbers determined by risk management are a consequence of close co-operation with all stakeholders in the Group's overall planning process, and in particular with Controlling, Group Performance Management (GPM), Balance Sheet Management, Asset/Liability Management and the Business Lines. The relevant numbers flow directly into the Group steering and planning process, which is hosted by the Controlling department.

A particular role and forward-looking element is played by the quarterly forecast within the RCC and which is vital in determining the trigger level of the traffic light system.

RWA management

As risk-weighted assets (RWAs) determine the actual regulatory capital requirement of a bank and influence the capital ratio as a key performance indicator, particular emphasis is devoted to the planning and forecasting capacity for this parameter. Insights from RWA analyses are used to improve the calculation infra-

structure, increasing the quality level of input parameters and data as well as the most efficient application of the Basel framework.

Capital allocation

A particular task integral to the process is the allocation of capital to entities, business lines and segments. This is done with close co-operation between Strategic Risk Management and Controlling. All insight from the ICAAP and controlling processes is used to allocate capital with a view to risk / return considerations.

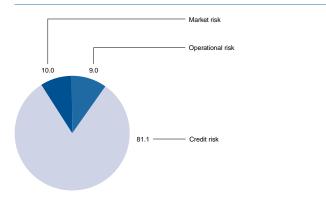
Emergency Response Plan

The Emergency Response Plan provides the general governance framework and action plan for the Group in case of a crisis situation in order to respond in a timely and effective manner to such situation. The ERP is a modular system which can be applied as required by a particular situation.

Erste Group's aggregate capital requirement by risk type

The following diagram presents the composition of the economic capital requirement as of 31 December 2011 according to type of risk:

Economic capital allocation in %, 2011



37.5) Credit risk

Credit risk arises in Erste Group's traditional lending and investment businesses. It involves losses incurred as a result of default by borrowers and the need to set aside provisions as a result of the deteriorating credit quality of certain borrowers, as well as counterparty risk from trading in market risk instruments. Country risk is also recognised in the calculation of credit risk. Operative credit decisions are made by the decentralised credit risk management units, namely, the Group Corporate Risk Management at group level and the credit risk management units at each of the banking subsidiaries. For a detailed explanation of the role and responsibilities of Group Corporate Risk Management, see 'Overview of risk management structure' in Note 37.2) Risk management organisation.

The central database used for credit risk management is the group data pool. All data relevant to credit risk management, performance management and determination of risk-weighted assets and the regulatory capital requirement are regularly input to this database. Relevant subsidiaries not yet integrated into the group data pool regularly deliver reporting packages.

The Group Enterprise-wide Risk Management and Reporting Department uses the group data pool for centralised credit risk reporting. This ensures centralised analysis and application of ratios according to unified methods and segmentation across Erste Group. The credit risk reporting is comprised of regular reports on Erste Group's credit portfolio for external and internal audiences and permits continuous monitoring of credit risk developments, thus enabling management to take control measures. In-house recipients of these reports include, above all, the supervisory and management boards of Erste Group Bank, as well as the risk managers, business unit directors and internal audit staff.

The Credit Limit System organisational unit is in charge of the roll-out and continuous technical improvement of a group-wide online limit system for capping counterparty risk arising from treasury transactions, as well as for surveillance of credit risk from exposure to clients that fall into the 'financial institutions', 'sovereigns' and 'international large corporates' asset segments and which work with several different members of Erste Group.

Internal rating system

Overview

Erste Group has business and risk strategies in place, as well as policies for lending and credit approval processes, which are reviewed and adjusted regularly (at minimum on a yearly basis). They cover the entire lending business, taking into account the nature, scope and risk level of the transactions and the counterparties involved. Credit approval is also based on the creditworthiness of the customer, the type of credit, collateral, covenant package and other risk mitigation factors involved.

The assessment of counterparty default risk within Erste Group is based on the customer's probability of default (PD). For each credit exposure and lending decision, Erste Group assigns an internal rating which is a unique measure of counterparty default risk. The internal rating of each customer is updated at least on an annual basis (Annual Rating Review). Ratings of customers in weaker rating classes are reviewed with higher frequency than the usual Annual Rating Review.

The main purpose of the internal ratings is to support the decision-making for lending and for the terms of credit facilities to be extended. However, internal ratings also determine the level of decision-making authority within Erste Group and the monitoring procedures for existing exposures. At a quantitative level, internal ratings drive the level of required risk pricing and risk provisions.

For IRB compliant entities of Erste Group, internal ratings are a key element of the risk-weighted assets' calculation. They are also used in the Group's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP). For these purposes, a distinct PD value is assigned to each rating grade for its IRB portfolios within the calibration process. Calibration is performed individually for each rating method. PD values reflect the 12-month expectation of long-term average default rates. In addition to the PD values, the bank assigns margins of conservatism dependent on the granularity of portfolios and relevant data history. Calibration of PD values is validated annually in line with all the rating methods validations.

Internal ratings take into account all available essential information for the assessment of counterparty default risk. For non-retail borrowers, internal ratings take into account financial strength of the counterparty, possibility of external support, company information, and external credit history information, where available. For the wholesale segment, internal ratings also take into account market information such as access to capital markets linked to external ratings or credit spreads. For retail clients, internal ratings are based mainly on behavioural and application scoring, but they also utilise demographic and financial information, supplemented by credit bureau information, where available. Rating ceiling rules on credit quality are applied based on membership in a group of economically related entities and country of main economic activity. Country ceilings are applied for cross-border financing facilities.

Internal rating models and risk parameters are developed by internal teams of specialists. Rating development follows an internal methodology formalised into a group-wide methodology and documentation standard. Rating models are developed based on relevant and most-accurate data covering always the respective market. In such way, Erste Group has established highly predictive rating models covering its entire core region.

All scorecards, whether retail or non-retail, are regularly validated based on a group-wide standard methodology. Validations are provided using statistical techniques in respect to default prediction performance, rating stability, data quality, completeness and relevancy, as well as, last but not least, the review of documentation and user acceptance. The results of this validation process are reported to the management and regulatory bodies. In addition to the validation process, the Group applies a monthly monitoring process on the performance of rating tools, reflecting the month-to-month new defaults and any early delinquencies.

A Holding Model Committee is established as an elementary steering and control body for the model development and maintenance process. The Holding Model Committee reports to the CRO Board. All new models and modifications of existing models in the group (rating models and risk parameters), as well as methodology standards, are reviewed by the Holding Model Committee. The Holding Model Committee ensures group-wide

integrity and consistency of models and methodologies. Besides its review function for new models and methodologies, the Holding Model Committee organises the group-wide validation process, reviews validation results and approves remedial actions. All development and validation activities are co-ordinated by the Group Credit Risk Methods organisational unit.

Risk grades and categories

The classification of credit assets into risk grades is based on Erste Group's internal ratings. Erste Group uses two internal risk scales for risk classification: for customers that have not defaulted, a risk scale of eight risk grades (for retail) and 13 risk grades (for all other segments) is used. Defaulted customers are classified into a separate risk grade. For newly acquired subsidiaries of Erste Group, the respective local risk classification is mapped to group standard classifications until internal rating systems according to group methodology are introduced.

For the purpose of external reporting, Erste Group has developed a framework to map the risk grades into four different risk categories, as follow:

Low risk: Typically regional customers with well-established and rather long-standing relationships with Erste Group or large internationally recognised customers. Strong and good financial position and no foreseeable financial difficulties. Retail clients having long relationships with the bank, or clients with a wide product pool use. No late payments currently or in the most recent 12 months. New business is generally with clients in this risk category.

Management attention: Vulnerable non-retail clients, which may have overdue payments or defaults in their credit history or may encounter debt repayment difficulties in the medium-term. Retail clients with limited savings or probable payment problems in the past triggering early collection reminders. These clients typically have good recent histories and no current delinquencies.

Substandard: The borrower is vulnerable to negative financial and economic developments. Such loans are managed in specialised risk management departments.

Non-performing: One or more of the default criteria under Basel II are met: full repayment unlikely, interest or principal payments on a material exposure more than 90 days past due, restructuring resulting in a loss to the lender, realisation of a loan loss, or initiation of bankruptcy proceedings. For purposes of analysing non-performing positions, Erste Group applies the 'customer view' in Austria. Accordingly, if an Austrian customer defaults on one product then all of that customer's performing products are classified as non-performing. For corporate borrowers in CEE, the customer view is also applied. However, in the retail and SME segment in CEE, Erste Group uses the 'product view', so that only the product actually in default

is counted as a NPL whereas the other products of the same customer are considered performing.

Credit risk review and monitoring

Credit monitoring

In order to manage the credit risk for large corporates, banks, sovereigns and country risk, credit limits are established to reflect the maximum exposure Erste Group is willing to take on that particular customer or group of connected customers. All credit limits and the exposures booked within the limits are reviewed at least once a year. For small corporates and retail customers, monitoring and credit review is based on a rating model, which is updated monthly. For weaker small corporates (with a risk category of 'Management attention' or 'Substandard'), a continuous review process is undertaken.

Credit portfolio reports for asset classes and business lines are prepared on a regular basis. Watch-list meetings or remedial committee meetings are held on a regular basis to discuss customers with weak ratings or to discuss pre-emptive measures to help a particular client avoid default.

For retail businesses, local operational risk management is responsible to undertake these monitoring activities and fulfil the minimum requirements of Group Retail Risk Management.

Credit risk exposure

Credit risk exposure relates to the following balance sheet items:

- _ loans and advances to credit institutions;
- _ loans and advances to customers;
- _ debt securities held for trading, at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale, and held to maturity;
- _ derivatives; and
- _ credit risks held off balance sheet (primarily financial guarantees and undrawn credit commitments).

The credit risk exposure comprises the gross amount without taking into account loan loss provisions, any collateral held (including risk transfer to guarantors), netting effects, other credit enhancements or other credit risk mitigating transactions. The figures relating to 31 December 2010 which are mentioned in the text of this chapter refer to values after restatement of the consolidated financial statements. Similarly, absolute and percentage differences between 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 correspond to values of the restated balance sheet as of 31 December 2010.

The credit risk exposure of Erste Group increased by 1.3% or EUR 2.9 billion from EUR 216.6 billion as of 31 December 2010 to EUR 219.5 billion as of 31 December 2011 is presented by

- _ Basel II exposure class and financial instrument,
- _ industry and financial instrument,
- _ risk category,
- _ industry and risk category,
- _ region and risk category, and
- _ business segment and risk category.

Hereafter is presented a breakdown of

- contingent credit risk liabilities by country of risk and risk category, and
- _ contingent credit risk liabilities by product, as well as
- _ credit risk exposure to sovereigns by country of risk and financial instrument, and
- _ credit risk exposure to institutions by country of risk and financial instrument.

This is followed by presentations of

- non-performing credit risk exposure by business segment and risk provisions,
- _ credit risk exposure by business segment and collateral,
- _ credit risk exposure past due and not covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class and collateralisation, and
- _ credit risk exposure covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class

and a breakdown of

- loans and advances to customers by business segment and risk category (including coverage of non-performing loans and advances to customers by risk provisions and collateral), and
- _ loans and advances to customers by business segment and currency.

Credit risk exposure by Basel II exposure class and financial instrument

The following tables include Erste Group's credit risk exposure broken down by Basel II exposure class and financial instrument as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The assignment of obligors to Basel II exposure classes is based on legal regulations. For reasons of clarity, individual Basel II exposure classes are presented in aggregated form in the tables

below and in other tables in the chapter 'credit risk'. The aggregated exposure class 'sovereigns' also contains regional and local governments as well as public sector entities in addition to central governments, central banks, international organisations and multinational development banks.

Credit risk exposure by Basel II exposure class and financial instrument in 2011

				Debt instrur	nents				
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers amortised cost	Held to maturity	Trading assets	loss	Available for sale r value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments	Contingent credit liabilities	Credit risk exposure
Sovereigns	1,556	8,247	12,427	4,638	928	9,230	166	1,276	38,468
Institutions	6,008	174	2,388	573	309	5,432	9,853	509	25,246
Corporates	13	61,968	1,259	259	265	2,992	904	15,932	83,592
Retail	0	64,361	0	0	0	0	7	7,782	72,150
Total	7,578	134,750	16,074	5,471	1,502	17,654	10,931	25,499	219,457

Credit risk exposure by Basel II exposure class and financial instrument in 2010

		-	Debt instruments						
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers amortised cost	Held to maturity	Trading assets	loss	Available for sale r value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments restated	Contingent credit liabilities restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Sovereigns	4,988	7,605	9,744	3,912	1,334	6,230	213	1,574	35,599
Institutions	7,494	146	3,115	763	500	4,803	7,674	752	25,246
Corporates	14	60,498	1,376	281	195	3,703	619	17,422	84,108
Retail	0	64,481	0	0	0	0	2	7,524	72,007
Total without EIR									
restatement	12,496	132,729	14,235	4,956	2,028	14,736	8,508	27,271	216,960
EIR restatement									(395)
Total	· ·	·		·	·		· ·	·	216,565

Credit risk exposure by industry and financial instruments

The following tables present Erste Group's credit risk exposure by industry, broken down by financial instruments, as of each reporting date indicated.

Credit risk exposure by industry and financial instrument in 2011

	•			Debt instr	uments			•	•
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions at a	Loans and advances to customers	Held to maturity	Trading assets	loss	Available for sale r value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments	Contingent credit liabilities	Credit risk exposure
Agriculture and									
forestry	0	2,076	0	0	0	0	2	285	2,362
Mining	0	460	0	0	0	2	0	116	578
Manufacturing	0	10,931	111	20	1	119	125	3,865	15,172
Energy and water supply	0	2,419	51	18	0	68	33	955	3,544
Construction	0	6,745	141	1	0	65	8	3,220	10,179
Trade	0	9,476	0	1	0	9	84	2,458	12,028
Transport and communication Hotels and	0	3,770	154	12	0	365	26	644	4,970
restaurants	0	4,227	10	0	0	2	33	513	4,785
Financial and insurance services	7,578	6,633	3,166	1,931	707	8,511	10,094	2,468	41,088
Real estate and housing	0	20,630	54	9	4	233	224	2,111	23,265
Services	0	5,441	98	33	0	272	61	1,193	7,098
Public administration	0	7,166	12,247	3,442	790	7,768	161	997	32,571
Education, health and art	0	2,498	0	0	0	0	6	452	2,957
Private households	0	52,031	0	0	0	0	5	5,647	57,683
Other	0	247	42	2	0	241	70	575	1,177
Total	7,578	134,750	16,074	5,471	1,502	17,654	10,931	25,499	219,457

Credit risk exposure by industry and financial instrument in 2010

		•		Debt instr	uments			•	
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers	Held to maturity	Trading assets	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale air value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments restated	Contingent credit liabilities restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Agriculture and									
forestry	0	1,946	0	0	0	0	0	281	2,227
Mining	0	494	0	4	0	4	0	97	599
Manufacturing	0	10,619	32	70	1	113	89	4,034	14,958
Energy and water supply	0	2,330	50	13	0	82	16	872	3,363
Construction	0	6,252	224	3	0	88	4	3,002	9,573
Trade	0	9,299	15	9	0	48	58	2,752	12,181
Transport and communication	0	3,900	171	66	0	290	34	639	5,100
Hotels and restaurants	0	4,250	11	0	0	2	18	490	4,771
Financial and insurance services	12,492	7,214	3,936	1,366	827	7,699	7,798	3,758	45,090
Real estate and housing	0	20,035	95	8	3	207	137	2,340	22,825
Services	0	5,162	41	43	2	265	34	1,150	6,697
Public administration	0	6,872	9,623	3,370	1,180	5,548	199	1,327	28,119
Education, health and									
art	0	2,387	0	0	0	15	2	452	2,856
Private households	0	51,755	0	0	0	0	2	5,461	57,218
Other	5	215	37	4	15	375	116	616	1,383
Total without EIR restatement	12,497	132,730	14,235	4,956	2,028	14,736	8,507	27,271	216,960
EIR restatement									(395)
Total									216,565

Credit risk exposure by risk category

The following table presents the credit risk exposure of Erste Group divided by risk category as of 31 December 2011, compared with the credit risk exposure as of 31 December 2010.

Credit risk exposure by risk category

	0 ,						
in EUR million	Low risk	Management attention	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure (pre EIR restatement)	EIR restatement	Credit risk exposure
Total exposure as of 31 Dec			•		-	•	
2011	175,425	27,038	5,194	11,800	219,457	0	219,457
Share of credit risk exposure	79.9%	12.3%	2.4%	5.4%	100.0%		
	restated	restated					restated
Total exposure as of 31 Dec							
2010	172,396	26,736	7,343	10,485	216,960	(395)	216,565
Share of credit risk exposure	79.5%	12.3%	3.4%	4.8%	100.0%		
Change in credit risk exposure							
in 2011	3,029	302	(2,149)	1,315	2,497		2,892
Change	1.8%	1.1%	(29.3)%	12.5%	1.2%		1.3%

From 31 December 2010 to 31 December 2011, the percentage of credit risk exposure in the low risk and non-performing categories increased, while exposure decreased in the other two categories. Non-performing claims as a share of total credit risk exposure (i.e. the non-performing ratio) showed an increase from

4.8% to 5.4%. Of Erste Group's total credit exposure, 79.9% constituted the best risk category and 12.3% was in the management attention category. The combined proportion of the two weaker risk categories decreased from 8.2% to 7.8% between 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011.

Credit risk exposure by industry and risk category

The following tables present the credit risk exposure of Erste Group broken down by industry and risk category as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Credit risk exposure by industry and risk category in 2011

in EUR million	Low risk	Manage- ment attention	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure
Agriculture and forestry	1,459	603	60	241	2,362
Mining	439	68	4	67	578
Manufacturing	9,709	3,305	423	1,735	15,172
Energy and water supply	2,722	585	86	151	3,544
Construction	6,670	1,901	477	1,132	10,179
Trade	7,954	2,398	312	1,364	12,028
Transport and communication	3,369	1,017	125	460	4,970
Hotels and restaurants	2,399	1,285	317	784	4,785
Financial and insurance services	39,335	1,224	131	398	41,088
Real estate and housing	17,860	3,562	565	1,278	23,265
Services	5,284	1,040	186	587	7,098
Public administration	31,493	995	36	47	32,571
Education, health and art	2,284	500	41	132	2,957
Private households	44,032	8,447	1,842	3,362	57,683
Other	416	107	591	63	1,177
Total	175,425	27,038	5,194	11,800	219,457

Credit risk exposure by industry and risk category in 2010

in EUR million	Low risk restated	Manage- ment attention restated	Sub- standard restated	Non-per- forming restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Agriculture and forestry	1,169	697	148	213	2,227
Mining	410	96	8	85	599
Manufacturing	8,529	4,003	1,124	1,302	14,958
Energy and water supply	2,733	424	78	128	3,363
Construction	5,938	1,984	792	858	9,572
Trade	7,708	2,823	465	1,185	12,181
Transport and communication	3,254	1,137	276	434	5,101
Hotels and restaurants	2,240	1,540	315	676	4,771
Financial and insurance services	42,874	1,595	199	421	45,089
Real estate and housing	16,651	4,199	969	1,007	22,826
Services	4,555	1,320	213	608	6,696
Public administration	27,457	591	64	6	28,118
Education, health and art	2,213	443	61	139	2,856
Private households	46,227	5,681	1,910	3,401	57,219
Other	438	203	721	22	1,384
Total without EIR restatement	172,396	26,736	7,343	10,485	216,960
EIR restatement					(395)
Total		·	·		216,565

Credit risk exposure by region and risk category

The geographic analysis of credit exposure is based on the risk country of the borrower. Accordingly, the distribution among Erste Group entities of the credit risk exposure by geography differs from the composition of credit risk exposure in terms of reporting segments of Erste Group.

The following tables present the credit risk exposure of Erste Group divided by region as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Credit risk exposure by region and risk category in 2011

or can receive the court of region and rich of					
in EUR million	Low risk	Manage- ment attention	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure
Core market	142,947	25,055	4,889	10,822	183,714
Austria	76,513	9,114	1,686	3,316	90,629
Croatia	5,954	2,417	466	982	9,818
Romania	10,641	4,924	869	2,813	19,247
Serbia	587	365	16	71	1,039
Slovakia	10,299	1,412	260	539	12,509
Slovenia	1,519	264	167	236	2,187
Czech Republic	29,197	4,128	693	1,039	35,058
Ukraine	423	574	136	230	1,362
Hungary	7,812	1,858	598	1,597	11,864
Other EU	25,336	1,466	170	613	27,584
Other industrialised countries	4,181	204	46	178	4,610
Emerging markets	2,960	313	89	186	3,549
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	1,298	222	47	148	1,714
Asia	714	14	40	22	791
Latin America	167	8	2	9	186
Middle East/Africa	782	69	0	7	858
Total	175,425	27,038	5,194	11,800	219,457

Credit risk exposure by region and risk category in 2010

in EUR million	Low risk restated	Manage- ment attention restated	Sub- standard restated	Non-per- forming restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Core market	140,048	24,187	6,891	9,718	180,844
Austria	74,956	9,728	1,804	3,565	90,053
Croatia	6,050	2,171	255	760	9,236
Romania	9,652	3,672	2,426	2,270	18,020
Serbia	434	360	10	61	865
Slovakia	9,897	868	362	505	11,632
Slovenia	1,558	328	125	207	2,218
Czech Republic	28,962	4,657	1,070	1,147	35,836
Ukraine	354	453	128	204	1,139
Hungary	8,185	1,950	711	999	11,845
Other EU	23,968	1,804	317	424	26,513
Other industrialised countries	5,137	352	43	201	5,733
Emerging markets	3,243	393	92	142	3,870
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	1,179	237	28	123	1,567
Asia	865	22	56	4	947
Latin America	189	43	3	11	246
Middle East/Africa	1,010	91	5	4	1,110
Total without EIR restatement	172,396	26,736	7,343	10,485	216,960
EIR restatement					(395)
Total					216,565

The growth in credit risk exposure by EUR 2.9 billion from 31 December 2010 to 31 December 2011 reflected an increase of EUR 2.3 billion, or 2.5%, in the CEE core markets and an increase of EUR 576 million, or 0.6%, in Austria, coupled with an increase of nearly EUR 1.1 billion, or 4.0%, in the other EU member states (EU 27 excluding core markets), a decrease in

other industrialised countries of more than EUR 1.1 billion, or almost 20%, and a decrease of EUR 321 million, or 8.3%, in emerging markets. The countries of Erste Group's core market and the EU accounted for 96.3% of credit risk exposure as of 31 December 2011. At 1.6%, credit risk exposure in emerging markets remained of minor significance.

Credit risk exposure by business segment and risk category

This section describes the composition of credit exposure based on reporting segments. Exposure is classified into segments based on the domicile of the group entities that carry the credit risk on their books.

The following tables show the credit risk exposure of Erste Group broken down by reporting segment as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Credit risk exposure by business segment and risk category in 2011

. ,	0 1				
in EUR million	Low risk	Manage- ment attention	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure
Retail & SME	125,950	22,282	4,275	10,395	162,902
Austria	75,183	9,928	1,632	3,854	90,597
EB Österreich	33,193	2,973	401	1,148	37,716
Savings Banks	41,990	6,955	1,231	2,706	52,881
CEE	50,767	12,355	2,642	6,541	72,305
Czech Republic	24,962	3,739	608	975	30,284
Romania	7,542	3,844	734	2,579	14,699
Slovakia	8,553	916	223	498	10,189
Hungary	3,655	1,648	517	1,504	7,324
Croatia	5,184	1,825	443	764	8,216
Serbia	416	228	15	59	718
Ukraine	455	155	101	161	873
Group Corporate & Investment Banking	23,330	4,411	569	1,398	29,708
Group Markets	18,987	176	3	3	19,169
Corporate Center	7,158	169	348	4	7,679
Total	175,425	27,038	5,194	11,800	219,457

Credit risk exposure by business segment and risk category in 2010

in EUR million	Low risk restated	Manage- ment attention restated	Sub- standard restated	Non-per- forming restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Retail & SME	123,209	20,962	5,702	9,191	159,064
Austria	73,269	10,620	1,746	3,956	89,591
EB Österreich	32,645	3,241	443	1,217	37,546
Savings Banks	40,624	7,379	1,303	2,739	52,045
CEE	49,940	10,342	3,956	5,235	69,473
Czech Republic	22,457	3,387	695	1,064	27,603
Romania	8,337	2,875	2,024	2,030	15,266
Slovakia	8,042	580	293	462	9,377
Hungary	5,049	1,548	615	937	8,149
Croatia	5,360	1,622	244	560	7,786
Serbia	358	156	9	44	567
Ukraine	337	174	76	138	725
Group Corporate & Investment Banking	23,466	5,283	1,190	1,244	31,183
Group Markets	19,302	238	25	6	19,571
Corporate Center	6,419	254	424	45	7,142
Total without EIR restatement	172,396	26,737	7,341	10,486	216,960
EIR restatement					(395)
Total					216,565

Contingent credit liabilities by region and risk category

The following tables present the credit risk exposure of Erste Group's off-balance-sheet positions broken down by region and risk category, as well as by product, as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Contingent credit liabilities by region and risk category in 2011

		Manage-			
to FUD oction	L accordate	ment	Sub-	Non-per-	Credit risk
in EUR million	Low risk	attention	standard	forming	exposure
Core market	19,871	2,618	716	265	23,470
Austria	13,896	846	542	146	15,431
Croatia	550	176	20	14	760
Romania	1,247	757	28	55	2,085
Serbia	74	25	2	1	103
Slovakia	825	110	24	7	966
Slovenia	117	57	2	8	184
Czech Republic	2,773	524	83	26	3,406
Ukraine	0	67	0	0	67
Hungary	389	58	14	8	468
Other EU	1,324	195	11	22	1,552
Other industrialised countries	206	10	10	1	227
Emerging markets	217	27	2	3	250
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	127	12	2	3	144
Asia	12	1	0	0	13
Latin America	17	3	0	0	20
Middle East/Africa	62	12	0	0	73
Total	21,618	2,851	739	290	25,499

Contingent credit liabilities by region and risk category in 2010

Contingent orealt habilities by region an	a non category in 2010	·			
in EUR million	Low risk restated	Manage- ment attention restated	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure restated
Core market	20,704	2,942	884	305	24,835
Austria	14,827	1,081	513	174	16,595
Croatia	614	209	9	13	846
Romania	894	588	257	62	1,801
Serbia	57	27	1	0	85
Slovakia	983	81	32	8	1,104
Slovenia	130	39	2	8	179
Czech Republic	2,760	726	43	32	3,561
Ukraine	8	72	4	1	85
Hungary	430	118	24	7	579
Other EU	1,472	248	4	17	1,740
Other industrialised countries	444	17	17	12	490
Emerging markets	152	53	0	0	206
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	72	19	0	0	92
Asia	25	0	0	0	25
Latin America	17	0	0	0	17
Middle East/Africa	38	34	0	0	72
Total without EIR restatement	22,772	3,260	905	334	27,271
EIR restatement	•	•	•		0
Total					27,271

Contingent credit liabilities by product

in EUR million	2011	2010 restated
Financial guarantees	6,920	7,826
Irrevocable commitments	18,579	19,445
Total	25,499	27,271

Credit risk exposure to sovereigns by region and financial instrument

The following tables show Erste Group's credit risk exposure to sovereigns broken down by region and financial instrument as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The assignment of obligors to sovereigns is based on Basel II exposure classes.

Credit risk exposure of sovereigns by region and financial instrument in 2011

				Debt instr	uments				
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers amortised co	Held to maturity	Trading assets	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale ir value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments	Contingent credit liabilities	Credit risk exposure
Core market	1,516	7,772	12,192	4,184	343	7,280	166	_ 1,257	34,709
Austria	0	3,960	842	58	0	3,511	51	777	9,201
Croatia	642	783	86	138	0	497	0	56	2,202
Romania	166	1,388	1,936	550	6	1,201	0	123	5,371
Serbia	57	66	3	9	0	36	0	1	171
Slovakia	0	235	2,597	552	46	998	2	4	4,435
Slovenia	0	28	47	2	0	168	0	0	246
Czech Republic	620	658	5,671	1,548	112	352	112	256	9,330
Ukraine	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
Hungary	30	618	1,010	1,326	179	516	0	39	3,718
Other EU	0	122	216	443	585	1,450	0	16	2,833
Other industrialised countries	23	0	0	4	0	381	0	0	409
Emerging markets	18	353	19	7	0	119	0	3	518
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	0	115	18	6	0	112	0	3	254
Asia	0	147	1	0	0	2	0	0	150
Latin America	3	51	0	0	0	1	0	0	54
Middle East/Africa	14	40	0	0	0	4	0	0	60
Total	1,556	8,247	12,427	4,638	928	9,230	166	1,276	38,468

Credit risk exposure of sovereigns by region and financial instrument in 2010

	•	•	•	Debt instr	uments		•	•	•
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers	Held to maturity	Trading assets	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments restated	Contingent credit liabilities restated	Credit risk exposure restated
	at a	mortised cos	t		fai	r value			
Core market	4,925	7,204	9,318	3,603	153	4,940	189	1,482	31,813
Austria	544	3,703	399	218	2	2,627	28	819	8,341
Croatia	529	484	98	173	0	334	1	6	1,626
Romania	0	1,590	1,381	606	6	894	1	179	4,657
Serbia	4	72	37	10	0	0	0	0	124
Slovakia	0	69	2,140	753	7	849	2	54	3,873
Slovenia	0	20	29	0	0	65	0	21	134
Czech Republic	3,751	699	4,097	1,110	126	30	152	363	10,329
Ukraine	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	32
Hungary	96	535	1,135	732	12	140	5	40	2,696
Other EU	0	136	424	309	1,181	909	8	66	3,034
Other industrialised countries	23	0	0	0	0	276	0	25	324
Emerging markets	40	264	2	0	0	105	16	1	429
South-Eastern									
Europe/CIS	0	72	2	0	0	96	0	0	170
Asia	0	99	0	0	0	3	16	0	118
Latin America	3	58	0	0	0	1	0	0	62
Middle East/Africa	37	35	0	0	0	6	0	1	79
Total without EIR									
restatement	4,988	7,605	9,744	3,912	1,334	6,230	213	1,574	35,599
EIR restatement									0
Total	•	-		-			-		35,599

Credit risk exposure institutions by region and financial instrument

The following tables present Erste Group's credit risk exposure to institutions broken down by region and financial instrument as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The assignment of obligors to institutions is based on Basel II exposure classes.

Credit risk exposure to institutions by region and financial instrument in 2011

				Debt instr	uments				
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers	Held to maturity	Trading assets	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments	Contingent credit liabilities	Credit risk exposure
	at	amortised co	st		fa	air value			
Core market	1,808	120	890	380	62	2,614	588	441	6,903
Austria	660	3	307	280	57	1,394	417	337	3,455
Croatia	51	4	0	11	0	0	3	0	68
Romania	28	0	0	2	0	0	2	50	82
Serbia	17	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
Slovakia	5	0	2	0	1	75	15	0	98
Slovenia	86	0	10	0	0	85	0	2	184
Czech Republic	871	63	526	0	4	830	143	13	2,450
Ukraine	31	0	0	86	0	227	0	0	344
Hungary	59	48	45	2	0	2	8	38	202
Other EU	1,879	39	1,150	172	198	2,494	8,753	27	14,711
Other industrialised countries	1,290	0	164	21	48	318	510	10	2,361
Emerging markets	1,031	15	183	0	0	7	3	32	1,271
South-eastern Europe/CIS	138	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	141
Asia	412	0	55	0	0	0	2	11	480
Latin America	32	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	48
Middle East/Africa	448	0	129	0	0	5	0	20	602
Total	6,008	174	2,388	573	309	5,432	9,853	509	25,246

Credit risk exposure to institutions by region and financial instrument in 2010

		•		Debt instr	uments			•	•
in EUR million	Loans and advances to credit institutions	Loans and advances to customers amortised co	Held to maturity	Trading assets	loss	Available for sale air value	Positive fair value of derivative financial instruments restated	Contingent credit liabilities restated	Credit risk exposure restated
Core market	3,388	50	824	476	71	2,458	632	527	8,425
Austria	1,264	8	273	370	66	1,449	482	424	4,336
Croatia	136	5	0	11	0	0	1	5	158
Romania	318	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	323
Serbia	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Slovakia	2	0	27	10	1	41	15	0	95
Slovenia	155	0	10	14	0	92	0	4	275
Czech Republic	1,312	0	457	9	4	706	121	1	2,610
Ukraine	14	0	0	53	0	151	0	1	219
Hungary	179	34	57	8	0	19	11	91	397
Other EU	2,389	73	1,473	229	375	1,965	6,545	126	13,174
Other industrialised countries	633	0	291	58	53	377	492	31	1,936
Emerging markets	1,085	23	527	0	0	3	5	68	1,711
South-Eastern Europe/CIS	169	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	174
Asia	345	0	182	0	0	0	5	23	555
Latin America	53	23	10	0	0	0	0	0	86
Middle East/Africa	517	0	335	0	0	0	0	43	896
Total without EIR restatement	7,494	146	3,115	763	500	4,803	7,674	752	25,246
EIR restatement									0
Total									25,246

Non-performing credit risk exposure, risk provisions and collateral

For the definition of credit risk exposure classified as nonperforming, please refer to the description of risk categories in the section 'Internal rating system' under Note 37.5.

Erste Group allocates provisions for credit risk losses. It has established a common framework referred to as Group IFRS Principles for Credit Risk Loss Provisions which defines minimum standards and principles for credit risk provisioning related to processes and measurement. According to the underlying methodological standards, the policy distinguishes between

 loan loss provisions allocated for financial assets carried at amortised cost according to IAS 39 requirements, and contingent credit risk provisions allocated for contingent credit liabilities reflecting IAS 37 principles.

In both areas, risk provisions are further split into specific and portfolio provisions, whereby specific provisions are allocated for defaulted and portfolio provisions for non-defaulted customers or products. Portfolio loan loss provisions are calculated according to the incurred but not reported losses methodology. Specific loan loss provisions are calculated by estimating future cash flows, including collateral recoveries, and discounting these by the original effective interest rate. Contingent credit risk provisions are based on expected loss methodology.

The following table shows the risk provisions divided into specific and portfolio provisions and provisions for guarantees as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

in EUR million	2011	2010
Specific provisions	6,113	5,315
Portfolio provisions	914	804
Provision for guarantees	186	186
Total	7,213	6,305

Risk provisions covered 61.1% of the reported non-performing credit risk exposure as of 31 December 2011. For the portion of the non-performing credit risk exposure that is not covered by provisions, Erste Group assumes there are sufficient levels of collateral and expected other recoveries.

In the 12 months ended 31 December 2011, the non-performing credit risk exposure increased by approximately EUR 1.3 billion, or 12.5%, from EUR 10.5 billion as of 31 December 2010 to EUR 11.8 billion as of 31 December 2011. Erste Group saw a declining growth rate in formation of new non-performing credit risk exposure during the second half of 2011. Risk provisions were increased by EUR 906 million, or 14.4%, from EUR 6.3 billion as of 31 December 2010 to EUR 7.2 billion as of 31 December 2011. These movements resulted in a net increase in coverage of the non-performing credit risk exposure by one percentage point from 60.1% to 61.1%.

The following tables show the coverage of the non-performing credit risk exposure across the reporting segments by provisions (excluding collateral) as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The differences in provisioning levels for the segments result from the risk situation in the respective markets, different levels of collateralisation, as well as the local legal environments and regulatory requirements.

The non-performing ratio is calculated by dividing non-performing credit risk exposure by total credit risk exposure. The non-performing coverage ratio is calculated by dividing risk provisions by non-performing credit risk exposure. Collateral or other recoveries are not taken into account.

Coverage of NPL by provisions in 2011

	Credit risk	exposure			
in EUR million	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure	Risk provisions	Non- performing- ratio	Non- performing coverage ratio
Retail & SME	10,395	162,902	6,390	6.4%	61.5%
Austria	3,854	90,597	2,346	4.3%	60.9%
Erste Bank Oesterreich	1,148	37,716	735	3.0%	64.0%
Savings Banks	2,706	52,881	1,611	5.1%	59.5%
Central and Eastern Europe	6,541	72,305	4,044	9.0%	61.8%
Czech Republic	975	30,284	674	3.2%	69.1%
Romania	2,579	14,699	1,283	17.5%	49.8%
Slovakia	498	10,189	399	4.9%	80.2%
Hungary	1,504	7,324	1,055	20.5%	70.2%
Croatia	764	8,216	425	9.3%	55.6%
Serbia	59	718	54	8.3%	91.1%
Ukraine	161	873	154	18.5%	95.3%
Group Corporate and Investment Banking	1,398	29,708	818	4.7%	58.5%
Group Markets	3	19,169	0	0.0%	1.7%
Corporate Center	4	7,679	6	0.1%	139.3%
Total	11,800	219.457	7,213	5.4%	61.1%

Coverage of NPL by provisions in 2010

	Credit risk	exposure	•		
in EUR million	Non-per- forming	Credit risk exposure restated	Risk provisions	Non- performing ratio restated	Non- performing coverage ratio restated
Retail & SME	9,191	159,065	5,570	5.8%	60.6%
Austria	3,956	89,591	2,350	4.4%	59.4%
Erste Bank Oesterreich	1,217	37,547	745	3.2%	61.2%
Savings Banks	2,739	52,044	1,605	5.3%	58.6%
Central and Eastern Europe	5,235	69,474	3,220	7.5%	61.5%
Czech Republic	1,064	27,603	731	3.9%	68.7%
Romania	2,030	15,266	1,102	13.3%	54.3%
Slovakia	462	9,377	383	4.9%	82.8%
Hungary	937	8,149	471	11.5%	50.2%
Croatia	560	7,786	340	7.2%	60.7%
Serbia	44	568	45	7.8%	102.4%
Ukraine	138	725	148	19.0%	107.6%
Group Corporate and Investment Banking	1,244	31,183	703	4.0%	56.5%
Group Markets	6	19,570	1	0.0%	10.5%
Corporate Center	45	7,142	33	0.6%	72.1%
Total without EIR restatement	10,486	216,960	6,307	4.8%	60.1%
EIR restatement	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(395)	•	•	
Total	10,486	216,565	6,307	4.8%	60.1%

Erste Group focuses on early identification of customers who are facing difficulties with payments or other loan-related obligations with the aim of restructuring their loans if the mid- to long-term outlook is positive. It believes that this can help to build customer loyalty for long-term relationships and co-operation. In principle, Erste Group follows a policy of restructuring by lengthening maturity and/or by deferring capital repayment but insisting on payment of interest.

Recognition of collateral

At the beginning of 2011, the Collateral Management Department was created as a staff unit within the Group Corporate Workout business area. The adopted 'Standards and Rules for Collateral Management' define, among other things, uniform valuation standards for credit collateral for the entire Group. These ensure both that the requirements of credit risk mitigation are met and the standardisation of credit risk decision processes with respect to the assets recognised as collateral.

All the collateral types acceptable within the Group are given in an exhaustive list in the Group Collateral Catalogue. Locally permitted collateral is defined by the respective bank in accordance with applicable national legal provisions. The valuation and revaluation of collateral is done according to the principles defined in the Group Catalogue broken down by class and based on the internal work instructions in accordance with the individual supervisory requirements. Whether a type of security or a specific collateral asset is accepted for credit risk mitigation is decided by Strategic Risk Management after determining if the

applicable regulatory capital requirements are met. Adherence to the standard work processes stipulated for assigning the acceptable collateral assets to the categories available is monitored by operative risk management.

Main types of collateral

The following types of collateral are the most frequently accepted:

- _ Real estate: This includes both private and commercial real estate.
- _ Financial collateral: This category includes primarily securities portfolios and cash deposits as well as life insurance policies.
- _ Guarantees: Guarantees are provided mainly by states, banks and companies. All guarantors must have a minimum credit rating that is reviewed annually.

Other types of collateral such as real collateral in the form of movable property or the assignment of receivables are accepted less frequently.

Collateral valuation and management

Collateral valuation is based on current market prices taking into account an amount that can be recovered within a reasonable period. The valuation processes are defined and technically implemented by authorised staff with the assistance of software applications. Only independent appraisers not involved in the lending decision process are permitted to conduct real estate valuations, and the valuation methods to be applied are defined. For quality assurance purposes, the real estate valuations are validated on an ongoing basis.

The methods and discounts used for valuations are based on empirical data representing past experience of the workout departments and on the collected data on loss recovery from realising collateral. The valuation methods are adjusted regularly – at least once a year – to reflect current recoveries. Financial collateral assets are recognised at market value.

The revaluation of collateral is done periodically and is automated as far as possible. In the case of external data sources, the appropriate interfaces are used. The maximum periods for the revaluation of individual collateral assets are predefined and compliance is monitored by risk management using software applications. Apart from periodic revaluations, collateral is assessed when information becomes available that indicates a decrease in the value of the collateral for exceptional reasons.

Concentration risks resulting from credit risk mitigation techniques may affect a single customer, but also a portfolio defined by region, industry or type of security. Erste Group is a retail bank and due to its customer structure and the markets in which it

does business, it does not have any concentrations with respect to collateral from customers. Concerning other areas of a potentially detrimental correlation of risks, the collateral portfolios are analysed using statistical evaluations for, among other things, regional or industry-specific concentrations within the scope of portfolio monitoring. Early warning tools play an important role. The response to those risks identified includes, above all, the adjustment of volume targets, setting of corresponding limits and modification of the staff's discretionary limits for lending.

Collaterals obtained in foreclosure procedures are made available for sale in an orderly fashion, with the proceeds used to reduce or repay the outstanding claim. Generally, Erste Group does not occupy repossessed properties for its own business use. The main part of assets taken onto its own books are commercial land and buildings. In addition, privately occupied properties and transport vehicles are taken into Erste Group's possession. The carrying value of these assets amounted to EUR 312 million as of 31 December 2011.

The following tables compare the credit risk exposure broken down by business segment as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively, to the collateral received.

Credit risk exposure by business segment and collateral in 2011

			Collaterals an	d other credit risk n	nitigation	
in EUR million	Credit risk exposure	Collaterals total	Guaran- tees	Real estate	Other	Credit risk exposure excluding collaterals
Retail & SME	162,902	74,408	5,280	57,111	12,016	88,494
Austria	90,597	44,083	4,168	33,681	6,234	46,514
EB Österreich	37,716	21,205	2,149	16,290	2,767	16,511
Savings Banks	52,881	22,878	2,019	17,392	3,467	30,003
CEE	72,305	30,325	1,112	23,430	5,782	41,980
Czech Republic	30,284	8,713	549	7,297	867	21,571
Romania	14,699	8,749	185	5,071	3,494	5,949
Slovakia	10,189	4,567	74	4,187	306	5,623
Hungary	7,324	4,485	83	3,673	729	2,840
Croatia	8,216	3,099	181	2,703	215	5,117
Serbia	718	285	41	192	53	433
Ukraine	873	425	0	307	119	448
Group Corporate &						
Investment Banking	29,708	9,442	2,220	5,807	1,415	20,266
Group Markets	19,169	2,343	110	0	2,233	16,826
Corporate Center	7,679	768	570	22	177	6,910
Total	219,457	86,961	8,181	62,940	15,840	132,496

Credit risk exposure by business segment and collateral in 2010

			Collaterals an	d other credit risk n	nitigation	
in EUR million	Credit risk exposure restated	Collaterals total	Guaran- tees	Real estate	Other	Credit risk exposure excluding collaterals erstated
Retail & SME	159,065	73,992	5,082	56,934	11,976	85,073
Austria	89,591	42,708	4,018	32,493	6,197	46,883
EB Österreich	37,547	20,511	1,977	15,729	2,805	17,036
Savings Banks	52,044	22,197	2,041	16,764	3,392	29,847
CEE	69,474	31,285	1,064	24,441	5,780	38,189
Czech Republic	27,603	9,328	645	7,843	840	18,275
Romania	15,266	8,610	160	5,215	3,236	6,656
Slovakia	9,377	4,155	80	3,814	261	5,222
Hungary	8,149	5,566	97	4,452	1,017	2,583
Croatia	7,786	2,927	81	2,607	240	4,859
Serbia	568	253	1	196	56	315
Ukraine	725	445	0	316	129	280
Group Corporate &						
Investment Banking	31,183	9,501	1,855	6,183	1,463	21,682
Group Markets	19,570	4,181	166	0	4,015	15,389
Corporate Center	7,142	552	513	5	33	6,590
Total without EIR						
restatement	216,960	88,227	7,616	63,122	17,488	128,733
EIR restatement	(395)		<u> </u>			(395)
Total	216,565	88,227	7,616	63,122	17,488	128,338

The following tables show credit risk exposure which was past due but for which specific provisions had not been established as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Credit risk exposure past due and not covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class and collateralisation in 2011

	Cr	edit risk exposur	е	thereof collateralised		
in EUR million	Total	thereof 91–180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due	Total	thereof 91–180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due
Sovereigns	5	1	3	2	1	1
Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corporates	312	126	187	152	49	103
Retail	228	46	181	151	27	124
Total	545	173	371	304	76	228

Credit risk exposure past due and not covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class and collateralisation in 2010

	Cr	Credit risk exposure				thereof collateralised		
in EUR million	Total	thereof 91–180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due	Total	thereof 91–180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due		
Sovereigns	5	1	4	0	0	0		
Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Corporates	221	57	164	137	35	101		
Retail	199	63	136	148	32	116		
Total	425	121	304	285	67	218		

As of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, specific provisions existed for the following credit risk exposure more than 90 days past due.

Credit risk exposure covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class in 2011

in EUR million	Credit risk exposure covered by specific provisions total	thereof 91-180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due
Sovereigns	17	1	5
Institutions	52	3	49
Corporates	4,609	418	3,149
Retail	4,663	429	3,058
Total	9,342	850	6,261

Credit risk exposure covered by specific provisions by Basel II exposure class in 2010

in EUR million	Credit risk exposure covered by specific provisions total	thereof 91-180 days past due	thereof more than 180 days past due
Sovereigns	18	0	3
Institutions	49	0	49
Corporates	4,269	606	2,881
Retail	3,911	341	2,538
Total	8,248	948	5,471

All claims presented in the tables above were classified as nonperforming. Provisions are, as a rule, established for assets that are more than 90 days past due. However, specific provisions are not established if the loans and other advances are covered by adequate collateral.

Loans and advances to customers by business segment

The following tables present the customer loan book as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, excluding loans to financial institutions and commitments, broken down by business segment and risk category.

Loans and advances to customers by business segment and risk category in 2011

in EUR million	Low risk	Management attention	Sub- standard	Non-per- forming	Total loans
Retail & SME	80,952	19,513	3,779	10,112	114,355
Austria	51,910	8,948	1,287	3,658	65,803
EB Österreich	24,248	2,630	270	1,051	28,199
Savings Banks	27,662	6,318	1,018	2,607	37,604
CEE	29,042	10,565	2,491	6,454	48,552
Czech Republic	12,733	2,997	511	947	17,187
Romania	4,709	3,204	714	2,533	11,160
Slovakia	4,661	845	215	496	6,217
Hungary	3,461	1,615	513	1,499	7,088
Croatia	3,080	1,654	424	759	5,917
Serbia	316	99	13	58	486
Ukraine	82	152	101	161	497
Group Corporate & Investment Banking	14,376	3,663	490	1,275	19,805
Group Markets	204	20	0	0	225
Corporate Center	313	36	15	1	365
Total	95,845	23,233	4,284	11,388	134,750

Loans and advances to customers by business segment and risk category in 2010

in EUR million	l au siale	Management	Sub-	Non-per-	Total Janua
In EUR million	Low risk	attention	standard	forming	Total loans
Retail & SME	81,199	18,110	5,030	8,986	113,325
Austria	50,133	9,444	1,337	3,792	64,706
EB Österreich	23,147	2,860	295	1,136	27,438
Savings Banks	26,986	6,584	1,042	2,656	37,268
CEE	31,066	8,666	3,693	5,194	48,619
Czech Republic	12,978	2,816	652	1,040	17,486
Romania	5,186	2,216	1,826	2,020	11,248
Slovakia	4,460	513	284	460	5,717
Hungary	4,749	1,468	611	935	7,763
Croatia	3,294	1,401	235	557	5,487
Serbia	301	78	9	44	432
Ukraine	98	174	76	138	486
Group Corporate & Investment Banking	12,249	4,416	1,047	1,032	18,744
Group Markets	258	72	0	0	330
Corporate Center	154	129	15	32	330
Total without EIR restatement	93,860	22,727	6,092	10,050	132,729
EIR restatement	·			•	(395)
Total					132,334

In the tables below the non-performing loans and advances to customers subdivided by business segment are contrasted with risk provisions and the collateral for non-performing loans (NPL) as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively. The NPL ratio, the NPL coverage ratio and the NPL total cover-

age ratio are also included. The NPL total coverage ratio specifies the coverage of non-performing loans by risk provisions and collateral for non-performing loans. The terms 'NPL ratio', 'NPL coverage ratio' and 'NPL total coverage ratio' only relate to customer loans (and to other asset classes).

Non-performing loans and advances to customers by business segment and coverage by risk provisions and collateral in 2011

in EUR million	Non- performing	Total loans	Risk provisions	NPL ratio	NPL coverage ratio	Collateral for NPL	NPL total coverage ratio
Retail & SME	10,112	114,355	6,244	8.8%	61.7%	5,186	113.0%
Austria	3,658	65,803	2,245	5.6%	61.4%	1,540	103.5%
EB Österreich	1,051	28,199	688	3.7%	65.4%	436	106.8%
Savings Banks	2,607	37,604	1,557	6.9%	59.7%	1,104	102.1%
CEE	6,454	48,552	3,999	13.3%	62.0%	3,647	118.5%
Czech Republic	947	17,187	660	5.5%	69.7%	404	112.3%
Romania	2,533	11,160	1,268	22.7%	50.1%	1,740	118.8%
Slovakia	496	6,217	393	8.0%	79.2%	275	134.6%
Hungary	1,499	7,088	1,054	21.1%	70.3%	731	119.0%
Croatia	759	5,917	419	12.8%	55.2%	363	103.1%
Serbia	58	486	52	11.9%	89.9%	25	132.3%
Ukraine	161	497	154	32.5%	95.3%	109	162.9%
Group Corporate &							
Investment Banking	1,275	19,805	697	6.4%	54.6%	465	91.1%
Group Markets	0	225	0	0.0%	452.4%	0	452.4%
Corporate Center	1	365	1	0.1%	179.6%	0	179.6%
Total	11,388	134,750	6,942	8.5%	61.0%	5,651	110.6%

The 'NPL ratio' in this section ('loans and advances to customers') is calculated by dividing non-performing loans and advances by total loans and advances to customers. Hence, it differs from the 'non-performing ratio' in the section credit risk exposure.

Non-performing loans and advances to customers by business segment and coverage by risk provisions and collateral in 2010

in EUR million	Non- performing	Total loans	Risk provisions	NPL ratio	NPL coverage ratio	Collateral for NPL	NPL total coverage ratio
Retail & SME	8,986	113,325	5,445	7.9%	60.6%	4,634	112.2%
Austria	3,792	64,706	2,251	5.9%	59.4%	1,586	101.2%
EB Österreich	1,136	27,438	696	4.1%	61.3%	469	102.6%
Savings Banks	2,656	37,268	1,555	7.1%	58.5%	1,117	100.6%
CEE	5,194	48,619	3,194	10.7%	61.5%	3,048	120.2%
Czech Republic	1,040	17,486	728	5.9%	70.0%	427	111.1%
Romania	2,020	11,248	1,099	18.0%	54.4%	1,455	126.4%
Slovakia	460	5,717	376	8.0%	81.7%	231	131.9%
Hungary	935	7,763	467	12.0%	49.9%	544	108.2%
Croatia	557	5,487	332	10.2%	59.6%	259	106.1%
Serbia	44	432	44	10.2%	100.0%	18	141.4%
Ukraine	138	486	148	28.4%	107.2%	113	189.4%
Group Corporate &							
Investment Banking	1,032	18,744	556	5.5%	53.9%	474	99.8%
Group Markets	0	330	0	0.0%	1,762%	0	1,762%
Corporate Center	32	330	33	9.7%	103.1%	0	103.1%
Total without EIR							
restatement	10,050	132,729	6,034	7.6%	60.0%	5,108	110.9%
EIR restatement	·	(395)	·	·	·		
Total	10,050	132,334	6,034	7.6%	60.0%	5,108	110.9%

The 'NPL ratio' in this section ('loans and advances to customers') is calculated by dividing non-performing loans and advances by total loans and advances to customers. Hence, it differs from the 'non-performing ratio' in the section credit risk exposure.

The risk provisions which are shown in the tables above as of 31 December 2011 are composed of specific provisions amounting to EUR 6,049 million (2010: EUR 5,248 million) and portfolio provisions amounting to EUR 891 million (2010: EUR 785 mil-

lion). Collateral for non-performing loans mainly consists of real estate.

The following tables show the loans and advances to customers broken down by business segment and currency as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively.

Loans and advances to customers by business segment and currency in 2011

		Local			Other	
in EUR million	EUR	currencies	CHF	USD	currencies	Total loans
Retail & SME	72,266	23,988	15,625	858	1,619	114,355
Austria	52,815	0	11,172	223	1,594	65,803
Erste Bank Österreich	23,598	0	4,061	73	468	28,199
Savings Banks	29,217	0	7,112	150	1,125	37,604
CEE	19,451	23,988	4,453	636	25	48,552
Czech Republic	637	16,497	2	44	7	17,187
Romania	6,765	4,208	0	176	10	11,160
Slovakia	6,199	0	5	9	4	6,217
Hungary	1,559	1,860	3,654	13	2	7,088
Croatia	3,936	1,192	772	14	2	5,917
Serbia	346	116	18	4	0	486
Ukraine	8	114	0	376	0	497
Group Corporate &						
Investment Banking	15,615	1,124	331	1,841	894	19,805
Group Markets	126	13	22	35	29	225
Corporate Center	363	0	0	0	2	365
Total	88,369	25,125	15,978	2,735	2,543	134,750

Loans and advances to customers by business segment and currency in 2010

in EUR million	EUR	Local currencies	CHF	USD	Other currencies	Total loans
Retail & SME	69,588	24,173	17,098	902	1,563	113,324
Austria	51,017	0	11,897	270	1,523	64,706
Erste Bank Österreich	22,507	0	4,380	84	468	27,438
Savings Banks	28,510	0	7,517	186	1,055	37,268
CEE	18,571	24,173	5,201	632	40	48,618
Czech Republic	687	16,762	4	27	7	17,486
Romania	6,813	4,258	0	153	24	11,248
Slovakia	5,693	0	6	10	7	5,716
Hungary	1,613	1,807	4,328	14	1	7,763
Croatia	3,469	1,163	844	9	2	5,487
Serbia	290	118	19	5	0	431
Ukraine	7	65	0	414	0	486
Group Corporate &						
Investment Banking	14,698	920	246	2,148	733	18,745
Group Markets	176	43	36	38	37	331
Corporate Center	328	0	0	1	1	330
Total without EIR						
restatement	84,789	25,136	17,379	3,090	2,334	132,729
EIR restatement						(395)
Total						132.334

Securitisations

As of 31 December 2011, Erste Group has a conservative portfolio of securitised assets and their derivatives. In compliance with internal risk standards, before investing into such products Erste Group undertakes a fundamental analysis of the market environment, the economic conditions, the profitability and the related risk characteristics. In 2011 all repayments were made as scheduled

As of 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of Erste Group's total securitised asset portfolio was EUR 1.8 billion and so was EUR 1.1 billion lower than as of 31 December 2010. Changes in the carrying amount were due to repayments, currency effects, changes in prices and disposals of assets. The proportion of the portfolio which was rated investment grade increased from 84.6% as of year-end 2010 to 85.9% as of 31 December 2011. Only 5.4% of the assets are rated CCC or below.

As of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 the composition of the total portfolio of securitised assets according to products and balance sheet line items is as follows:

				Financia	l assets				
2011	Loans and a customers institu	and credit	Held to n	naturity	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale	Trading assets	Tot	al
in EUR million	carrying amount	fair value	carrying amount	fair value	fair value ¹⁾	fair value ¹⁾	fair value ¹⁾	carrying amount	fair value
Prime RMBS	9	9	269	201	4	203	15	500	432
CMBS	0	0	81	52	12	94	11	198	169
SME ABS	0	0	19	11	1	40	1	61	53
Leasing ABS	0	0	21	14	0	4	0	25	18
Other ABS	0	0	37	33	8	55	8	108	104
CLOs	0	0	0	0	47	727	1	775	775
Other CDOs	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	3
Other RMBS	0	0	0	0	2	13	4	19	19
Total ABS / CDO	9	9	427	311	74	1,139	40	1,689	1,573
Student loans	0	0	0	0	1	154	0	155	155
Total securitisations ²⁾³⁾	9	9	427	311	75	1,293	40	1,844	1,728

¹⁾ Carrying amount is equal to fair value.

²⁾ In 2011 exclusive of CMOs, since they no longer are treated as securitisations due to regulatory amendments.

³⁾ Including cash from funds.

			Financial assets						
2010	Loans and a customers institu	and credit	Held to n	naturity	At fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale	Trading assets	Tot	al
in EUR million	carrying amount	fair value	carrying amount	fair value	fair value ¹⁾	fair value ¹⁾	fair value ¹⁾	carrying amount	fair value
Prime RMBS	46	45	330	257	6	199	24	605	531
CMBS	0	0	106	68	10	103	2	221	183
SME ABS	0	0	37	22	1	34	0	72	57
Leasing ABS	0	0	31	27	0	6	0	37	33
Other ABS	0	0	79	73	17	74	11	181	175
CLOs	0	0	0	0	107	753	5	865	865
Other CDOs	0	0	12	12	0	12	0	24	24
Total ABS / CDO	46	45	595	459	141	1,181	42	2,005	1,868
CMOs	0	0	0	0	0	643	0	643	643
Student loans	0	0	0	0	1	268	0	269	269
Total securitisations	46	45	595	459	142	2,092	42	2,917	2,780

¹⁾ Carrying amount is equal to fair value.

European prime residential mortgage backed securities (Prime RMBS)

This portfolio consists primarily of British securitisations, which were strongly affected by the global economic crisis. Its quotations reached the lowest level in first quarter 2009. Since that time, prices recovered by 20%. However, higher inflation as well as a generally difficult economic environment have dampened the recovery.

Commercial mortgage backed securities (CMBS)

CMBs are securitisations which are secured by pools of mortgages on commercial property (i.e. offices, retail and others). Erste Group mainly invested in British CMBS. After slumping until July 2009, prices of commercial property have since recovered by 18%. Depending on the further development of the overall economic situation in Europe, the 2012 outlook for this market is rather strained.

European and US collateralised loan obligations (CLOs)

CLOs are securitisations backed by pools of corporate loans. Following changes in the rating methodology of Moody's Investors Service in the first half of 2011, most of the CLOs held by Erste Group that had been downgraded during the crisis are now back at investment grade. Moody's Investors Service's global speculative-grade default rate for these assets continuously decreased in 2011 and stood at 1.7% in December 2011, after having reached the highest level at 13% in December 2009. The rating agency expects an increase of the global speculative-grade default rate to 2.9% by second quarter 2012.

Other asset backed securities (ABS)

Other ABSs mainly comprise securitisations where the underlying assets are lease receivables or loans to small and medium enterprises and other CDOs.

Due to regulatory amendments during 2011, collateralised mortgage obligations (CMOs) are no longer treated as securitisations and were therefore excluded from the securitisation portfolio.

Erste Group also holds investments in student loan securitisations, all of which are triple-A tranche securities. These securitisations are 97% guaranteed by the US Department of Education, while the remaining 3% are covered by subordination. Credit risk is therefore considered very low.

37.6) Market risk

Definition and overview

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise due to adverse changes in market prices and to the parameters derived therefrom. At Erste Group, market risk is divided into interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, commodity risk and volatility risk. This concerns both trading and bank book positions.

Methods and instruments employed

At Erste Group, potential losses that may arise from market movements are assessed by using the 'value-at-risk' method. The calculation is done according to the method of historic simulation with a unilateral confidence level of 99%, a holding period of one day and a simulation period of two years. Value-at-risk describes which losses may be expected as a maximum at a defined prob-

ability – the confidence level – within a certain holding period of the positions under normal market conditions.

Back-testing is used to constantly monitor the validity of the statistical methods. This process is conducted with a one-day delay to monitor if the model projections regarding losses have actually materialised. At a confidence level of 99%, the actual loss on a single day should exceed the value-at-risk statistically only two to three times a year (1% of around 250 workdays).

This shows one of the limits of the value-at-risk approach: On the one hand, the confidence level is limited to 99%, and on the other hand, the model takes into account only those market scenarios observed respectively within the simulation period of two years, and calculates the value-at-risk for the current position of the bank on this basis. In order to investigate any extreme market situations beyond this, stress tests are conducted at Erste Group. These events include mainly market movements of low probability.

The stress tests are carried out according to several methods: 'Stressed VaR' is derived from the normal value-at-risk calculation. But instead of simulating only over the two most recent years, an analysis of a much longer period is carried out in order to identify a one-year period which constitutes a significant period of stress. According to the legal framework, that one-year period is used to calculate a VaR with a 99% confidence level. In the 'extreme value theory', a Pareto distribution is adjusted to the extreme end of the loss distribution. In this manner, a continuous function is created from which extreme confidence levels such as 99.95% can be evaluated. Finally, standard scenarios are calculated in which the individual market factors are exposed to extreme movements. Such scenarios are calculated at Erste Group for interest rates, stock prices, exchange rates and volatilities. Furthermore, since 2009, combination scenarios have been calculated in which the current position of the trading book is subjected to a combination of market data shifts. These analyses are made available to the management board and the supervisory board within the scope of the monthly market risk reports.

The value-at-risk model was approved by the Financial Market Authority (FMA) as an internal market risk model to determine the capital requirements of Erste Group pursuant to the Austrian Banking Act.

Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

At Erste Group, market risks are controlled in the trading book by setting several layers of limits. The overall limit on the basis of value-at-risk for the trading book is decided by the board in the Risk Committee taking into account the risk-bearing capacity and projected earnings. A further breakdown is done by the Market Risk Committee on the basis of a proposal from the Group Market & Liquidity Risk Management unit.

All market risk activities of the trading book are assigned risk limits that are statistically consistent in their entirety with the value-at-risk overall limit. The value-at-risk limit is assigned in a top-down procedure to the individual trading units. This is done up to the level of the individual trading groups or departments. Additionally, in a bottom-up procedure, sensitivity limits are assigned to even smaller units all the way down to the individual traders. These are then aggregated upwards and applied as a second limit layer to the value-at-risk limits. The consistency between the two limit approaches is verified regularly.

Limit compliance is verified at two levels: by the appropriate local decentralised risk management unit and by Group Market & Liquidity Risk Management. The monitoring of the limits is done within the course of the trading day based on sensitivities. This can also be carried out by individual traders or chief traders on an ad hoc basis.

The value-at-risk is calculated every day at group level and made available to the individual trading units as well as to the superior management levels all the way up to the management board.

Apart from the trading book positions, banking book positions are once monthly also subjected to a value-at-risk analysis. In this manner, the total value-at-risk is determined. In addition to VaR, a long-horizon interest rate risk measure was introduced to gauge the interest rate risk of the banking book. A historical simulation approach looking back five years and with a one-year holding period was chosen. The result of these calculations is presented in the monthly market risk report that is made available to the management and supervisory boards.

Analysis of market risk

Value at risk of banking book and trading book

The following tables show the VaR amounts as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 at the 99% confidence level using equally weighted market data and with a holding period of one day:

2011	Total	Interest	Currency	Shares	Commodity	Volatility
Erste Group	42,442	39,013	1,996	4,774	646	1,811
Banking book	36,563	36,276	2,227	1,030	0	0
Trading book	7,779	4,358	1,826	4,071	646	1,811

2010	Total	Interest	Currency	Shares	Commodity	Volatility
Erste Group	37,667	33,679	1,756	6,228	257	2,118
Banking book	30,767	30,076	1	1,274	0	0
Trading book	8,789	4,298	1,755	5,406	257	2,118

The method used is subject to limitations that may result in the information's not fully reflecting the fair value of the assets and liabilities involved.

Interest rate risk of banking book

Interest rate risk is the risk of adverse change in the fair value of financial instruments caused by movement in market interest rates. This type of risk arises when mismatches exist between assets and liabilities, including derivatives, in respect of their maturities or of the timing of interest rate adjustments.

In order to identify interest rate risk, all financial instruments, including transactions not recognised in the balance sheet, are grouped into maturity bands based on their remaining terms to maturity or terms to an interest rate adjustment.

The following tables list the open fixed-income positions held by Erste Group in the four currencies that carry significant interest rate risk – EUR, CZK, HUF and RON – as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010.

Only the open fixed-income positions that are not allocated to the trading book are presented. Positive values indicate fixed-income risks on the asset side, i.e., a surplus of asset items; negative values represent a surplus on the liability side.

Open fixed-income positions not assigned to the trading book

2011		•	•	•	
	1–3	3–5	5–7	7–10	over 10
in EUR million	years	years	years	years	years
Fixed-interest gap in EUR positions as of 31 Dec 2011	(4,048.6)	1,586.1	2,541.1	1,754.7	(205.3)
Fixed-interest gap in CZK positions as of 31 Dec 2011	(2,524.3)	311.6	81.5	164.3	(486.3)
Fixed-interest gap in HUF positions as of 31 Dec 2011	405.9	132.6	(18.1)	(28.9)	0.0
Fixed-interest gap in RON positions as of 31 Dec 2011	97.9	247.6	345.9	(98.1)	(105.0)

Open fixed-income positions not assigned to the trading book

2010					
in EUR million	1–3 years	3–5 vears	5–7 vears	7–10 vears	over 10 years
Fixed-interest gap in EUR positions as of 31 Dec 2010	(1,266.4)	725.0	(350.1)	588.1	2,354.6
Fixed-interest gap in CZK positions as of 31 Dec 2010	(3,768.9)	(1,930.6)	(46.6)	968.7	1,421.4
Fixed-interest gap in HUF positions as of 31 Dec 2010	(576.7)	584.7	222.9	49.9	0.1
Fixed-interest gap in RON positions as of 31 Dec 2010	(297.4)	445.1	457.8	61.2	3.9

Exchange rate risk

The bank is exposed to several types of risks related to exchange rates. These concern risks from open foreign exchange positions and others.

Risk from open currency positions is the risk related to exchange rates that derives from the mismatch between assets and liabilities, or from currency-related financial derivatives. These risks might originate from customer-related operations or proprietary trading and are monitored and managed on a daily basis. Foreign currency exposure is subject to regulatory and internal limits. The internal limits are set by the Market Risk Committee.

Erste Group separately measures and manages other types of risks relating to the Group's balance sheet and earnings structure. The translation risk related to the valuation of the balance sheet positions, earnings, dividends and participations/net investments in local currency or foreign exchange has an impact on consolidated earnings and consolidated capital. Erste Group is also reducing the negative impact related to volatility of foreign exchange on assets' performance (for example as a result of foreign exchange lending in the CEE countries).

In order to manage its multi-currency earnings structure, Erste Group regularly discusses hedging opportunities and takes decisions in the Group Asset/Liability Committee (Group ALCO). Asset/Liability Management (ALM) uses as the usual source of information the current financial results and the financial budget prepared for the upcoming period to obtain as much information as possible on the future foreign cash flows. The proposal, which includes mainly the volume, hedging level, hedge ratio and timeline of the hedging, is submitted by ALM to Group ALCO. The impact of translation on consolidated capital is monitored and reported to Group ALCO. Group ALCO decisions are then implemented by ALM and the implementation status is reported on a monthly basis to Group ALCO.

The following table shows the open exchange rate positions of Erste Group as of the dates indicated.

Open exchange rate positions

in EUR thousand	31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
Hungarian forint (HUF)	(65,737)	4,679
Romanian lei (RON)	(55,789)	8,132
US dollar (USD)	(52,027)	(71,319)
Croatian kuna (HRK)	34,943	(1,480)
Swiss franc (CHF)	(28,629)	(14,328)
Czech koruna (CZK)	25,536	2,709
Polish zloty (PLN)	6,058	(1,426)
Japanese yen (JPY)	(1,395)	(17,125)
-		

Hedging

Banking book market risk management consists of optimising Erste Group's risk position by finding the proper trade-off between the economic value of the balance sheet and forecasted earnings. Decisions are based on the balance sheet development, economic environment, competitive landscape, fair value of risk, effect on net interest income and appropriate liquidity position. The steering body responsible for interest rate risk management is the Group ALCO. The ALM submits proposals for actions to steer the interest rate risk to the Group ALCO and implements Group ALCO's decisions.

In order to achieve the goals of risk management, hedging activities focus on the two main control variables: net interest income and market value of equity risk. In a broader sense, hedging means an economic activity that mitigates risk but does not necessarily qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS rules. Within the scope of IFRS-compliant hedge accounting, cash flow hedges and fair value hedges are used. If IFRS-compliant hedge accounting is not possible the fair value option is applied, where appropriate, for the hedging of market values. Most of the hedging within Erste Group concerns hedging of interest rate risk. The remainder is hedging foreign exchange rate risk. IFRS hedge accounting is one of the tools for managing the risk.

37.7) Liquidity risk

Definition and overview

The liquidity risk is defined in Erste Group in line with the principles set by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. Accordingly, a distinction is made between market liquidity risk, which is the risk that the Group entities cannot easily offset or eliminate a position at the market price because of inadequate market depth or market disruption, and funding liquidity risk, which is the risk that the banks in the Group will not be able to meet efficiently both expected and unexpected current and future cash flow and collateral needs without affecting either daily operations or the financial condition of the Group members.

Funding liquidity risk is further divided into insolvency risk and structural liquidity risk. The former is the short-term risk that current or future payment obligations cannot be met in full and on time in an economically justified way, while structural liquidity risk is the long-term risk of losses due to a change in the Group's own refinancing cost or spread.

The Group's 2011 liquidity strategy was implemented successfully. In addition to fulfilling the funding plan, the USD and CHF liquidity profile was improved by lengthening maturities. The product split for the EUR 5.3 billion of total new issues is the following: EUR 2.1 billion senior unsecured, EUR 2.9 billion covered bonds and EUR 0.3 billion of subordinated debt. In December 2011, the Group participated in three-year longer-term refinancing operations (LTRO) of the European Central Bank in an amount of EUR 3 billion, which served mainly to replace short-term secured and unsecured refinancing.

An extensive project was begun during 2011 to improve the group liquidity risk reporting framework. One of the goals of the project is to meet the new regulatory requirements from the Basel III framework (i.e. the monitoring of the liquidity coverage ratio and the net stable funding ratio starting in 2012).

Methods and instruments employed

Short-term insolvency risk is monitored by calculating the survival period for each currency on both entity and group levels. This analysis determines the maximum period during which the

entity can survive in various crisis scenarios while relying on its pool of liquid assets. The monitored worst-case scenario combines a severe name and market crisis scenario, which simulates very limited money market and capital market access and at the same time significant client deposit outflow. Furthermore, higher drawing rates of guarantees and credit facilities are assumed while taking into account the counterparty type in estimating the probability of drawdown.

Erste Group manages long-term (structural) liquidity risk on both group and individual subsidiary levels through a multiple scenario approach, Dynamic aspects of the renewal of existing balance sheet items are incorporated through a certain set of assumptions describing the going concern situation outside of crisis situations. Similarly, the modelling of customer business is adjusted according to the respective scenario. The purpose of the analysis is to determine Erste Group's ability to withstand distressed situations before they actually occur. Additionally, the traditional liquidity gaps (depicting the going concern maturity mismatches on a currency level) of the subsidiaries and the Group as a whole are reported and monitored regularly. Funding concentration risk is continuously analysed in respect to counterparties. Erste Group's fund transfer pricing (FTP) system also proved to be an efficient tool for structural liquidity risk management.

Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

General standards of liquidity risk controlling and management (standards, limits and analysis) have been defined and are continuously reviewed and improved by Erste Group.

The short-term liquidity risk is managed by the survival period model on both entity and group levels, while the long-term liquidity risk is limited by the traffic light system for each entity. Both limits are monitored on a single currency level, as well. Limit breaches are reported to the Group Asset/Liability Committee. Another important means for managing the liquidity risk within Erste Group Bank and in relation to its subsidiaries is the FTP system. As the process of planning funding needs provides important data for liquidity management, a detailed overview of funding needs is prepared on a quarterly basis for the planning horizon across Erste Group.

The Comprehensive Contingency Plan ensures the necessary co-ordination of all parties involved in the liquidity management process in case of crisis, and it is reviewed on a regular basis. The contingency plans of the subsidiaries are co-ordinated as part of the plan for the Erste Group.

Analysis of liquidity risk

Liquidity gap

The long-term liquidity position is managed using liquidity gaps on the basis of expected cash flows. This liquidity position is calculated for each materially relevant currency and based on the assumption of ordinary business activity.

The table below shows contractual payments of principal as they fall due at maturity or according to the amortisation schedule. For products without contractual maturities (like demand deposits and overdrafts), modelled principal cash flows are assumed. The modelling relies on statistical analysis of historical volumes for such products.

The following table shows liquidity gaps as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010

in EUR million	< 1 month		1-12 months		1-5 years		> 5 years	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Liquidity GAP	32,653	23,426	(40,710)	(34,607)	(5,112)	(5,424)	13,168	16,605

An excess of assets over liabilities is indicated by a positive value, while an excess of liabilities over assets is indicated by a negative value.

Liquidity buffer

Erste Group holds securities that can be used in repo transactions at central banks to manage liquidity risk. The maturity profile (notional amounts) of these financial assets as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 are shown in the table below:

2011			•	
in EUR million	< 1 month	1-12 months	1-5 years	> 5 years
Repo-eligible securities	2,966	7,017	13,325	12,786
2010	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
in EUR million	< 1 month	1-12 months	1-5 years	> 5 years
Repo-eligible securities	412	5,300	13,323	10,832

Financial liabilities

Maturities of contractual, undiscounted cash flows from financial liabilities as of 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, respectively, were as follow:

2011						
in EUR million	Carrying amounts	Contractual cash flows	< 1 month	1–12 months	1-5 years	> 5 years
Non-derivative liabilities	179,230	189,550	74,403	51,923	41,228	21,996
Deposits by banks	23,785	24,757	10,571	4,764	6,381	3,040
Customer deposits	118,880	121,101	60,704	41,894	13,944	4,558
Debt securities in issue	30,782	35,262	3,100	4,759	16,818	10,586
Subordinated liabilities	5,783	8,430	28	505	4,086	3,812
Derivative liabilities	1,647	1,445	156	358	490	441
Derivatives banking book ¹	1,647	1,445	156	358	490	441
Total	180,877	190,995	74,559	52,281	41,718	22,437

¹⁾ The maturity analysis of undiscounted contractual cash flows of derivative financial instruments includes only the remaining contractual maturities for derivative financial liabilities in the banking book since these are essential for an understanding as to the timing of the cash flows.

2010 in EUR million	Carrying amounts restated	Contractual cash flows restated	< 1 month restated	1-12 months restated	1–5 years restated	> 5 years restated
Non-derivative liabilities	174,306	184,321	70,622	51,950	39,145	22,604
Deposits by banks	20,154	21,004	11,545	3,869	3,311	2,279
Customer deposits	117,016	119,568	55,418	42,386	16,229	5,535
Debt securities in issue	31,298	35,556	3,643	5,115	17,600	9,199
Subordinated liabilities	5,838	8,193	16	580	2,006	5,591
Derivative liabilities	2,305	1,886	65	463	862	496
Derivatives banking book ¹	2,305	1,886	65	463	862	496
Total	176,611	186,207	70,687	52,413	40,007	23,100

¹⁾ The maturity analysis of undiscounted contractual cash flows of derivative financial instruments includes only the remaining contractual maturities for derivative financial liabilities in the banking book since these are essential for an understanding as to the timing of the cash flows.

As of 31 December 2011 the volume of customer deposits due on demand amounted to EUR 47.9 billion (2010: EUR 45.3 billion). Observation of customer behaviour has shown that 95% of this volume is stable during the ordinary course of business. This means that only a minor part of the on-demand portfolio is withdrawn by the customer, whereas the major part remains generally in the bank.

37.8) Operational risk

Definition and overview

In line with Section 2, para. 57(d) of the Austrian Banking Act, Erste Group defines operational risk as the risk of loss resulting from inadequacy or failure of internal processes, people or systems, or from external events, including legal risks. Both quantitative and qualitative methods are used to identify operational risks. Consistent with international practice, the responsibility for managing operational risk rests with the line management.

Methods and instruments employed

The quantitative measurement methods are based on internal loss experience data, which is collected across Erste Group using a

standard methodology and entered into a central data pool. Additionally, in order to be able to model losses that have not occurred in the past but are nonetheless possible, scenarios and external data are also used. Erste Group sources external data from a leading non-profit risk-loss data consortium.

Erste Group received regulatory approval for the Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) in 2009. AMA is a sophisticated approach to measuring operational risk. Pursuant to AMA, the required capital is calculated using an internal VaR model, taking into account internal data, external data, scenario analysis, business environment and internal risk control factors. In 2011, Erste Group received approval to use insurance contracts for mitigation within the AMA pursuant to Section 221 of the Austrian Banking Act.

Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

In addition to quantitative methods, qualitative methods are also used to determine operational risk, such as risk assessment surveys (risk and control self-assessments). The results of and suggestions for risk control in these surveys, which are conducted by experts, are reported to the line management and thus help to

reduce operational risks. Erste Group also reviews certain key indicators periodically to ensure early detection of changes in risk potential that may lead to losses.

Erste Group uses a group-wide insurance program, which, since its establishment in 2004, has reduced the cost of meeting Erste Group's traditional property insurance needs and made it possible to buy additional insurance for previously uninsured bank-specific risks. This programme uses a captive reinsurance entity as vehicle to share losses within the Group and access the external market.

The quantitative and qualitative methods used, together with the insurance strategy and the modelling approaches described above, form the operational risk framework of Erste Group. Information on operational risk is periodically communicated to the management board via various reports, including the quarterly top management report, which describes recent loss history, loss development, qualitative information from risk assessments and key risk indicators as well as the operational VaR for Erste Group.

Distribution of operational risk events

Detailed below is the percentage composition by type of event of operational risk sources as defined by the Basel II Capital Accord. The observation period lasts from 1 January 2007 to 31 December 2011.

The event type categories are as follow:

Internal fraud:

Losses due to acts of a type intended to defraud, misappropriate property or circumvent regulations, the law or company policy, excluding diversity or discrimination events, which involve at least one internal party.

External fraud:

Losses due to acts by a third party of a type intended to defraud, misappropriate property or circumvent the law.

Employment practices and workplace safety:

Losses arising from acts inconsistent with employment, health or safety laws or agreements, from payment of personal injury claims, or from diversity or discrimination events.

Clients, products and business practices:

Losses arising from unintentional or negligent failure to meet a professional obligation to specific clients (including fiduciary and suitability requirements) or from the nature or design of a product.

Damage to physical assets:

Losses arising from loss or damage to physical assets from natural disaster or other events.

Business disruption and system failures:

Losses arising from disruption of business or system failures.

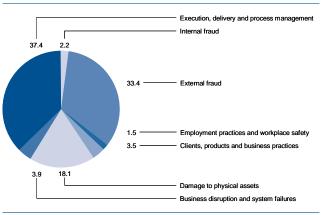
Execution, delivery and process management:

Losses from failed transaction processing or process management. Losses pertaining to relationships with trading counterparties and vendors or suppliers.

38) Hedge accounting

Fair value hedges are employed to reduce market risk. They are used to transform fixed-rate or structured transactions into variable-rate transactions. Erste Group's policy is to convert all substantial fixed-rate individual transactions bearing interest rate risk into variable transactions in order to separate the interest rate risk from such transactions unless a given position is part of the interest rate strategy of the Group. This policy is applied primarily to fixed-rate or structured bonds issued, but also to substantial fixedrate bonds purchased, and generally to any material fixed-rate transactions in the balance sheet. The interest rate risk is managed by Group ALM. Management of interest rate risk is undertaken through issuance of securities, loans or derivatives, whereas for derivatives IFRS hedge accounting is usually applied. Interest rate swaps are the main instruments used for fair value hedges. In connection with issuance, fair value is also hedged by means of cross-currency swaps, swaptions, caps, floors and other types of instruments.

Event type categories (in %)



Cash flow hedges are used to eliminate uncertainty in future cash flows in order to stabilise net interest income. Floors or caps are used to lock in levels of interest income in a changing interest rate environment. Interest rate swaps, caps and floors are used to hedge interest rate risk. Currency risk is hedged with spot transactions as well as currency swaps, FX forwards or balance sheet items denominated in a hedged currency.

In the reporting period, EUR 37 million (2010: EUR 26 million) was removed from the cash flow hedge reserve and recognised as income in the consolidated income statement (2010: expense); EUR 67 million (2010: EUR (102) million) was recognised directly in equity. The majority of the hedged cash flows is likely to

occur within the next five years and will then be recognised in the consolidated income statement. Inefficiencies from cash flow hedges amounting to EUR 3.7 million (2010: EUR 0.9 million) are reported in the net trading result.

	201	l .	2010		
in EUR million	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	
Hedging instrument – fair value hedge	1,680	576	1,570	783	
Hedging instrument – cash flow hedge	133	23	135	97	

Fair value hedges resulted during 2011 in gains of EUR 353.6 million on hedging instruments and losses of EUR 382.4 million on hedged items.

39) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments for which fair value is determined on the basis of quoted market prices are mainly listed securities and derivatives as well as liquid OTC bonds.

Erste Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Financial instruments which are valued based on quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This includes financial instruments which are traded in sufficient volume on an exchange, debt instruments quoted by several

market participants with a sufficient depth, or liquid derivatives which are traded on an exchange.

Level 2: Financial instruments which are valued based on quoted prices (in non-active markets or in active markets for similar assets or liabilities) and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable. This includes yield curves derived from liquid underlying instruments or prices from similar instruments.

Level 3: Inputs used are not observable. This includes extrapolation of yield curves or volatilities, usage of historical volatilities, significant adjustment of quoted CDS spreads or equity prices.

The table below details the valuation methods used to determine the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value:

2011 in EUR million	Quoted market prices in active markets Level 1	Marked to model based on observable market data Level 2	Marked to model based on non- observable inputs Level 3	Total
Loans to credit institutions	0	0	4	4
Financial assets – available for sale	13,574	6,092	148	19,814
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	722	1,064	27	1,813
Trading assets – securities	2,087	3,789	0	5,876
Positive market value – derivatives	2	10,929	0	10,931
Total assets	16,385	21,874	179	38,438
Negative market value – derivatives	0	9,335	2	9,337
Customer deposits	0	553	0	553
Debt securities in issue	85	696	0	781
Subordinated liabilities	0	215	0	215
Trading liabilities	0	536	0	536
Total liabilities and equity	85	11,335	2	11,422

2010	Quoted market prices in active	Marked to model based on observable market data	Marked to model based on non- observable	
in EUR million	markets Level 1	Level 2	inputs Level 3	Total
Financial assets – available for sale	10,704	6,385	160	17,249
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	1,039	1,286	78	2,403
Trading assets – securities	2,905	2,619	0	5,524
Positive market value – derivatives	1	8,507	0	8,508
Total assets	14,649	18,797	238	33,684
Negative market value – derivatives	1	8,396	2	8,399
Trading liabilities	105	111	0	216
Total liabilities and equity	106	8,507	2	8,615

The volume of products whose fair values are determined using valuation models based on non-observable market data is driven in large part by illiquid bonds and securities not quoted in an active market.

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Movements in Level 3 of financial instruments measured at fair value

The following tables show the development of fair value of securities for which valuation models are based on non-observable inputs:

in EUR million	2010	Gain/loss in profit or loss	Gain/loss in other comprehensive income	Purchases	Sales/ Settle- ments	Transfer into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Currency translation	2011
Loans to credit institutions	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
Financial assets – available for sale	160	(2)	0	40	(48)	0	(2)	0	148
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or									
loss	78	(8)	0	0	(43)	0	0	0	27
Total assets	238	(10)	0	44	(91)	0	(2)	0	179
Negative market value – derivatives	2	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Total liabilities and equity	2	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	2

in EUR million	2009	Gain/loss in profit or loss	Gain/loss in other compre- hensive income	Purchases	Sales/Settl ements	Transfer into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Currency translation	2010
Financial assets – available for									
sale	175	(3)	1	10	(18)	3	(8)	0	160
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or									
loss	95	(4)	0	0	(20)	2	0	5	78
Trading assets	0	(1)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	270	(8)	1	11	(38)	5	(8)	5	238

Gains or losses on Level 3 securities held at the reporting period's end and which are included in comprehensive income are as follow:

		2011		2010
in EUR million	Gain/loss in profit or loss	Gain/loss in other comprehensive income	Gain/loss in profit or loss restated	Gain/loss in other comprehensive income
Loans to credit institutions	(0.3)	0	0	0
Financial assets – available for sale	(0.5)	(0.4)	(4.0)	1.0
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	(5.2)	0.0	(3.0)	0.0
Trading assets	0.0	0.0	(1.0)	0.0
Negative market value – derivatives	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	(5.3)	(0.4)	(8.0)	1.0

Movements between Level 1 and Level 2

The share of Level 2 assets increased compared to 2010, which is mainly due to the fact of reinvestment in bonds which are valued via the yield curve. A minor number of securities were reclassified from Level 2 to Level 1 and from Level 1 to Level 2, respec-

tively. The reclassification resulted from increase or decrease in market depth for the relevant securities.

Movements in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

As the portfolio quality in 2011 remained stable, there was no material change in the Level 3 category.

Sensitivity analysis of unobservable parameters

If the value of financial instruments is dependent on unobservable input parameters, the precise level for these parameters could be drawn from a range of reasonably possible alternatives. In preparing the financial statements, levels for the parameters are chosen

from these ranges using judgement consistent with prevailing market evidence. Had all these unobservable parameters been moved simultaneously to the extremes of their ranges as of 31 December 2011, it could have increased fair value by as much as EUR 13.2 million (2010: EUR 12.0 million) or decreased fair value by as much as EUR 20.6 million (2010: EUR 19.7 million). In estimating these impacts, mainly probabilities of default and market values for equities were emphasised.

Fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table shows fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value:

	2011		2010	
in EUR million	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount restated
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with central banks	9,413	9,413	5,839	5,839
Loans and advances to credit institutions	7,552	7,506	12,464	12,412
Loans and advances to customers	130,614	127,808	128,736	126,300
Financial assets – held to maturity	16,074	16,060	14,355	14,235
LIABILITIES				
Deposits by banks	24,007	23,785	20,289	20,154
Customer deposits	118,853	118,327	116,912	116,648
Debt securities in issue	30,202	30,001	31,573	31,210
Subordinated liabilities	5,709	5,568	5,346	5,838

The fair value of loans and advances to customers and credit institutions has been calculated by discounting future cash flows while taking into consideration interest effects. Loans and advances were grouped into homogeneous portfolios based on maturity. The change in fair values compared to the carrying amount is driven by changes in interest rates.

For liabilities without contractual maturities, the carrying amount represents its fair value. The fair value of the other liabilities is estimated by taking into consideration the actual interest rate environment and changes in own credit risk.

40) Financial instruments per category according to IAS 39

				As of 31 Dec	ember 2011			
		Ca	ategory of fina	ncial instrument	s			
in EUR million	Loans and receivables	Held to maturity	Trading	Designated at fair value	Available for sale	Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and balances with central banks	0	0	0	0	0	9,413	0	9,413
Loans and advances to credit								
institutions	7,574	0	0	4	0	0	0	7,578
Loans and advances to customers	134,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	134,750
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(7,027)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(7,027)
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	9,118	0	0	0	1,813	10,931
Trading assets	0	0	5,876	0	0	0	0	5,876
Financial assets – at fair value through								
profit or loss	0	0	0	1,813	0	0	0	1,813
Financial assets – available for sale	0	0	0	0	20,245	0	0	20,245
Financial assets – held to maturity	0	16,074	0	0	0	0	0	16,074
Total financial assets	135,297	16,074	14,994	1,817	20,245	9,413	1,813	199,653
LIABILITIES								
Deposits by banks	0	0	0	0	0	23,785	0	23,785
Customer deposits	0	0	0	553	0	118,327	0	118,880
Debt securities in issue	0	0	0	781	0	30,001	0	30,782
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	8,738	0	0	0	599	9,337
Trading liabilities	0	0	536	0	0	0	0	536
Subordinated liabilities	0	0	0	215	0	5,568	0	5,783
Total financial liabilities	0	0	9,274	1,549	0	177,681	599	189,103

				As of 31 Dec	ember 2010			
		Cate	gory of fina	ncial instrum	ents			
in EUR million	Loans and receivables restated	Held to maturity	Trading restated	Designated at fair value	Available for sale	Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Total restated
ASSETS								
Cash and balances with central banks	0	0	0	0	0	5,839	0	5,839
Loans and advances to credit								
institutions	12,496	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,496
Loans and advances to customers	132,334	0	0	0	0	0	0	132,334
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(6,119)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(6,119)
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	6,803	0	0	0	1,705	8,508
Trading assets	0	0	5,536	0	0	0	0	5,536
Financial assets – at fair value through								
profit or loss	0	0	0	2,435	0	0	0	2,435
Financial assets – available for sale	0	0	0	0	17,751	0	0	17,751
Financial assets – held to maturity	0	14,235	0	0	0	0	0	14,235
Accruals ¹⁾	0	0	0	0	0	1,204	0	1,204
Total financial assets	138,711	14,235	12,339	2,435	17,751	7,043	1,705	194,219
LIABILITIES								
Deposits by banks	0	0	0	0	0	20,154	0	20,154
Customer deposits	0	0	0	368	0	116,648	0	117,016
Debt securities in issue	0	0	0	89	0	31,209	0	31,298
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	7,519	0	0	01,200	880	8,399
Trading liabilities	0	0	216	0	0	0	0	216
Subordinated liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	5,838	0	5,838
Accruals ²⁾	0	0	0	0	0	1,839	0	1,839
Total financial liabilities	0	0	7,735	457	0	175,688	880	184,760

Accruals are reported in other assets in the balance sheet.
 Accruals are reported in other liabilities in the balance sheet.

41) Audit fees and tax consultancy fees

The following table contains fundamental audit fees and tax fees charged by the auditors (of Erste Group Bank AG and subsidiaries; the auditors primarily being Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband, Ernst & Young and Deloitte) in the fiscal years 2011 and 2010:

in EUR million	2011	2010
Audit fees	15.6	15.0
Tax consultancy fees	1.9	1.9
Total	17.5	16.9

For auditing services provided by the Group's auditors EUR 8.6 million (2010: EUR 7.2 million) was paid by Erste Group. The Group's auditors also performed tax consultancy for Erste Group with a value of EUR 0.4 million (2010: EUR 0.5 million).

42) Contingent liabilities

To meet the financial needs of customers, the bank enters into various irrevocable commitments and contingent liabilities. Even though these obligations may not be recognised on the balance sheet, they do contain credit risk and are therefore part of the overall risk of the Bank (see Note 37) Credit exposure).

Legal proceedings

Erste Group Bank and some of its subsidiaries are involved in legal disputes, most of which have arisen in the course of its ordinary banking business. These proceedings are not expected to have a significant negative impact on the financial position or profitability of Erste Group and/or Erste Group Bank. Erste Group is also subject to the following ongoing proceedings:

Haftungsverbund

In 2002, Erste Group Bank formed the Haftungsverbund with the majority of the Austrian savings banks. The purpose of the Haftungsverbund is to establish a joint early warning system as well as a cross-guarantee for certain liabilities of member savings banks and to strengthen the group's co-operation in the market.

In competition proceedings before the Austrian cartel court, both a competitor of Erste Group Bank and the Austrian federal competition authority requested the court to set aside the Haftungsverbund agreements because of an alleged infringement of Article 81 of the EC Treaty (now Article 101 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union/TFEU).

In March 2007, the Austrian Supreme Court issued a decision confirming that the agreements constituting the Haftungsverbund are for the most part in compliance with Article 81 of the EC Treaty.

However, the Supreme Court held certain provisions to be anticompetitive on their merits. In its findings, the Supreme Court did not cite any explicit measures that needed to be implemented by Erste Group Bank and the other parties. In April 2008, Erste Group Bank and the Cartel Court reached an understanding on the necessary adjustments to be made. This understanding (commitments within the meaning of Section 27 of the Cartel Act relating primarily to the sharing of data that might have competitive value) was challenged by Erste Group Bank's competitor before the Supreme Court. In October 2008, the Supreme Court set aside the decision of the Cartel Court due to a procedural error and remanded the case to the Cartel Court for reconsideration.

Neither the commitments (assuming they are upheld) nor the preceding decision of the Supreme Court affect the consolidation of the qualifying capital of the savings banks nor their inclusion as subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

Hungarian Holocaust litigation

In 2010, a group of attorneys filed a complaint with a US court on behalf of victims of the Holocaust or their heirs against several Hungarian banks in relation to the persecution of Jews in Greater Hungary in 1944. Erste Group Bank also is named as a defendant. The plaintiffs essentially claim that Hungarian banks improperly benefited from wartime Jewish assets and held on to these assets until today. The assets claimed total \$2 billion in 1944 dollars. The plaintiffs allege that Erste Group Bank is the legal successor to a number of banks that were active during that time in Greater Hungary. Erste Group Bank rejects the claim. Neither Erste Group Bank nor its Hungarian subsidiary bank, which was founded only decades after the end of World War II, view themselves as legal successors to any of the banks mentioned in the complaint. Erste Group Bank sees no basis for a US court to have jurisdiction in this matter. In February 2011, the United States submitted a Statement of Interest to the court recommending dismissal of the claims against Erste Group Bank. The case is still pending.

43) Analysis of remaining maturities

in EUR million	2011		2010 rest	ated
	< 1 year	> 1 year	< 1 year	> 1 year
Cash and balances with central banks	9,413	0	5,839	0
Loans and advances to credit institutions	5,483	2,095	9,930	2,566
Loans and advances to customers	35,132	99,618	35,277	97,057
Risk provisions for loans and advances	(2,129)	(4,898)	(1,812)	(4,307)
Derivative financial instruments	9,838	1,093	1,291	7,217
Trading assets	3,272	2,604	3,263	2,273
Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss	841	972	609	1,826
Financial assets – available for sale	4,704	15,541	3,290	14,461
Financial assets – held to maturity	3,034	13,040	2,444	11,791
Other assets	599	9,754	1,699	11,056
Total	70,187	139,819	61,830	143,940
Deposits by banks	15,288	8,497	13,915	6,239
Customer deposits	96,186	22,694	91,322	25,694
Debt securities in issue	6,772	24,010	8,028	23,270
Derivative financial instruments	1,886	7,451	1,498	6,901
Trading liabilities	11	525	170	46
Subordinated liabilities	106	5,677	361	5,477
Other liabilities	391	5,332	1,235	5,056
Total	120,640	74,186	116,529	72,683

44) Own funds and capital requirement

Erste Group as a group of credit institutions is subject to the Austrian Banking Act and must follow the capital requirements set out therein.

The minimum capital requirement as determined under the Austrian Banking Act was fulfilled at all times during the year under review as well as in the prior year.

Erste Group is subject to regulatory limitations (e.g. concentration risk) that restrict the ability of Erste Group to transfer funds among entities in different countries. Own funds and capital requirements are as follow:

in EUR million	2011	2010
Subscribed capital	2,545	2,520
Share capital	781	756
Participation capital	1,764	1,764
Reserves	9,181	8,944
Deduction of Erste Group Bank shares held within the Group	(627)	(758)
Consolidation difference	(3,074)	(2,437)
Non-controlling interests (excluding hybrid tier-1 capital pursuant to Section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act)	3,322	3,430
Intangible assets	(505)	(500)
50% deduction for non-consolidated credit and financial institutions pursuant to Section 23 (13) 3 and 4 of the Austrian Banking Act	(125)	(153)
50% deduction of IRB-shortfall pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4c of the Austrian Banking Act	0	0
50% deduction of securitisations pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4d of the Austrian Banking Act	(36)	(27)
Additional deduction for instruments measured at fair value pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4e of the Austrian Banking Act	0	0
Core tier-1 capital	10,681	11,019
Hybrid tier-1 capital pursuant to Section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act	1,228	1,200
Tier-1 capital	11,909	12,219
Eligible subordinated liabilities	4,018	3,909
Revaluation reserve	0	0
Excess risk provisions	397	74
Qualifying supplementary capital (tier-2)	4,415	3,983
50% deduction for non-consolidated credit and financial institutions pursuant to Section 23 (13) 3 and 4 of the Austrian Banking Act	(125)	(153)
50% deduction of IRB-shortfall pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4c of the Austrian Banking Act	0	0
50% deduction of securitisations pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4d of the Austrian Banking Act	(36)	(27)
100% deductions of holdings in insurance pursuant to Section 23 (13) 4a of the Austrian Banking Act	(162)	(176)
Short-term subordinated capital (tier-3)	414	374
Total eligible qualifying capital	16,415	16,220
Capital requirement	9,122	9,587
Surplus capital	7,293	6,633
Cover ratio (in %)	179.9	169.2
Tier-1 ratio – credit risk (in %) ¹⁾	12.2	11.8
Core tier-1 ratio – total risk (in %) ²⁾	9.4	9.2
Tier-1 ratio – total risk (in %) ³⁾	10.4	10.2
Solvency ratio (in %) ⁴⁾	14.4	13.5

¹⁾ Tier-1 ratio – credit risk is the ratio of tier-1 capital (including hybrid capital pursuant to Section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act) to the risk-weighted assets pursuant to Section 22 (2) of the Austrian Banking Act.

2) Core tier-1 ratio – total risk is the ratio of core tier-1 capital (excluding hybrid capital pursuant to Section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act) to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to Section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act.

³⁾ Tier-1 ratio – total risk is the ratio of tier-1 capital (including hybrid capital pursuant to Section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act) to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to Section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act.

⁴⁾ Solvency ratio is the ratio of total eligible qualifying capital to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to Section 22 (1) of the Austrian Bank-

The risk-weighted basis pursuant to Section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act and the resulting capital requirement are as follow:

in EUR million	2011		2010	
	Calculation base/total risk ¹⁾	Capital requirement ²⁾	Calculation base/total risk ¹⁾	Capital requirement ²⁾
Risk pursuant to Section 22 (1) 1 of the Austrian Banking Act ³⁾	97,630	7,811	103,950	8,316
a) Standardised approach	26,461	2,117	27,412	2,193
b) Internal ratings based approach	71,169	5,694	76,538	6,123
Risk pursuant to Section 22 (1) 2 of the Austrian Banking Act ⁴⁾	5,060	405	4,668	373
Risk pursuant to Section 22 (1) 3 of the Austrian Banking Act ⁵⁾	119	9	11	1
Risk pursuant to Section 22 (1) 4 of the Austrian				
Banking Act ⁶⁾	11,210	897	11,215	897
Total	114,019	9,122	119,844	9,587

- 1) Internal calculation base used for calculation of the tier-1 ratio, core tier-1 ratio and solvency ratio (capital requirement multiplied by 12.5).
- 2) Capital requirement pursuant to the Austrian Banking Act. 3) Risk-weighted assets credit risk.
- 4) Market risk (trading book).
- 5) Commodities risk and foreign exchange-risk, including the risk arising from gold positions, each for positions outside the trading book.
- 6) Operational risk.

45) Events after the balance sheet date

In order to strengthen its capital structure Erste Group announced its plans to repurchase issued hybrid tier-1 capital and certain tier-2 securities for cash on 17 February 2012.

The potential repurchase up to an indicative limit of EUR 500 million of hybrid tier-1 instruments will take place from 17 February 2012 to 2 March 2012.

46) Details of the companies wholly or partly owned by Erste Group as of 31 December 2011

The tables below present material, fully consolidated subsidiaries, investments in associates accounted for at equity and other investments.

Since IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft is disclosed here as a sub-group, the single entities are not listed separately.

Credit institutions Linz 29.6 Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich Bankaktiengesellschaft Linz 29.6 Banca Comerciala Română SA Bucharest 89.1 Banca Comercială Română SA Bucharest 89.1 Banka Sparkasse d. Bucharest 89.1 Banka bus Krentschker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft Graz 25.0 Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Vienna 95.5 BCR Banca pentru Locuinte SA Bucharest 90.3 Cosk as portiteina, a.s. Prague 98.0 Dombirur Sparkasse Bank AG Dombirur Opinioner Sparkasse Bank AG Dombirur Opinioner Sparkasse Bank AG Prague 96.0 Ceste Stelemaritische Bank AG Noman Rijeka 69.3 69.2 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 61.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0 62.0	Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich Bankaktiengesellschaft Banca Comerciala Română Chişináu S.A. Banca Comerciala Română SA Bucharest Banka Sparkasse d.d. Ljubljana Banka Sparkasse d.d. Ljubljana Banka Sparkasse d.d. Ljubljana Banka Sparkasse d.d. Bucharest Banka Sparkasse d.d. Bucharest Banka Sparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft BCR Banca pentru Loculinte SA Bucharest BCR Banca pentru Loculinte SA Bucharest BCR Banca pentru Loculinte SA Bucharest BORD Bornbirin BORD Bornbirin BORD Bornbirin BORD Bornbirin BORD Bornbirin BORD Bornbirin BORD BORD BORD BORD BORD BORD BORD BORD	Fully consolidated subsidiaries		
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Banca Comercială Română SÁ Bank Sparkassed d. Ljubijana 28.0 Banka Sparkassed d. Ljubijana 28.0 Banka Sparkassed d. Bankhaus Krenischker & Co. Aktiengeseilschaft Banka Sparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengeseilschaft Bucharest 99.0 BCR Banca pentru Locuinte S Bucharest 99.0 Česká spořítelna, a.s. Prague 98.0 Ceská spořítelna, a.s. Prague 98.0 Ceská spořítelna, a.s. Dombirner Sparkasse Bank AG Dombirner Sparkasse Bank AKtiengesellschaft m.b.H. Dombir AG Dombirner Sparkasse Bank AKtiengesellschaft m.B.H. Dombir AG Dombirner Sparkasse Bank AKtiengesellschaft Sparkasse Breger Dombir AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Dombir Dombir AG Dombir	Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich Bankaktiengesellschaft	Linz	29.8
Banca Comercială Română SA Bucharest Banka Sparkassed d. Ljubijana 28.0 Banka Sparkassed d. Bankhaus Krenischker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft Barka Sparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft BCR Banca pentru Locuinte SA Bucharest BCR	Banca Comercială Română Chişinău S.A.	Chişinău	89.1
Bankhaus Krentschker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Busparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Busparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Buscharest 90.5 Česká spofitelna, a.s. Prague 93.6 Česká spofitelna, a.s. Prague 93.6 Öeská spofitelna, a.s. Pirague 93.6 Öeská spofitelna, a.s. Pirague 93.6 Öeská steiermärkische Bank d.d. Rijeka 69.5 Öeste Steiermärkische Bank d.d. Rijeka 69.5 Öeste Steiermärkische Bank d.d. Rijeka 69.5 Öeste Bank (Malta) Limited Sliema 100.0 Öeste Bank (Malta) L	Banca Comercială Română SA	Bucharest	89.1
Bankhaus Krentschker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Bausparkasse Bank AG Bucharest 90.5 Česká spofitelna, a.s. Praque 98.6 Česká spofitelna, a.s. Praque 98.6 Öeská spofitelna, a.s. Praque 99.6 Öeská spofitelna, a.s. Prague 99.6 Öeská spofitelna, a.s.	Banka Sparkasse d.d.	Ljubljana	28.0
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		Herzogenburg	0.0
Sparkasse Imst AG Imst 0.0			0.0
	Sparkasse Imst AG	Imst	0.0

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Sparkasse Korneuburg AG	Korneuburg	0.0
Sparkasse Kremstal-Pyhrn Aktiengesellschaft	Kirchdorf a.d. Krems	30.0
Sparkasse Kufstein, Tiroler Sparkasse von 1877	Kufstein	0.0
Sparkasse Lambach Bank Aktiengesellschaft	Lambach	0.0
Sparkasse Langenlois	Langenlois	0.0
Sparkasse Mittersill Bank AG	Mittersill	0.0
Sparkasse Mühlviertel-West Bank Aktiengesellschaft	Rohrbach	40.0
Sparkasse Mürzzuschlag Aktiengesellschaft	Mürzzuschlag	0.0
Sparkasse Neuhofen Bank Aktiengesellschaft	Neuhofen	0.0
Sparkasse Neunkirchen	Neunkirchen	0.0
SPARKASSE NIEDERÖSTERREICH MITTE WEST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT	St. Pölten	0.0
Sparkasse Oberösterreich Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.	Linz	29.6
Sparkasse Pöllau AG	Pöllau	0.0
Sparkasse Pottenstein N.Ö.	Pottenstein/Triesting	0.0
Sparkasse Poysdorf AG	Poysdorf	0.0
Sparkasse Pregarten - Unterweißenbach AG	Pregarten	0.0
Sparkasse Rattenberg Bank AG	Rattenberg	0.0
Sparkasse Reutte AG	Reutte	0.0
Sparkasse Ried im Innkreis-Haag am Hausruck	Ried im Innkreis	0.0
Sparkasse Salzkammergut AG	Bad Ischl	0.0
Sparkasse Scheibbs AG	Scheibbs	0.0
Sparkasse Schwaz AG	Schwaz	0.0
Sparkasse Voitsberg-Köflach Bankaktiengesellschaft	Voitsberg	5.0
Sparkasse Waldviertel-Mitte Bank AG	Zwettl	0.0
Stavebni sporitelna Ceske sporitelny, a.s.	Prague	97.8
Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft	Graz	25.0
Tiroler Sparkasse Bankaktiengesellschaft Innsbruck	Innsbruck	75.0
Tirolinvest Kapitalanlagegesellschaft mbH.	Innsbruck	77.9
Waldviertler Sparkasse von 1842 AG	Waidhofen an der Thaya	0.0
Wiener Neustädter Sparkasse	Wiener Neustadt	0.0

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Other financial institutions		
Asset Management Slovenskej sporitelne, správ. spol., a. s.	Bratislava	100.0
AVS Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Innsbruck	75.0
BCR Leasing IFN SA	Bucharest	89.0
BCR Partener IFN SA	Bucharest	89.1
BCR Payments Services SRL	Sibiu	89.1
BCR Securities SA – under liquidation procedure	Bucharest	79.5
brokerjet Ceske sporitelny, a.s.	Prague	99.0
brokerjet Sparkasse d.d.	Ljubljana	100.0
Diners Club BH d.o.o. Sarajevo	Sarajevo	69.3
Drustvo za lizing nekretnina, vozila, plovila i masina 'S-Leasing' doo Podgorica	Podgorica	62.5
EB Erste Bank Internationale Beteiligungen GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EB-Malta-Beteiligungen Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
EBV - Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co. KG.	Vienna	100.0
EGB Ceps Beteiligungen GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EGB Ceps Holding GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EGB e-business Holding GmbH	Vienna	100.0
<u> </u>	Vienna	100.0
Erste & Steiermärkische S-Leasing drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za leasing vozila i strojeva	Zagreb	59.4
Erste Alapkezelo Zrt.	Budapest	100.0
Erste Bank Beteiligungen GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Befektetesi Zrt.	Budapest	100.0
ERSTE CARD CLUB d.d.	Zagreb	69.3
ERSTE DELTA DRUSTVO S OGRANICENOM ODGOVORNOSCU ZA POSLOVANJE	. 3	
NEKRETNINAMA	Zagreb	69.3
ERSTE FACTORING d.o.o.	Zagreb	76.9
Erste Faktor Penzügyi Szolgaltato Zrt.	Budapest	100.0
Erste Group Immorent AG	Vienna	100.0
Erste Invest d.o.o.	Zagreb	100.0
Erste Lakas-Takarekpenztar Zartkoruen Mukodo Reszvenytarsasag	Budapest	100.0
Erste Leasing Autofinanszirozasi Penzügyi Szolgaltato Zrt.	Budapest	100.0
Erste Leasing Berlet Szolgaltato Kft. (vm. Erste Leasing Szolgaltato Kft.)	Budapest	100.0
Erste Leasing Eszközfinanszirozasi Penzügyi Szolgaltato Zrt. (vm. Erste S Leasing	•	
Pénzügyi Szolgáltató Rt.)	Budapest	100.0
Erste Securities Istanbul Menkul Degerler AS	Istanbul	100.0
Erste Securities Polska S.A.	Warsaw	100.0
Factoring Ceske sporitelny a.s.	Prague	98.0
Factoring Slovenskej sporitelne, a.s.	Bratislava	100.0
Immorent - Süd Gesellschaft m.b.H., S - Leasing KG	Graz	46.4
IMMORENT ALFA leasing druzba, d.o.o.	Ljubljana	50.0
IMMORENT BETA, leasing druzba, d.o.o.	Ljubljana	62.5
IMMORENT DELTA, leasing druzba, d.o.o.	Ljubljana	50.0
IMMORENT leasing nepremicnin d.o.o.	Ljubljana	44.9
IMMORENT-RAMON Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	62.5
Immorent-Süd Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	51.3
IMMORENT-TOPAS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	62.5
Investicni spolecnost Ceske sporitelny, a.s.	Prague	100.0
Kärntner Sparkasse Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Klagenfurt	25.0
Leasing Slovenskej sporitelne, a.s.	Bratislava	100.0
Magyar Factor Penzugyi Szolgaltato Zartkoruen Mukodo Reszvenytarsasag	Budapest	100.0
NÖ-Sparkassen Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	2.5
Portfolio Kereskedelmi, Szolgaltato es Szamitastechnikai Kft.	Budapest	100.0
PREDUZECE ZA LIZING NEKRETNINA, VOZILA I MASINA S-LEASING DOO	Бааароог	100.0
BEOGRAD	Belgrade	62.5
REICO investicni spolecnost Ceske sporitelny, a.s. s.	Prague	98.0
	5	

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
RUTAR INTERNATIONAL trgovinska d.o.o.	Ljubljana	62.5
s Autoleasing a.s.	Prague	98.0
s Autoleasing GmbH	Vienna	100.0
S MORAVA Leasing, a.s.	Znojmo	98.0
SAI Erste Asset Management S.A.	Bucharest	100.0
S-Factoring, faktoring druzba d.d.	Ljubljana	53.4
S-IMMORENT nepremicnine d.o.o.	Ljubljana	50.0
Sparkasse Leasing S,družba za financiranje d.o.o.	Ljubljana	28.0
SPARKASSEN LEASING druzba za financiranje d.o.o.	Ljubljana	50.0
Sparkassenbeteiligungs und Service AG für Oberösterreich und Salzburg	Linz	69.3
SPK Immobilien- und Vermögensverwaltungs GmbH	Graz	25.0
S-RENT DOO BEOGRAD	Belgrade	62.5

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		Interest of Erste Group in
Company name, registered office		%
Other		
'Die Kärntner' Trust-Vermögensberatungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Villach	25.0
'Sparkassen-Haftungs Aktiengesellschaft'	Vienna	43.2
Atrium Center s.r.o.	Bratislava	10.0
AWEKA - Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	25.0
BCR Finance BV	Amsterdam	89.1
BCR Fleet Management SRL	Bucharest	89.0
BCR PENSII, SOCIETATE DE ADMINISTRARE A FONDURILOR DE PENSII PRIVATE SA	Bucharest	89.1
BCR Procesare SRL	Bucharest	89.1
BCR Real Estate Management SRL	Bucharest	89.1
BELBAKA a.s.	Prague	10.0
Beta-Immobilienvermietung GmbH	Vienna	100.0
BGA Czech, s.r.o.	Prague	10.0
BRS Büroreinigungsgesellschaft der Steiermärkischen Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft		05.0
Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	25.0
Capexit Beteiligungs Invest GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Capexit Private Equity Invest GmbH	Vienna	100.0
CASIOPEA VISION, A.S.	Brno	10.0
CEE Property Development Portfolio 2 B.V.	Amsterdam	19.6
CEE Property Development Portfolio B.V.	Amsterdam	19.6
CP Praha s.r.o.	Prague	19.6
CPDP 2003 s.r.o.	Prague	19.6
CPDP Jungmannova s.r.o.	Prague	19.6
CPDP Logistics Park Kladno I a.s.	Prague	19.6
CPDP Logistics Park Kladno II a.s.	Prague	19.6
CPDP Polygon s.r.o.	Prague	19.6
CPDP Prievozska a.s.	Bratislava	19.6
CPDP Shopping Mall Kladno, a.s.	Prague	19.6
CPP Lux S. 'ar.l.	Luxembourg	19.6
CS Investment Limited	St. Peter Port	98.0
CS Property Investment Limited	Nicosia	98.0
CSPF Residential B.V.	Amsterdam	10.0
CSSC Customer Sales Service Center GmbH	Vienna	57.3
Czech and Slovak Property Fund B.V.	Amsterdam	10.0
Czech TOP Venture Fund B.V.	Groesbeek	82.6
Derop B.V.	Amsterdam	100.0
DIE ERSTE Immobilienvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
EBB Beteiligungen GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EB-Beteiligungsservice GmbH	Vienna	99.9
EB-Restaurantsbetriebe Ges.m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
EGB Capital Invest GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Campus Mobilien GmbH & Co KG	Vienna	100.0
Erste Capital Finance (Jersey) PCC	St. Helier	100.0
ERSTE DMD d.o.o.	Zagreb	69.3
ENOTE BIND divio.	City of	00.0
Erste Finance (Delaware) LLC	Wilmington	100.0
Erste Finance (Jersey) (6) Limited	St. Helier	100.0
Erste Finance (Jersey) Limited III	St. Helier	100.0
Erste Finance (Jersey) Limited IV	St. Helier	100.0
Erste Finance (Jersey) Limited V	St. Helier	100.0
Erste GCIB Finance I B.V.	Amsterdam	100.0
Erste Group Services GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Group Shared Services (EGSS), s.r.o.	Hodonín	99.2
Erste Ingatlan Fejleszto, Hasznosito es Mernoki Kft. (vm. PB Risk Befektetesi es Szolgaltato Kft).	Budapest	100.0
Erste Ingatlanlizing Penzügyi Szolgaltato Zrt.	Budapest	100.0

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SC Bucharest Financial Plazza SRL Bucharest 89.1	SATPO Sacre Coeur II, s.r.o.	Prague	5.0
	sBAU Holding GmbH	Vienna	95.0
Sio Ingatlan Invest Kft. Budapest 100.0	SC Bucharest Financial Plazza SRL	Bucharest	89.1
	Sio Ingatlan Invest Kft.	Budapest	100.0

	•	<u> </u>
Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Company name, registered office		70
Smichov Real Estate, a.s.	Prague	10.0
Solitaire Real Estate, a.s.	Prague	10.0
Sparkasse S d.o.o.	Ljubljana	25.0
Sparkassen Real Vorarlberg Immobilienvermittlung GmbH	Dornbirn	48.1
Sparkassen Zahlungsverkehrsabwicklungs GmbH	Linz	57.8
Sparkassen-Real-Service für Kärnten und Osttirol Realitätenvermittlungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Klagenfurt	55.6
Sparkassen-Real-Service -Tirol Realitätenvermittlungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Innsbruck	66.8
S-Tourismusfonds Management Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	100.0
SUPORT COLECT SRL	Bucharest	89.1
SVD-Sparkassen-Versicherungsdienst Versicherungsbörse Nachfolge GmbH & Co. KG	Innsbruck	75.0
TAVARESA a.s.	Prague	19.6
Trencin Property a.s.	Bratislava	10.0
Trencin Retail Park a.s.	Bratislava	9.0

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Equity method investments		
Credit institutions		
'Spar-Finanz'-Investitions- und Vermittlungs-Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	50.0
NÖ Beteiligungsfinanzierungen GmbH	Vienna	30.0
NÖ Bürgschaften GmbH	Vienna	25.0
Prvá stavebná sporitelna, a.s.	Bratislava	35.0
Other		
APHRODITE Bauträger Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	45.5
ASC Logistik GmbH	Vienna	24.0
EBB-Gamma Holding GmbH	Vienna	49.0
ERSTE d.o.o.	Zagreb	41.7
FINEP Jegeho alej a.s.	Bratislava	3.3
Gelup GesmbH	Vienna	31.7
Immobilien West Aktiengesellschaft	Salzburg	49.3
KWC Campus Errichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Klagenfurt	12.5
Let's Print Holding AG	Graz	42.0
LTB Beteiligungs GmbH	Vienna	25.0
Office Center Stodulky GAMA a.s.	Prague	39.2
ROMANIAN EQUITY PARTNERS COÖPERATIEF U.A.	Amsterdam	66.7
RSV Beteiligungs GmbH	Vienna	33.3
SATPO Na Malvazinkach, a.s.	Prague	5.0
SATPO Sacre Coeur, s.r.o.	Prague	5.0
SATPO Svedska s.r.o.	Prague	5.0
Slovak Banking Credit Bureau, s.r.o.	Bratislava	33.3
VBV – Betriebliche Altersvorsorge AG	Vienna	26.9

Although Erste Group holds less than 20% of the equity shares in FINEP Jegeho Alej, a.s., SATPO Sacre Coeur, s.r.o., SATPO Na Malvazinkach, s.r.o. and SATPO Svedska, s.r.o., it exercises significant influence over those companies by virtue of significant additional investments in those companies as well as representation on the board of directors.

Company name, registered office	·	Interest of Erste Group in
Company name, registered office		<u>%</u>
Other investments		
Credit institutions	 	
VBV – Vorsorgekasse AG	Vienna	24.5
Other financial institutions		
'Wohnungseigentumsbau' Gemeinnützige Wohnungs- und Siedlungs Aktiengesellschaft in Liqu.	Salzburg	22.7
Allgemeine Sparkasse Immobilienleasing Projekt Volkshaus Keferfeld/Oed Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Salzburg	29.8
AS-WECO 4 Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Salzburg	29.6
Company for Investment Funds Management 'Erste Invest' a.d. Belgrade	Belgrade	100.0
DINESIA a.s.	Prague	98.0
E-C-A-Holding Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	65.5
E-C-B Beteiligungsgesellschaft.m.b.H.	Vienna	24.7
EFH-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	50.0
Fondul de Garantare a Creditului Rural IFN SA	Bucharest	29.7
good.bee Holding GmbH	Vienna	60.0
Grema – Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Innsbruck	75.0
ILGES – Immobilien- und Leasing-Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Rohrbach	40.0
KERES-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH	Vienna	25.0
Lorit Immobilien Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	56.2
Neue Eisenstädter gemeinnützige Bau-, Wohn- und Siedlungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Eisenstadt	50.0
Österreichisches Volkswohnungswerk, Gemeinnützige Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung	Vienna	100.0
S Slovensko s.r.o.	Bratislava	100.0
S-Leasing d.o.o., Sarajevo	Sarajevo	24.9
S-Leasing d.o.o., Skopje	Skopje	25.0
SPARKASSE Bauholding Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Salzburg	98.7
Sparkasse Bauholding Leasing I GmbH	Salzburg	98.7
Sparkasse Bauholding Leasing II GmbH	Salzburg	98.2
Sparkasse Bauholding Leasing III GmbH	Salzburg	98.2
Sparkasse Bauholding Leasing V GmbH	Salzburg	98.7
STUWO Gemeinnützige Studentenwohnbau Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	50.3
Transfactor Slovakia a.s.	Bratislava	91.5
WEST CONSULT Grundstückverwaltung IV Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Salzburg	30.0
Other		
'Die Kärntner' – Förderungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft für die Stadt Friesach Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Friesach	25.0
'Die Kärntner' – Förderungsgesellschaft für das Gurktal Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Gurk	25.0
'Die Kärntner'-BTWF-Beteiligungs- und Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft für die Stadt St.	St. Veit a. d.	
Veit/Glan Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Glan	25.0
'Die Kärntner'-Förderungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft für den Bezirk Wolfsberg Gesellschaft	Wolfsberg	
m.b.H.	J	25.0
'SIMM' Liegenschaftsverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	25.0
S-PREMIUM' Drustvo sa ogranicenom odgovornoscu za posredovanje i zastupanje u		
osiguranju d.o.o. Sarajevo	Novo Sarajevo	24.6
A1KS Beteiligungs GmbH	Klagenfurt	25.0
AGRI-BUSINESS Kft. (in Konkurs)	Hegyeshalom	100.0
Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges.m.b.H.	Linz	28.3
AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Linz	29.8
AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Linz	28.3
AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	25.0
Bad Leonfelden Hotelbetriebs Gesellschaft mbH	Vienna	63.4
Balance Resort GmbH (vm. Wellness Hotel Stegersbach)	Stegersbach	97.8
BBH Hotelbetriebs GmbH	Vienna	69.0
	Dienten am	22.0
Bergbahn Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Dienten am Hochkönig	Hochkönig	45.3
_	Dienten am	
Bergbahn Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Dienten am Hochkönig & Co. K.G.	Hochkönig	45.2

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
Beteiligungs- Vermögensverwaltungs- und Treuhand- Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	25.0
Betriebliche Altersvorsorge-Software Engineering GmbH	Vienna	24.2
BioEnergie Stainach GmbH	Stainach	25.0
BioEnergie Stainach GmbH & Co KG	Stainach	25.0
Biroul de credit SA	Bucharest	21.6
BTV-Beteiligungs-, Treuhand-, Vermögens-Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Klagenfurt	25.0
Business Capital for Romania – Opportunity Fund Cooperatief UA	Amsterdam	74.3
BVP-Pensionsvorsorge-Consult G.m.b.H.	Vienna	26.9
BVT Immobilien GmbH	Graz	25.0
CITY REAL Immobilienbeteiligungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft mbH	Graz	25.0
CITY REAL Immobilienbeteiligungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft mbH & Co KG	Graz	25.8
Die Kärntner Sparkasse - Förderungsgesellschaft für den Bezirk Hermagor Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Hermagor	25.0
Dolomitencenter Verwaltungs GmbH	Lienz	50.0
EBB Hotelbetriebs GmbH	Imst	100.0
EBB-Delta Holding GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EBG Europay Beteiligungs-GmbH	Vienna	22.4
EB-Grundstücksbeteiligungen GmbH	Vienna Vienna	100.0
EBSPK-Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H.		29.7
EBV-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	50.0
EGB Property Holding GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EGB-Service CEE GmbH	Vienna	100.0
EH-Alpha Holding GmbH (vm. Dezentrale IT-Infrastruktur Services GmbH)	Vienna	82.2
EH-Beta Holding GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Bank – Wiener Stadthalle Marketing GmbH	Vienna	60.0
Erste Campus Mobilien GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Corporate Finance GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Corporate Finance, a.s.	Prague	98.0
Erste Finance Malta Limited	Sliema	100.0
Erste Group Beteiligungen GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Erste Private Equity Limited	London	100.0
ERSTE-SPARINVEST Deutschland Ges.m.b.H.	Zorneding	100.0
ESB Holding GmbH	Vienna	69.3
ESPA- Financial Advisors GmbH	Vienna	84.2
	KJ	
Finance New Europe B.V.	Groesbeek	40.4
Finanzpartner GmbH	Vienna	50.0
FINTEC-Finanzierungsberatungs- und Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	25.0
Genesis Private Equity Fund 'B' L.P.	St. Peter Port	98.0
good.bee credit IFN S.A.	Bucharest	29.4
Grundstücksverwertungsgesellschaft mbH Objekt Oggenhof	Munich	75.0
	Mühlbach am	
Hochkönig Bergbahnen GmbH	Hochkönig	45.3
Hollawind – Windkraftanlagenerrichtungs- und Betreibergesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung	Göllersdorf	25.0
Hotel Corvinus Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG	Vienna	100.0
HV-Veranstaltungsservice GmbH	Vienna	100.0
ILGES – Liegenschaftsverwaltung G.m.b.H.	Rohrbach	40.0
ISPA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Kempten	75.0
KKT d.o.o. za posredovanje i usluge	Zagreb	69.3
Kleinkraftwerke-Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
Kraftwerksmanagement GmbH	Vienna	100.0
Latifundium Holding Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
LBH Liegenschafts- und Beteiligungsholding GmbH	Innsbruck	75.0
LINEA Beteiligungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
Luitpoldpark-Hotel Betriebs- und Vermietungsgesellschaft mbH	Füssen	71.2
LV Holding GmbH	Linz	45.4
LY HORAING OHIDIT	LITIZ	70.4

Company name, registered office		Interest of Erste Group in %
MEG-Liegenschaftsverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
MUNDO FM & S GmbH	Vienna	100.0
ÖCI-Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft.m.b.H.	Vienna	99.2
Österreichische Wertpapierdaten Service GmbH	Vienna	32.7
ÖVW Bauträger GmbH	Vienna	100.0
PARAGON Hotelbetriebs GmbH (vm. REMACO)	Vienna	87.4
Planung und Errichtung von Kleinkraftwerken Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	82.7
Procurement Services CZ s.r.o.	Prague	99.1
Prvni certifikacni autorita, a.s.	Prague	22.8
Realitni spolecnost Ceske sporitelny, a.s.	Prague	98.0
RTG Tiefgaragenerrichtungs und -vermietungs GmbH	Graz	25.0
s REAL Nekretnine d.o.o.	Sarajevo	33.7
s Real Sparkasse nepremicnine d.o.o.	Ljubljana	51.5
S Servis, s.r.o.	Znojmo	98.0
SALIX-Grundstückserwerbs Ges.m.b.H.	Eisenstadt	50.0
SBS Beteiligungs GmbH	Graz	25.0
Schauersberg Immobilien Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Graz	25.0
Schmied von Kochel Beteiligungsverwaltungs-GmbH	Munich	75.0
Seniorenresidenz 'Am Steinberg' GmbH	Graz	25.0
S-Immobilien Weinviertler Sparkasse GmbH	Hollabrunn	100.0
SPAKO Holding GmbH	Innsbruck	75.0
Sparkasse Mühlviertel-West Holding GmbH	Rohrbach	40.0
Sparkassen-Betriebsgesellschaft mbH.	Linz	29.8
Sparkassen-Reisebüro Gesellschaft m.b.H.	Linz	28.3
Sparkassen Facility Management GmbH	Innsbruck	75.0
Sparkassen IT Holding AG	Vienna	29.7
SPV-Druck Gesellschaft m.b.H	Vienna	99.9
S-Real Morava spol. s.r.o.	Znojmo	100.0
students4excellence GmbH	Vienna	20.0
SZG-Dienstleistungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Salzburg	98.7
TIRO Bauträger GmbH	Innsbruck	75.0
TYROLTRADE Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Innsbruck	75.0
UBG-Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Vienna	100.0
Unzmarkter Kleinkraftwerk-Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	81.4
Valtecia Achizitii S.R.L.	Voluntari	100.0
Vasudvar Hotel Kft.1	Budapest	100.0
VBV-Beratungs- und Service GmbH	Vienna	26.9
VBV-Pensionsservice-Center GmbH	Vienna	26.9
VBV-Pensionskasse Aktiengesellschaft	Vienna	26.9
VERMREAL Liegenschaftserwerbs- und -betriebs GmbH	Vienna	25.6
VINIS Gesellschaft für nachhaltigen Vermögensaufbau und Innovation m.b.H.	Vienna	26.9
WEST CONSULT Bauten- und Beteiligungsverwaltung GmbH	Salzburg	49.3
WEVA – Veranlagungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Linz	28.3

Vienna, 29 February 2012

The Management Board

Andreas Treichl mp Chairman Franz Hochstrasser mp Vice Chairman

Herbert Juranek mp Member Gernot Mittendorfer mp Member

Manfred Wimmer mp Member

AUDITOR'S REPORT (REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS)¹⁾

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband and Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H., Vienna, have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG, Vienna, for the fiscal year from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011. These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2011, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated cash flow statement and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2011, and the Notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements and for the Group Accounting System

The management of Erste Group Bank AG is responsible for the group accounting system and for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility and Description of the Type and Scope of the Statutory Audit

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with laws and regulations applicable in Austria and Austrian Standards on Auditing, as well as in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). Those standards require that we comply with professional guidelines and that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment as to the risks of material misstatement by the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Group's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies

used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

Our audit did not give rise to any objections. In our opinion, which is based on the results of our audit, the consolidated financial statements comply with legal requirements and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2011 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the fiscal year from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU.

Comments on the Management Report for the Group

Pursuant to statutory provisions, the management report for the Group is to be audited as to whether it is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and as to whether the other disclosures are not misleading with respect to the Company's position. The auditor's report also has to contain a statement as to whether the management report for the Group is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and whether the disclosures pursuant to Section 243a UGB (Austrian Commercial Code) are appropriate. In our opinion, the management report for the Group is consistent with the consolidated financial statements. The disclosures pursuant to Section 243a UGB (Austrian Commercial Code) are appropriate.

Vienna, 29. February 2012

Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband
(Prüfungsstelle)
(Austrian Savings Bank Auditing Association)
(Audit Agency)
(Bank Auditor)

Friedrich O. Hief mp Certified Accountant Herwig Hierzer mp Auditor

Ernst & Young

Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H.

Andrea Stippl mp Certified Accountant Elisabeth Glaser mp Certified Accountant

¹⁾ The report (in the German language, or translations into another language, including shortened or amended versions) may not be made public or used by third parties, when reference is made in whole or in part to the auditors' report, without the express written consent of the auditors. This report has been translated from German into English for reference purposes only. Please refer to the official legally binding version as written and signed in German. Only the German version is definitive.

STATEMENT OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Group as required by the applicable accounting standards and that the group management report gives a true and fair view of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties to which the Group is exposed.

Vienna, 29 February 2012

The Management Board

Andreas Treichl mp Chairman Franz Hochstrasser mp Vice Chairman

Herbert Juranek mp Member Gernot Mittendorfer mp Member

Manfred Wimmer mp Member

Glossary

Book value per share

Total equity attributable to owners of the parent of a public company, excluding participation capital, divided by the number of shares outstanding (excluding treasury shares).

Cash return on equity

Also referred to as cash ROE. Calculated as return on equity, but excluding the impact of non-cash items on net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent such as goodwill impairment and amortisation of customer relationships.

Cash earnings per share

Calculated as earnings per share based on net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, adjusted for dividends on participation capital, excluding goodwill impairments and amortisation of customer relationships.

CEE (Central and Eastern Europe)

Encompasses the new member states of the EU that joined in 2004 and 2007, the CIS countries, states that evolved from the former Yugoslavia, as well as Albania.

Core tier-1 ratio (total risk in %)

The ratio of tier-1 capital (excluding hybrid capital pursuant to section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act) after regulatory deductions to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to Section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act.

Cost/Income Ratio

General administrative expenses as a percentage of operating income.

Coverage ratio (own funds)

Total eligible qualifying capital as a percentage of total capital requirement.

Dividend yield

Dividend payment of the fiscal year as a percentage of the yearend closing price or the most recent price of the share.

Earnings per share

Net profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent adjusted for dividends of participation capital, divided by average shares outstanding.

Interest-bearing assets

Total assets less cash, derivative financial instruments, tangible and intangible assets, tax assets, assets held for sale and other assets.

Net interest margin

Net interest income as a percentage of average interest-bearing assets, calculated on a monthly basis.

Operating income

Consists of net interest income, net commission income and trading result.

Operating result

Operating income less operating expenses (i.e. general administrative expenses).

Price/earnings ratio

Closing share price of the fiscal year divided by earnings per share. Usually used for valuation comparisons.

Market capitalisation

Overall value of a company calculated by multiplying the share price by the number of shares outstanding.

Non-performing coverage ratio

Risk provisions for the credit risk exposure as a percentage of the non-performing credit risk exposure.

Non-performing ratio

Non-performing credit risk exposure as a percentage of total credit risk exposure.

NPL coverage ratio (non-performing loans coverage ratio)

Risk provisions for loans and advances to customers as a percentage of non-performing loans and advances to customers.

NPL ratio

Non-performing loans and advances to customers as a percentage of total loans and advances to customers.

NPL total coverage ratio

Risk provisions and collateral for non-performing loans and advances to customers as a percentage of non-performing loans and advances to customers.

Return on equity

Also referred to as ROE – net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, as a percentage of average equity. The average equity is calculated based upon the equity outstanding as of the close of each of the 12 months during the year.

Risk categories

Risk categories are based on internal customer ratings and are used for classification of the bank's assets and contingent credit liabilities. Erste Group applies internal rating systems, which for private individuals comprise eight rating grades for non-defaulted customers and one rating grade for customers in default. For all other customer segments, the Group uses 13 rating grades for non-defaulted customers and one rating grade for defaulted customers.

Risk category - low risk

Typically regional customers with well-established and rather long-standing relationships with Erste Group or large internationally recognised customers. Strong and good financial positions and no foreseeable financial difficulties. Retail clients with long relationships with the bank, or clients with wide product pool use. No late payments currently or in the most recent 12 months. New business is generally with clients in this risk category.

Risk category – management attention

Vulnerable non-retail clients, which may have overdue payments or defaults in their credit history or which may encounter debt repayment difficulties in the medium-term. Retail clients with limited savings or possible payment problems in the past triggering early collection reminders. These clients typically have good recent histories and no current delinquencies.

Risk category – substandard

The borrower is vulnerable to negative financial and economic developments. Such loans are managed in specialised risk management departments.

Risk category – non-performing

One or more of the default criteria under Basel II are met: full repayment unlikely, interest or principal payments on a material exposure more than 90 days past due, restructuring resulting in a loss to the lender, realisation of a loan loss, or initiation of bankruptcy proceedings.

Share capital

Total equity attributable to owners of the parent of a company, subscribed by the shareholders at par.

Solvency ratio

The ratio of the sum of tier-1, tier-2 and tier-3 capital, after regulatory deductions, to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act.

Tax rate

Taxes on income/loss as a percentage of pre-tax profit from continuing operations.

Tier-1 ratio (credit risk)

The ratio of tier-1 capital (including hybrid capital pursuant to section 23 (4a) and (4b) Banking Act) after regulatory deductions to risk-weighted assets (pursuant to section 22 (2) of the Austrian Banking Act).

Tier-1 ratio (total risk)

The ratio of tier-1 capital (including hybrid capital pursuant to section 23 (4a) and (4b) of the Austrian Banking Act) after regulatory deductions to the calculation base for the capital requirement pursuant to section 22 (1) of the Austrian Banking Act.

Total shareholder return

Annual performance of an investment in Erste Group Bank AG shares including all income streams (e.g. dividend for the year plus or minus gain or loss in the share price from the beginning to the end of the year).

Important Addresses

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Imprint

Publisher and copyright owner:

Erste Group Bank AG, Graben 21, A-1010 Vienna

Editor:

Investor Relations & Accounting-Teams, Erste Group

Production:

Erste Group with the assistance of FIRE.sys (Konrad GmbH)

Photography:

Andi Bruckner

Illustration:

Stephanie Offner and Collettiva Design, Vienna

Printer:

Holzhausen Druck GmbH, Holzhausenplatz 1, A-1140 Wien

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